



Puffin

A Textbook of
Interactive English

Part **6**



1. Across the Atlantic

Page 5 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (d)
- B.** 1. One person from the crowd.
2. Harbo.
3. Samuelson.
4. Harbo.
- C.** 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- D.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (b)
- E.** 1. The Atlantic is the second largest ocean in the world. It is the busiest ocean in the world as it is the hub of transport and communications. Only large ships can cross the ocean safely and comfortably.
2. Harbo and Samuelson got \$ 10,000 for building the boat. They built it about five metres long and one and a half metres wide. Two tanks for fresh water were fixed at both its ends. A small oil stove was also fixed at its front end.
3. Someone asked the two men, 'When will you reach England?' because he could not believe that a waterbody as large as Atlantic Ocean could be crossed by a small boat and that too in about two months.
4. The two men were happy because initially the sea was calm, they were covering about 80 kms a day and everything was going according to plan.
5. In the first week of July, the wind was very strong.
- F.** 1. The journey was going to be long as they had to cover a distance of about 5,500 kilometres.
2. The crowd had gathered at the New York Harbour to witness their departure.
3. The routine of the two men was that they rowed from eight in the morning till noon. Then they ate their lunch and rested for an hour. They rowed again till dinner. At night, one of them rowed while the other slept.
4. A strong wind gave rise to a huge wave which threw the two men into the water.

G.

Words	Homophones	Meanings
1. Days	Daze	Stop for a short time
2. Sore	Soar	To lose interest and feel tired
3. Allowed	Aloud	A confused state
4. Paws	Pause	Rise up quickly in the air
5. Knew	New	In a loud voice
6. Board	Bored	Made or introduced recently

- H.** 1. Monika 2. mewing 3. is in Agra
4. Navya 5. Rambo

- I.** 1. Chandrayaan-1 (was Indian Lunar space probe.)
2. Indian Space Research Organization (launched Chandrayaan-1 on October 22 2008.)
3. It (found water on the moon.)
4. Chandrayaan-2 (is India's second lunar exploration mission.)
5. Chandrayaan-2 (is a highly complex mission.)
6. The Chandrayaan-2 (was launched on 22nd July 2019.)

- J.** Do it yourself.
K. Do it yourself.
L. Do it yourself.



2. The Karez

Page 13 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (a)
B. 1. Abdurrahman. 2. The author (Vikram Seth).
3. Abdurrahman. 4. Abdurrahman.
C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
D. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a)
E. 1. The *karez* is a narrow tunnel which is a part of a system of tunnels. These tunnels bring water down to Turfan from the mountains to the north. Usually 10 kilometres long, some *karez* may also be as long as 40 kilometres. In *China*, only Xinjiang province has this system of tunnels.
2. The 'bye-byes' of great vigour and friendliness of the *karez* children made the author assume that they had met foreigners before.

3. All along its length, a *karez* has a number of entrances. It's a hole like an entrance into a well. If a *karez* has a damage, a person can go down the hole into the *karez*, get to the damage and repair it.
 4. *Karez* commune members maintain the *karez*.
 5. Abdurrahman is a member of the local *karez* commune who acts as a local guide for the author.
- F.** Do it yourself.
- G.** 2. Did Ria not ask Hardik the correct question?
3. Ria did not ask Hardik the correct question!
2. Can you paste in a scrapbook?
3. You can paste in a scrapbook!
- H.** 1. Why did Virat's father call him?
2. Your homework is full of mistakes.
3. Tell me more, Shivam.
4. Devika is trying to do her homework.
5. How wonderful it is!
6. Why did you ask Alia to do your homework?
- I.** Do it yourself. **J.** Do it yourself.



3. Swallows Travel To and Fro

Exercise

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (d)
- B.** 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
- C.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D.** 1. According to the poet, the winds and breezes bear perfume and love.
2. At noon, we all see the same sunshine above.
3. The whole earth is bare to the moonshine and the Sun.
4. (a) forever ply; (b) fall everywhere; (c) ripen; (d) come and go.
5. The live air, fanned with wings of various birds, bright with breeze and sunshine, brings distant things into contact and makes all the countries one. Yes, I agree fully with the poet.
6. Five of the several things that happen in most places on the earth are as follows :
- (i) Swallows travel to and fro;
 - (ii) Great winds come and go;
 - (iii) Steady breezes, bearing perfume and love, blow;
 - (iv) Towered clouds forever ply; and
 - (v) You and I see the same sunshine above.

- H.** 1. "Where are you coming from?" asked Dipika.
 2. "I am coming from the park," said Tarun.
 3. "What will you do now?" said Dipika.
 4. "I'll do my homework now," Tarun replied.
 5. "Ok then, Bye, Good Night," said Dipika.
- I.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (d)
- J.** 1. expressed their delight 2. gave the game away
 3. lost no time 4. let out a yell of alarm
 5. watched the fun 6. dismay writ large
- K.** Mrs. Sharma came to the class with a **sheaf** of papers. Behind her came the peon with a **bundle** of books. She told him to put the books on her table. She told the monitor to divide the class into **groups** of five. Then she said to the students, "No one is to sit with their friends. Hardik, you can't sit with your **group**. Each of you will get a **set** of sketch pens and some papers. You will have to do this."



5. No Room for a Leopard

Page 34 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (b)
- B.** 1. The hunters. 2. The author.
 3. The hunters. 4. The author.
- C.** 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- D.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E.** 1. One evening, the behaviour of the langurs was strange as they were chattering. They did so to warn the author about the presence of the leopard.
 2. Yes, the author is a nature lover. He goes for long walks in the forest, exploring it and not hurting the animals or birds. Even after he sees the leopard and the hunters tell him to carry a gun, he doesn't do so.
 3. The author was surprised to find the leopard so close to Mussoorie because it is nearing extinction in India. It had arrived there as its habitat, the forest, is being encroached upon by humans. The resulting deforestation in the surrounding hills had driven the deer into the green valley. The leopard must have come there looking for its prey.
 4. From the lesson, we come to know that the leopard trusted humans not to hurt him and he ignored the author altogether.
 5. The hunters had come to the forest to hunt the leopard. All through the day, they kept on firing their guns in their guest.

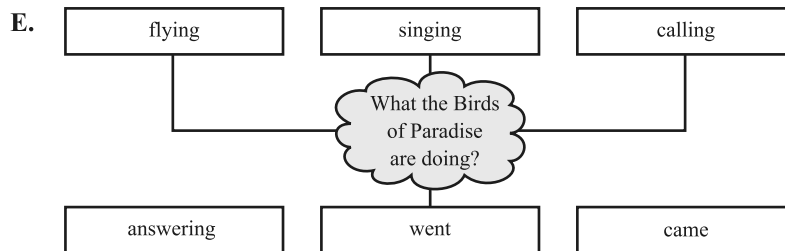
- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>F. Countable Nouns
list, things, money, bag, clothes, baskets, <i>poories</i>, cookies, walls.</p> | <p>Uncountable Nouns
evening, <i>subzi</i>, curd, jam, butter, furniture, heap, morning.</p> |
|--|---|
- G. 1. usually 2. doodling 3. response 4. flooding
5. naughty 6. suggested
- H. Do it yourself. I. Do it yourself.
J. Do it yourself. K. Do it yourself.
L. Do it yourself.



6. Birds of Paradise

Exercise

- A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (a)
- B. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- C. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D. 1. The golden winged and silver-winged birds were the Birds of Paradise.
2. The birds were without a name because their beautiful appearance seem to suggest that they belong to heaven.
3. The birds were 'without a nest on the earth' because they flew so high in the sky as if their nests were in heaven.
4. **The birds' wings** **The birds' movements**
golden, silver, flashing came, wheeled, flashed,
flame, wings of flame, darted, mounting
cadenced clang, tinkled,
clang, flight



7. Redwoods : The Super Trees

Page 47 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (a)
- B.** 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- C.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D.** 1. The redwood trees are some of the largest and tallest trees of the world. They can live for thousands of years.
2. Redwood trees are hardy because they contain polyphenol compounds which keep bugs and decay-causing fungi away. They also do not have a lot of resin in their bark. Thus, they become highly rot-resistant and fire-resistant.
3. The most amazing thing about a redwood tree is its ability to produce sprouts whenever the living tissue just beneath the bark is exposed to light.
4. Stump sprouting is the key to the survival of the redwood species.
5. Redwoods produce better wood because as they get older, they put on more high-quality, rot-resistant heartwood.
- E.** Yash lived on a farm far away from any settlement. One day, Yash's parents told Yash **him** that Yash's parents **they** were hosting a family from the city. Yash **He** didn't know what to tell Yash's parents **them**. The place was Yash's **his**. Yash **He** was used to doing things alone by Yash **himself**. Yash **He** didn't want to share the place **it** with people from the city.

F.

	in	on	off	with	over	upon
1. come	✓	✓		✓	✓	
2. agree		✓		✓		✓
3. meet	✓	✓		✓	✓	
4. walk	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

G.

W	E	X	C	L	A	I	M	N	O	M	C
H	Z	H	A	R	N	E	S	S	A	U	H
I	A	C	O	N	S	I	D	E	R	R	A
S	G	W	S	C	R	E	A	M	E	M	T
P	R	T	I	S	G	Q	B	W	C	U	T
E	E	A	D	A	D	B	L	B	S	R	E
R	E	L	E	U	R	M	U	T	T	E	R
C	A	K	U	S	E	Q	W	A	A	B	A
J	Y	E	L	L	E	S	H	O	U	T	O

- H. 1. Would you hold my hand, Mom? It's dark here.
 2. Would you take me to Disneyland?
 3. Would you give me that sweet please?
 4. Would you bring me a cup of coffee?
 5. Would you help me finish my project?

- I. 1. (e) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (b)



8. The Blossom Tree

Page 54 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A. 1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (c)
- B. 1. King Brahmdatta. 2. Head carpenter.
 3. Spirits of other mighty trees. 4. Two axemen brothers.
- C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F
- D. 1. (e) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (a)
- E. 1. King Brahmdatta was loved by the people of Benares, for instead of taxing people or making war, he loved to garden.
 2. The blossom tree was an ancient plant. While some people believed that its roots went deep to the realms of demons, others believed that its great boughs touched heaven itself.
 3. The king did not notice the *kusha* grass and the chameleons around the blossom tree because he only had eyes for the mighty and magnificent tree.
 4. The king decided to cut the blossom tree down because it was the only tree in the city that was great enough to replace the pillar in his palace.

5. The axemen did not cut down the tree because when they touched it, they found it soft and thought that it had gone rotten.

- F.

The	some	my	any
the	my	this	some
- G. 1. Shekhar's 2. husband's 3. childrens'
4. other son's, other daughter-in-law's 5. Rahul, Khushi's
- H. 1. the, their, a 2. This, these 3. some, their
4. these, the
- I. 1. My house is located *by the river*.
2. You have to be back *before nightfall*.
3. The cattle are standing *under the trees*.
4. The crow was sitting *on the back of the cow*.
5. Why are you standing *in front of us*?
6. He has gone down *to one of the lower floors*.
7. This is the fruit *of our giant tree*.
8. The bird flew *over the branch*.
9. She has gone *into the house*.
10. It is the yellow cottage *with a wooden fence*.
- J. Do it yourself.
K. Do it yourself.
L. Do it yourself.
M. Do it yourself.



9. The Banyan Tree

Exercise

- A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c)
- B. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- C. 1. The meaning of the word 'Shaggy' is 'consisting of dense, tangled and unkempt vegetation'. It describes the banyan tree correctly since it has a large number of branches. From these branches, aerial roots develop and descend down to the ground, take root in the soil and become trunks. These roots and trunks look like a dense thicket, thus giving the tree a shaggy appearance.
2. When the women come to the pond and dip their jars into water, it creates ripples on its surface. As a result, the tree's huge black shadow wriggles.

3. The comparison of 'shadow wriggling' and 'sleep struggling to wake up' is appropriate. Just as the tree's shadow wriggles on the surface of the water, similarly when a person wakes up from deep sleep, he too yawns and moves his body in order to loosen it and wake up.
 4. The poem has been written in the past tense because it is autobiographical in nature. The boy is not young and has grown up. In fact, he is the poet himself.
- D. Do it yourself. □

10. From Tablet to Tablet

Page 68 :

A. Headphones; **B.** Transistor; **C.** Television; **D.** Juicer-Mixer-Grinder;
E. Washing Machine; **F.** Camera; **G.** Laptop Computer; **H.** Microwave Oven,
I. Mobile Phone.

Exercise

-
- A.** 1. (d) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (b)
- B.** 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
- C.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D.** 1. The government accountant was hard at work because a farmer had to be paid.
 2. The government accountant actually wrote the payment account of the farmer.
 3. The origin of the word 'tablet' is the ancient Hebrew word 'tebhel' or 'the world'. Some linguists also think it came from the Latin 'tabula' meaning 'board' or 'flat table'.
 4. Technology is evolving at an unimaginable pace. Kids born a few years ago have probably never seen a mobile phone with a keypad. Today, touchscreen phones are everywhere. Now, we have smart watches and smart glasses. The day is not far off when we'll be wearing smart jackets.
- E.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (c)
 6. (c)
- F.** 1. Which is **highest** selling mobile phone of 2022?
 2. Which is the **most successful** technology company?
 3. Which is the **fastest** selling laptop of all time?
 4. Name the **shortest** software ever written?
 5. Who is the **greatest** technology entrepreneur?

6. What is **more tiring**-writing or working on a computer.
 7. Which is the **best** mobile phone?
 8. Name the **longest** software ever written?
 9. Name the **quickest** mobile technology?
- G.** Do it yourself.
- H.** 1. (b) immediate need 2. (c) disagree
 3. (a) demanded 4. (b) communicated
 5. (b) tired
- I.** Do it yourself.
- J.** Do it yourself.
- K.** Do it yourself.



11. Robots Are a Boastful Lot

Page 76 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (d)
- B.** 1. Papa 2. Debu 3. Debu 4. Mika
- C.** 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
- D.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E.** 1. Debu's father walked into his room to find out why he was not answering him.
 2. Debu complained about homework because he wanted to go out and play. He found it so difficult because it was too much.
 3. No, Mika could not do all that Debu asked him to do because he was built to do domestic chores.
- F.** 1. COBOL and Java are computer languages.
 2. To operate, they need mind application.
 3. They help to write better programs.
 4. Machine language is an old language.
 5. This language involves mind application.
- G.** 1. Blind, grey, furry mice.
 2. Tall, commercial, brick buildings.
 3. Gorgeous, Kashmiri, wollen, carpets.
 4. Small, round, earthen flower pots.

IBM 360

1. IBM 360 was announced in 1964.
 2. It was the first family of computers designed to cover both commercial and scientific applications.
 3. It was extremely successful in the market.
 4. Many consider it one of the most successful computers in history.
 5. One of its different versions was used until the 1990s.
- F. Do it yourself. G. Do it yourself.
H. Do it yourself.



13. A Journey Through the Desert

Page 88 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A. 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (b)
- B. 1. Ram and Gopal.
2. The author's driver.
3. The author.
4. Ram.
- C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T
- D. 1. The author took her car to a service station, beside the petrol station, to get it serviced.
2. Ram and Gopal were fifteen years old twin brothers who worked at a service station.
3. The boys were errand boys at the service station. They were always very cheerful and everyone liked them. They never said no to anyone and did every errand enthusiastically.
4. The author stopped going to get her car serviced because she got a driver and stopped driving the car herself.
5. The author was dumbstruck as she could not believe the dramatic changes her stories had brought about.
- E. Do it yourself.
- F. **Ist Paragraph**
Cooking is a good activity. It is an interesting thing to do. It amuses you and takes your mind off your troubles. Also you can eat and enjoy the results of your cooking.

Ind Paragraph

Cooking was good for the children. It was a new and interesting activity. It amused them and took their mind off their troubles. They also ate and enjoyed the results of their cooking.

- G. Same heat as fire; went as a joker; at the crossroads; near the boy; before her; like the book; be quick; without anything, into the sun, no string attached; laid bare; walked to the front; just as she, as soon as; at the door; on time; into the pot, in the room; on the basket; go up; play about time; on your guard, went outside.
- H. 1. (b) 2. (b) 3. (b) 4. (b)



14. From Bus Conductor to Film Star

Page 99 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A. 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (b)
- B. 1. Rajinikanth.
2. Raj Bahadur.
3. Raj Bahadur.
4. Raj Bahadur.
- C. 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T
- D. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E. 1. The two friends in the extract are Raj Bahadur and Shivaji Rao Gaikwad.
2. The friendship between the two friends was cemented when Shivaji Rao Gaikwad went to Adyar Film Institute to train as an actor and Raj Bahadur gave a significant part of his salary to the former so that he could complete his course.
3. No, the driver does not have any regret that he's not rich and famous. He's happy that his friend has become a superstar. His dream has come true.
- F. When *we are* tired and hungry **we're**
And *it is* the end of a long day, **it's**
We will want to reach home **We'll**

And call it a day.
 Mouth watering smells
 Wafting through the air
Is not this just awesome?
Let us grab a chair...
 Steamy hot *chhole*.
 Creamy *shahi paneer*
There is fresh green salad
 And *do not* forget the *kheer*!

Isn't
Let's

There's
don't

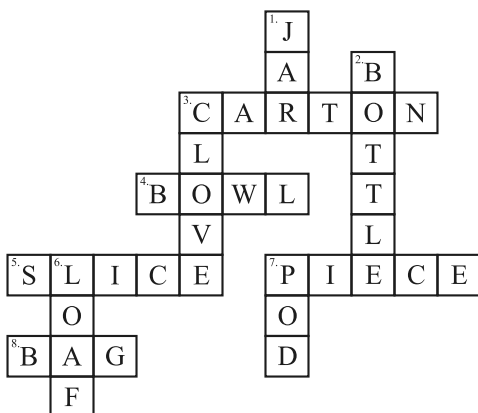
- G.** 1. (c) (d)
 2. (a) (d)
 3. (b) (d)
 4. (c)
 5. (a) (d)

- H.** 1. in 2. dis 3. dis 4. un 5. in
 6. un 7. un 8. dis 9. in

I. Raunaq **goes** to the park every afternoon. He **is** there now. He **sees** a boy in a cricket kit enter the park. He **sees** the boy unpack his kit. His father and his friend **were talking** when Raunaq reached home. My friend Shivam **likes** to play hockey.

- J.** 1. Let's play a game.
 2. We played cricket.
 3. They were also playing.
 4. I go to school to study.
 5. I have studied mathematics.
 6. We were studying together.
 7. He was trying to take the catch.
 8. She caught a difficult catch.
 9. She was catching the ball when she slipped.
 10. I am going to write an essay.
 11. He wrote the whole story.
 12. I am writing a children's book.
 13. Let's run and play.
 14. She ran after me.
 15. We like running a lot.
 16. Try to solve this sum.
 17. She solved the whole exercise.
 18. We were solving a lot of problems.

K.



L. Do it yourself.

M. Do it yourself.

N. Do it yourself.



15. The Bangle-Sellers

Exercise

- A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (c)
- B. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F
- C. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D. 1. The singers in the song are bangle-sellers. We can say so by listening to their song in which they are describing their wares i.e., bangles.
 2. The word 'rainbow' has been used to describe the bangles which are made in many colours and the rainbow itself has seven colours.
 3. The second stanza deals with a stage in the life of a woman as it describes bangles as being proper for the wrist of a young, unmarried woman.
- E. 'Work is worship' is a (proverb)/saying that (refers)/points to the (importance)/magnificence and value of work in our life. Here, it is said that (honest/true) work is (prayers/worship); because it is (only/alone) which satisfies all our needs and carries us to the (highs)/heights) of (succession/success).
- F. Do it yourself.



16. Younguncle Goes to His Village

Page 109 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (b)
- B.** 1. Ravi
2. Children's mother
3. Yusuf.
4. The Baby.
- C.** 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
- D.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E.** 1. Younguncle was the younger brother of the children's father. He was planning to go to his ancestral village.
2. Ancient Uncle was Younguncle's great uncle who didn't behave like a dignified old man of eighty-eight.
3. Younguncle enthusiastically agreed to look into the matter at Neelamgiri National Sanctuary. He did so as he was requested by his friend Yusuf.
4. The children had long faces because their mother had refused them permission to go to the village with Younguncle.
- F.** warmest
dependence/difference
thoughtless/lifeless
childish/greenish
presentable/comfortable
flatten/weaken/blacken
- G.** emotional, activity, hopelessness, business, terribly, anger, gentleness, dryness, blindness, basicity, cheerfulness.
- H.** 1. 2. 3. 4.
- I.** Do it yourself.
- J.** 1. (a) 2. (a)
3. (b) 4. (c)
5. (c)
- K.** Do it yourself.



17. Building a Shelter

Page 116 : Cave, Cave, Treehouse, Hut

Exercise

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (b)
- B.** 1. The author's wife. 2. Jack.
3. The boys. 4. The author.
- C.** 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T
- D.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E.** 1. The Robinson family was marooned on the island after they were shipwrecked in a storm.
2. The Robinson family had six members : the parents and their four sons. They also had a pet dog named Flora.
3. They took several days to build the house because they had to start from scratch. They had to source all the materials from their surroundings and the woods.
4. The bay was called the Safety Bay because God had brought them to safety at that place only.
5. The father did not call the house Eagle's Nest because the eagle is the king of birds and they weren't kings yet.
- F.**
- | |
|-----------|
| sometimes |
| usually |
| rarely |
| seldom |
| never |
| often |
| always |
-
- | | |
|------|-----------|
| 100% | always |
| | often |
| | usually |
| 50% | sometimes |
| | seldom |
| | rarely |
| 0% | never |
1. get up late 2. get angry 3. sleep
4. play 5. dance 6. watch a cartoon
- G.** 1. silently 2. watchfully 3. usually
4. Suddenly 5. outside 6. quietly
- H.** Do it yourself.
- I.** Do it yourself.
- J.** 1. voyage 2. tour 3. journey
4. trip 5. excursion 6. travels



18. An Information Bureau

Exercise

- A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (b)
B. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
C. 1. (f) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (e) 5. (a)
6. (d)
D. 1. In the poem, mother is the 'Information Bureau'.
2. The grandma has lost her specs or reading glasses.
3. Dave asked for his new tennis ball.
4. Grandpa was looking for his gloves.
5. Yes, mother was able to answer each and every query.



19. The Classroom in the Train

Page 126 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (d)
B. 1. Totto-chan.
2. Totto-chan.
3. The boy.
4. The boy.
C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F
D. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
E. 1. The railroad car was old-fashioned because it had a door handle on the outside. One had to hold the handle to slide the door to open it.
2. Toto-chan's old school was a normal school but her new school was unusual. It had a railroad car as her classroom. Studying here would be like a perpetual journey.
3. Totto-chan felt that the railroad car was moving because the flowers and trees in the school ground were swaying slightly in the breeze. The word 'stationary' tells us that it was not.

- F. The International Space Station is the biggest object ever flown **in** space. It travels **around** the earth at an average speed of 27,700 km/h, completing 16 orbits per day. **Every** night, it can easily be seen **from** the earth as it flies 320 km **above** us. The largest part **of** the ISS is a central truss to which 16 huge solar panels are attached. The modules where the astronauts live and work are attached **in** the centre **of** the truss.
- G. At the Central Station, they went down a flight of stairs and reached a well lit corridor lined with rooms on either side. The walls were covered with screens. All of them showed the UFO Net from different angles. Two men wearing headphones sat in front of the screens on large consoles. They rapidly pressed the control buttons to the panels and talk to each other by microphones. They did not even look at the two visitors. Dr. Singh and Varun walked across to a row of seats near the back of the hall.
- H. 1. racing 2. gave away 3. departed
4. picked up 5. lit
- I. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (e) 4. (b) 5. (a)
- J. 1. (a) (b) (d)
2. (a) (c) (d)
3. (b) (c) (d)
4. (a) (b) (c)
5. (a) (c) (d)
- K. 1. every day 2. at 7:30 a.m. 3. by 5 minutes
4. by it 5. with the teacher 6. to the class
7. late 8. early
- L. Do it yourself.



20. The Sweet Sound of Success

Page 133 : Do it yourself.

Exercise

- A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (d)
- B. 1. Mrs. Rajan 2. Mrs. Rajan.
3. Nafisa. 4. Neelu.

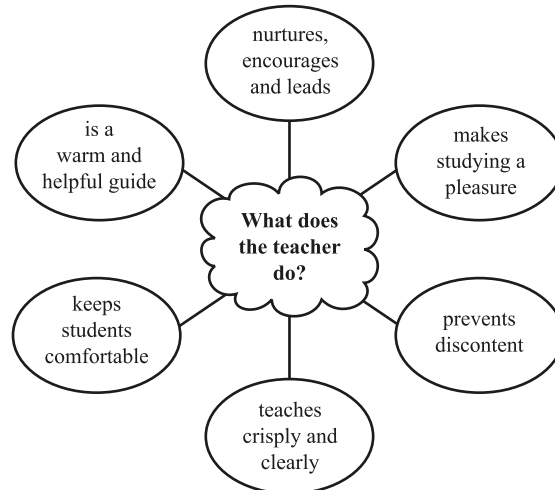
- C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T
- D. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E. 1. The teacher asked the class to clap for Ali because for telling them such a lovely story.
2. The teacher did not scold Rishi. Rather, she asked him to get the scenery for the class play for the School Day. This made him feel good.
3. When the teacher asked Rishi to do the scenery for the play on the School Day, he felt good.
- F. 1. When 2. shake 3. at 4. but
- G. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (c)
- H. **When** school lets out **in** May, I feel as happy as can be.
I **hop and skip and jump and run and shout and laugh with** glee.
I'm sure **that** I will never want to go **back to** school again, **but** when July comes around, I always then think **I will miss** those carefree days.
- I. 1. Out took out
2. in walked in
3. off write off
4. red turned red
5. out put out
- J. Do it yourself.

21. A Teacher for All seasons □

Exercise

- A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (b)
- B. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T
- C. 1. The teacher nurtures new green sprouts, encourages and leads them whenever they have any doubts.
2. The teacher's temperament is sunny.
3. The teacher has crisp and clear methods.
- D. **TEACHER** **NATURE**
1. encourages and leads (a) nurtures
2. prevents discontent (b) sunny temperament
3. crisp and clear methods (c) bright colours; happy atmosphere
4. warm and helpful (d) snowing outside
- E. Do it yourself.

F.



G. Do it yourself.



22. Yuuki and the Tsunami

Page 144 :

Suva Mahe Nashik Shanghai Manila
Hong Kong Taipei Oxford

Exercise

- A. 1. (a) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c)
- B. 1. flowers 2. father 3. memories 4. worked
- C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
- D. 1. After Yuuki felt the earthquake, he saw that the sea had turned black and was running backwards, away from the village. All this made him realise that a Tsunami was going to hit the village.
2. When the villagers saw the sea water pull back, they also saw parts of the beach that they had never seen before.
3. Yuuki set fire to the rice stacks so as to force the villagers to run to the mountain. This way, he saved the villagers.
- E. 1. Ria kept *a* pencil on Navya's table. *The* pencil was blue.
2. I saw *an* excellent movie. *The* movie was about *a* boy who grew up in *a* jungle.
3. *The* teacher was talking to *a* girl. Suddenly, *the* girl laughed loudly.

4. I have *a* book on birds but it is not *the* book you want.
 5. Jay had *an* appointment with *a* doctor. He saw *the* doctor this morning.

F. Do it yourself.

G.

He saw **an**



and **a**



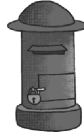
He also saw **a**



with many **passengers**



on it, he also saw **a**



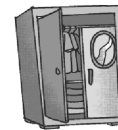
There was **a**



with **a**



on display in **the**



- H.** 1. whether 2. lose 3. loose
 4. except; accept 5. weather

- I.** 1. 2.
 3. 4.

- J.** 1. EARTHQUAKE 2. MOUNTAIN
 3. FESTIVAL 4. AUDIENCE
 5. CONGRATULATE 6. CROP

- K.** 1. He told the crow that he admired his voice.
 2. The crow dropped the cheese and the clever fox ran away with it.
 3. Once a crow and a fox spotted a piece of cheese lying on the ground.
 4. In delight, he opened his mouth to sing.
 5. The sly fox decided to trick the crow.
 6. The crow was very flattered.
 7. He told the crow that his feathers were shiny and glossy.
 8. The crow flew down and grabbed the cheese before the fox could reach it.

- L.** 1. an intelligent boy. 2. burned, mountain
 3. grand father, tsunamis 4. thankful, saved

M. Do it yourself.

- N. Do it yourself.
P. Do it yourself.

- O. Do it yourself.
Q. Do it yourself.



23. The 'Veggy' Lion

Exercise

- A. 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (b)
- B. 1. roaring 2. claws, skin 3. kill
4. carrots 5. still
- C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
6. F 7. F
- D. 1. The lion became a vegetarian because the sight of all the blood made him feel quite ill.
2. When the lion attacked the elephant, he woke up three days later in a jungle hospital bed.
3. After the lion has become vegetarian, he just eat carrots as they're easy to kill.
- E. Do it yourself.



Assessment-I

- A. 1. Do it yourself.
- B. 1. "Why are you crying, my boy?" asked the teacher.
2. "I've hurt my leg," said Raghav.
3. "How? What happened?" enquired Mrs. Sharma.
4. "There was water in the corridor and I slipped," answered Raghav.
5. "You should have been more careful," said Mrs. Sharma.
6. "I will take care in the future," Raghav replied.



Assessment-II

- A. 1. Do it yourself.
- B. 1. (c) sleep 2. (a) friend (d) citizen
3. (b) familiar (d) special 4. (c) whole
5. (a) wonder (d) hand



Model Test Paper-I

- A.** 1. (iii) 2. (iv) 3. (iii) 4. (iv) 5. (i)
- B.** 1. Harbo and Samuelson got \$ 10,000 for building the boat. They built it about five metres long and one and a half metres wide. Two tanks for fresh water were fixed at both its ends. A small oil stove was also fixed at its front end.
2. The 'bye-byes' of great vigour and friendliness of the *karez* children made the author assume that they had met foreigners before.
3. The boys helped the baby elephant escape by hacking off the rope by which it was tied, and whistling so that it understood the direction of the sanctuary and its mother.
4. The redwood trees are some of the largest and tallest trees of the world. They can live for thousands of years.
5. King Brahmdatta was loved by the people of Benares, for instead of taxing people or making war, he loved to garden.
- C.** 1. Why did Virat's father call him?
 2. Your homework is full of mistakes.
 3. Tell me more, Shivam.
 4. Devika is trying to do her homework.
 5. How wonderful it is!
 6. Why did you ask Alia to do your homework?
- D.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- E.** 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F
- F.** 1. Shekhar's 2. husband's 3. childrens'
 4. other son's, other daughter-in-law's 5. Rahul, Khushi's
- G.** 1. the, our, a 2. This, those 3. some, their 4. these, the
- H.** 1. technological 2. skills 3. database
 4. technology 5. skillful

I.

	in	on	off	with	over	upon
1. come	✓	✓		✓	✓	
2. agree		✓		✓		✓
3. meet	✓	✓		✓	✓	
4. walk	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

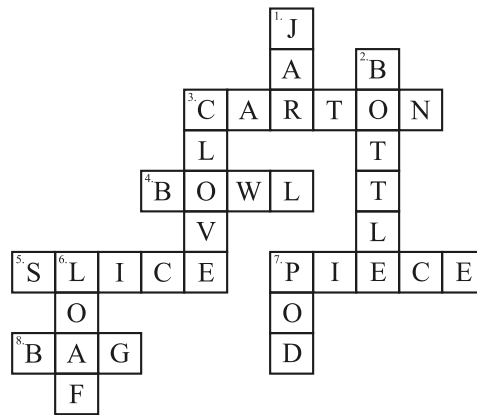


- G. 1. (a) steep 2. (a) smooth
 3. (b) green 4. (c) hidden
 5. (c) young

- H. 1. silently 2. watchfully 3. usually
 4. Suddenly 5. outside 6. quietly

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J.



- K. 1. He told the crow that he admired his voice.
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