

# Modern Translation & Composition

हिंदी - English

Part **4**

# 1.

# 'A' and 'An'

## Translation

### Test Your Learning

- |                              |                          |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| I. 1. A big bottle.          | 2. A slim girl.          |
| 3. An ear.                   | 4. An egg in a basket.   |
| 5. A black dog.              | 6. A big white cat.      |
| 7. An Indian and a European. | 8. A clever boy.         |
| 9. A beautiful peacock.      | 10. A yellow flower.     |
| II. 1. एक अच्छा व्यक्ति।     | 2. एक शरारती लड़की।      |
| 3. एक हाथी।                  | 4. एक चालाक लोमड़ी।      |
| 5. एक चमकीला तारा।           | 6. एक फ्रांसीसी व्यक्ति। |
| 7. एक घंटे का कार्यक्रम।     | 8. एक मेज पर एक बाल।     |
| 9. एक बड़ा चूहा।             | 10. एक सुंदर चिड़िया।    |

### Practice For Learning

#### Translate into English :

- |                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. An Indonesian.         | 2. A European.       |
| 3. A big egg.             | 4. An old elephant.  |
| 5. An apple on a table.   | 6. A one-eyed man.   |
| 7. A bad boy.             | 8. A white cow.      |
| 9. An orange in a basket. | 10. An owl in a net. |



# 2.

# Use of 'The'

### Test Your Learning

- I. 1. Delhi is the capital of India.  
2. The donkey is a domestic animal.  
3. The earth is not flat.  
4. The tiger is a violent animal.  
5. The children are not on the roof.  
6. The servant is not in the courtyard.  
7. Is the Red Fort a historical building?  
8. Is the Ramayana not a holy book?  
9. Is the principal in the office?  
10. The car is a useful vehicle.

- II. 1. सूर्य एक सितारा है।  
2. कंप्यूटर एक कार्यकुशल यंत्र है।  
3. कुत्ता एक वफादार जानवर है।  
4. मोर एक सुंदर पक्षी है।  
5. पैन अच्छे हैं।  
6. छात्र कक्षा में हैं।  
7. उल्लू छेद में है।  
8. लाल किला दिल्ली में है।  
9. एवरेस्ट विश्व की सबसे ऊँची चोटी है।  
10. कुरान मुसलमानों की पवित्र पुस्तक है।

### **Practice For Learning**

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#### **Translate into English :**

1. Punjab is in the north of India.
2. The Bay of Bengal is the name of a sea.
3. The earth and the moon are round.
4. The fox is a clever animal.
5. Is the bear a dangerous animal?
6. Is the camel not a domestic animal?
7. Are the boys on the roof?
8. The Ganga is a holy river.
9. The Taj Mahal is in India.
10. Is Assam in the south of India?



## **3.**

## **'Is', 'Am', 'Are'**

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### **Test Your Learning**

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- |                               |                                  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| I. 1. Is it a big ship?       | 2. Mala is an honest girl.       |
| 3. Virat is not a clever boy. | 4. Is your brother a doctor?     |
| 5. Delhi is a big city.       | 6. Your cap is not on your head. |
| 7. Am I not your friend?      | 8. Neerav is a good swimmer.     |
| 9. You are lucky.             | 10. His life is in danger.       |

- II. 1. यह एक पुरानी घड़ी नहीं है। 2. वह एक बुरा व्यक्ति नहीं है।  
 3. क्या साहिबा बहुत मोटी है? 4. मेज पर एक संतरा है।  
 5. मैं अच्छा खिलाड़ी नहीं हूँ। 6. आज मैं स्वस्थ नहीं हूँ।  
 7. आपकी पुस्तकें आपके बस्ते में हैं। 8. वे लट्टू नहीं है।  
 9. वे बहुत प्रसन्न है। 10. कुछ पुस्तकें फर्श पर है।

### Practice For Learning

#### Translate into English :

1. Are you not a poet? 2. Is he not your enemy?  
 3. He is not a good student. 4. They are not in the playground.  
 5. His bag is not blue. 6. Your brother is a doctor.  
 7. My sister is beautiful. 8. Manish is a naughty boy.  
 9. Are they good swimmers? 10. Sahiba is a promising girl.



## 4. 'Was' and 'Were'

### Test Your Learning

- I. 1. The children were restless. 2. Was her brother not there?  
 3. Anant was not absent yesterday. 4. Gandhiji was a great man.  
 5. Was Manisha very weak? 6. My father was not at home.  
 7. He was not my partner. 8. Was your coat black?  
 9. My uncle was very rich. 10. His books were on the table.
- II. 1. विराट जाने को राजी नहीं था। 2. स्मिता मुम्बई में प्रसन्न नहीं थी।  
 4. कल रविवार था। 4. सीमा पार्क में थी।  
 5. आपकी बहन कार्यालय में थी। 6. हम पार्क में नहीं थे।  
 7. आप घर पर नहीं थे। 8. मेरे चाचा बहुत अमीर थे।  
 9. हम अंग्रेजी में कमजोर नहीं थे। 10. क्या वे विद्यालय में नहीं थे?

### Practice For Learning

#### Translate into English :

1. Were all present in the class? 2. Was your father ill?  
 3. I was on leave yesterday. 4. The sun was not in the sky.  
 5. The basket was full of bananas. 6. We were very happy.  
 7. Yukti was a naughty girl. 8. Monika was not intelligent.  
 9. Was the old man very weak? 10. They all were not here.



## 5. 'Have', 'Has', 'Had'

### Test Your Learning

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- I. 1. They have not English magazines.  
2. Karan had not any milk.  
3. I have seven books.  
4. A week has seven days.  
5. The horse has not horns.  
6. Had you no money?  
7. Had the mother some water?  
8. Had we two bets?  
9. Sarita had not four goats.  
10. The pitcher had not water.
- II. 1. क्या गाय के चार थन होते हैं।  
2. मुर्गी के सींग नहीं होते।  
3. क्या श्रीमती गुप्ता के पास कोई केले हैं?  
4. रमित और अमित के पास कोई पतंग नहीं है।  
5. मेरे पास एक अतिरिक्त पैस है।  
6. क्या आपके पास एक काला कुत्ता है?  
7. उस गाय के दो बछड़े थे।  
8. उनके पास काले छाते नहीं थे।  
9. क्या श्रीमती शर्मा के पास कुछ प्याज थी?  
10. क्या लीसा के पास अनेक सुंदर खिलौने थे?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. Our school has forty rooms.
2. Has a year not twelve months?
3. This box has four balls.
4. Pintu had no money.
5. I had some books.
6. Have you a ten rupee note?
7. The cow has four udders.
8. Had he many pencils?
9. Has he any extra pencil?
10. The shopkeeper has not any goods.



## 6. Introductory 'It' and 'There'

### Test Your Learning

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- I. 1. Was it raining since morning?  
2. There are two ponds in our village.  
3. Is there any park in your city?  
4. Will there be a meeting here today?  
5. Is it hot there?  
6. It is time to go to school.  
7. It is half past eight (eight-thirty).  
8. There are three trees in front of our house.  
9. There were three fans in your house.  
10. There are no windows in this house.
- II. 1. कल मेरा जन्मदिन था।  
2. आज मंगलवार नहीं है।  
3. मेरी घड़ी में पाँच बजे हैं।  
4. क्या गिलास में जरा भी दूध नहीं है?  
5. आज अवकाश है।  
6. घर में कोई चोर नहीं है।  
7. कप में जरा भी दूध नहीं है।  
8. वृक्ष पर एक चिड़िया थी।  
9. आज ठंड है।  
10. क्या मेज पर दो पुस्तकें थीं?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. Is it holiday today?
2. There will be a meeting here tomorrow.
3. It was hot yesterday morning.
4. Is it time to have tea?
5. There was no one in the ground.
6. It is half past ten (ten-thirty).
7. Are there four rooms in your house?
8. It is drizzling.
9. It was not cold yesterday.
10. There was no one in the room.



## Model Paper-I

<b>1. Barber</b>	<b>Candle</b>	<b>Bear</b>	<b>Spider</b>
नाई	मोमबत्ती	भालू	मकड़ी
<b>Lemon</b>	<b>Onion</b>	<b>Coconut</b>	<b>Socks</b>
नींबू	प्याज	नारियल	मोजे
<b>2. Masculine</b>	<b>Feminine</b>	<b>Masculine</b>	<b>Feminine</b>
Poet	Poetess	Actor	Actress
Emperor	Empress	Master	Mistress
Bull	Cow	Bridegroom	Bride
Gentleman	Lady	Horse	Mare
Hero	Heroine	King	Queen
Sir	Madam	Uncle	Aunt
Milkman	Milkmaid	Peacock	Peahen
<b>3.</b>			
1. A big ship.			
2. A clever boy.			
3. An old house.			
4. A European soldier.			
5. Delhi is the capital of India.			
6. Himalaya is the world's highest mountain.			
7. The children are not on the roof.			
8. The Bay of Bengal is the name of a sea.			
9. Vimal was not present yesterday.			
10. Had he no money?			
<b>4.</b>			
1. रेलगाड़ी विलंब से थी।			
2. वह मेज पर नहीं है।			
3. कंप्यूटर एक इलेक्ट्रॉनिक यंत्र है।			
4. मेज पर एक सेब है।			
5. वे लट्टू नहीं हैं।			
6. क्या आप घर पर नहीं थे?			
7. क्या वे कल घर पर नहीं थे?			
8. मुर्गी के सींग नहीं हैं।			
9. एक निर्धन वृद्ध व्यक्ति।			
10. क्या लीसा के पास अनेक सुंदर खिलौने थे।			
<b>5. Present Tense</b>	<b>Past Tense</b>	<b>Past Participle</b>	
Attend	Attended	Attended	
Drive	Drove	Driven	

Forget	Forgot	Forgotten
Kick	Kicked	Kicked
Fight	Fought	Fought
Think	Thought	Thought
Run	Ran	Ran
Lose	Lost	Lost
Saw	Seen	Seen



## 7. Present Indefinite Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I.
1. She writes an essay everyday.
  2. They sing well.
  3. Do you always speak the truth?
  4. They like mangoes.
  5. Rani does not love her sister.
  6. I do not fly kites.
  7. He never gets up late.
  8. They never go to school on time.
  9. We do not know Sanskrit.
  10. Good students work hard.
- II.
1. चंद्रमा पृथ्वी के चारों ओर परिक्रमा करता है।
  2. क्या चंद्रमा पृथ्वी के चारों ओर परिक्रमा करता है?
  3. क्या वे हॉकी खेलते हैं?
  4. सूर्य पृथ्वी के चारों ओर परिक्रमा नहीं करता।
  5. गाय ताजा घास खाती है।
  6. मैं उर्दू नहीं जानता।
  7. ग्वाला गायों को दुहता है।
  8. वह सदा झूठ बोलता है।
  9. वह स्कूल नहीं जाता।
  10. आप रोते नहीं हैं।

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. We never make a noise.
2. We do not like sweets.
3. They do not go to school.
4. Does she tell lies?



5. What do you like to eat?
6. The gardener waters the plants.
7. I play football.
8. Do you not work hard.
9. This road goes to Nanpur.
10. Rohit does not like her.



## 8. Past Indefinite Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I.
1. Mini bought an icecream.
  2. We did not pluck any mangoes.
  3. Did you give him a chance?
  4. Did Neelam not sing three songs?
  5. Did you put my letter in the post?
  6. The dog barked on the stranger.
  7. I used to go to temple every Sunday.
  8. We did not fly any kite.
  9. Did you not break this slate?
  10. Did you congratulate him?

- II.
1. विनीता ने समूह में गाया।
  2. बच्चे मध्य रात्रि में जाग गये।
  3. हम शाम चार बजे तक सोये।
  4. वे मैदान में बैडमिन्टन खेले।
  5. छात्र नहीं चिल्लाये।
  6. बच्चे गेंदों से खेले।
  7. वे पिछले सप्ताह वाराणसी गये।
  8. किसने पिछले महीने आपकी सहायता की?
  9. क्या लड़के गेंद से खेले?
  10. आपने फुटबॉल कहाँ खेले?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. Kareena sang two songs.
2. Karuna did not eat food.
3. We did not beat him.
4. His uncle bought a tie.
5. Did Mona write four essays.

6. You did not tell the truth.
7. Did he use to play handball?
8. Did he help you?
9. My brother did not go to Pune.
10. I used to go for a walk everyday.



## 9. Future Indefinite Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I. 1. Our school will open tomorrow.
  2. I will not let him go.
  3. We shall welcome them.
  4. Will he go by train?
  5. Will you wait for me?
  6. She will welcome you.
  7. We shall go with our parents.
  8. My brother will give me a watch.
  9. Will the headmaster not punish you?
  10. I shall take two oranges.
- II. 1. आज हम दूध लेगे।
  2. क्या आप उसे आमन्त्रित करेंगे?
  3. आप कार से यात्रा करेंगे।
  4. लड़कियाँ मैच नहीं खेलेंगी।
  5. हम नहीं नहायेंगे।
  6. क्या आप आज चिड़ियाघर नहीं जायेंगे?
  7. क्या हम तीन वर्ष बाद वहाँ जायेंगे?
  8. मेरे पिता हमें मॉल ले जायेंगे।
  9. क्या वे वहाँ एक दिन आराम करेंगे?
  10. क्या बच्चे बगीचे में खेलेंगे?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. My uncle will come here tomorrow.
2. I shall not give my cycle.
3. She will write an essay.
4. Will Sita not go to school?

5. He will not tell a lie.
6. They will not play chess.
7. Will you go to Mumbai?
8. I will not go there.
9. Why will they help us?
10. Will you punish him?



## 10. Present Continuous Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I.
1. She is reading a poem.
  2. Zarina is singing a song.
  3. Children are not making a noise.
  4. What are they playing?
  5. Are you speaking the truth?
  6. My brother is coming to pick up me.
  7. Is Mintu running?
  8. Are they dancing?
  9. I am shutting the window.
  10. He is wasting his time.
- II.
1. पिया एक गीत गा रही है।
  2. मीनल संगीत नहीं सुन रही है।
  3. क्या आपके मित्र मैदान में बास्केटबॉल खेल रहे हैं?
  4. वे अपने वस्त्र पहन रहे हैं।
  5. आज हम पतंग उड़ा रहे हैं।
  6. आप रसोईघर में भोजन ढूँढ़ रहे हैं।
  7. क्या वे ताश खेल रहे हैं।
  8. शिकारी शेर का शिकार नहीं कर रहा है।
  9. नमित मुम्बई से लौट रहा है।
  10. हम परीक्षा की तैयारी कर रहे हैं।

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. We are playing kho-kho.
2. You are telling a lie.

3. I am not having *lassi*.
4. Who is ringing the bell?
5. Ramita is not reading a book.
6. Are they making mischief?
7. Are you going to Kanpur?
8. Is the child crying?
9. Are we shouting?
10. The water is running.



## 11. Past Continuous Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I. 1. What was happening there?  
2. Was the dog barking?  
3. I was not going to the market.  
4. They were doing their work.  
5. The girls were not shouting.  
6. Were we playing in the playground?  
7. Tanya was not doing anything.  
8. He was having fever.  
9. The fountains were running.  
10. Were they swimming?
- II. 1. रोहित पार्क में दौड़ रहा था।  
2. मैं आज एक समाचार-पत्र पढ़ रहा था।  
3. नीरज और विशाल अपने निबंध नहीं लिख रहे थे?  
4. वह एक सुंदर चित्र बना रही थी।  
5. वे शतरंज खेल रहे थे।  
6. शीतल अच्छा महसूस नहीं कर रही थी।  
7. सोना उस पर हँस रही थी।  
8. क्या भेड़िया हिरण के पीछे भाग रहा था?  
9. अध्यापिका अंग्रेजी नहीं पढ़ा रही थी।  
10. क्या पार्क में खरगोश दौड़ रहा था?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. Were the boys bathing?
2. The flies were buzzing.
3. They were not laughing.
4. Atul was doing his work.
5. The gardener was watering the plants.
6. Were the girls not shouting?

7. The sun was setting in the west?
8. Was the dog sleeping in the verandah?
9. We were not waiting for them.
10. She was buying some books.



## 12. Future Continuous Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I.
1. They will be eating the food.
  2. I shall be doing my work.
  3. Will you be going home?
  4. Will Munna not be weeping?
  5. She shall be singing on the stage.
  6. We shall be playing cricket.
  7. Will the boys not be making a noise?
  8. The girls will be making mischief.
  9. They will be taking to tea.
  10. We shall not be going to Lucknow.
- II.
1. मैं एक हास्य पत्रिका पढ़ रहा होऊँगा।
  2. आप बगीचे में पौधे रोप रहे होंगे।
  3. राहिल बुन रहा होगा।
  4. बकरियाँ चर रही होंगी।
  5. मैं उनके साथ खेल रहा होऊँगा।
  6. वे पुणे नहीं जा रहे होंगे।
  7. क्या वे फुटबॉल खेल रहे होंगे?
  8. वह गाना नहीं गा रही होगी।
  9. वह एक नई कविता पढ़ रही होगी।
  10. क्या रोहन तालाब में तैर रहा होगा?

### Practice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. We shall be going to Meerut.
2. You will be going there.
3. I shall be buying a book.
4. Will she be combing her hair?
5. You will be playing in the playground.

6. Will you be flying a kite?
7. The gardener will be planting a new sapling.
8. The peon will not be ringing the bell.
9. Will they be plucking flowers?
10. The prayer will be going in assembly.



## 13. Present Perfect Tense

### Test Your Learning

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- I. 1. The hunter has caught the deer.
2. Has the cat caught two mice?
3. The gardener has planted the sapling.
4. Has the peon rung the bell?
5. Have you not read this magazine?
6. The woodcutters have fell four trees.
7. The police have not caught the thief.
8. Atul has cleaned the room.
9. Has he returned your book?
10. I have received Anubhav's letter.
- II. 1. हमारी टीम ने ट्रॉफी जीत ली है।
2. धोबी ने वस्त्र धो दिये हैं।
3. मैंने अरूण को पिछले महीने से जाना है।
4. टीना ने कितने वस्त्र धो दिये हैं?
5. क्या उन्होंने फुटबॉल टूर्नामेंट जीत लिया है?
6. कंचन ने एक निबंध लिख लिया है।
7. कुछ चोर भाग गये हैं।
8. वे दिल्ली से वापस आ गये हैं।
9. उन्होंने अपना कार्य समाप्त कर लिया है।
10. मैच शुरू नहीं हुआ है।

### Pracice For Learning

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#### Translate into English :

1. Meena has finished her work.
2. I have learnt my lesson.
3. They have not done any work.
4. Have you opened the window?

5. We have won the match.
6. Has the fire gone out?
7. Smita has washed her hair.
8. We have missed our train.
9. You have not forgotten my name.
10. Has the sun set?



## 14. Past Perfect Tense

### Test Your Learning

---

- I.
1. The peon had not rung the bell before we reached the school.
  2. They had already done their work.
  3. He had never seen the palace before.
  4. The patient had died before the doctor arrived.
  5. Had you ever played hockey before?
  6. You had not done your work before my arrived here.
  7. Had your brother reached their before?
  8. The food had cold till the lunch break.
  9. I had already written four letters.
  10. Had he got up before sunrise?
- II.
1. मैं तब तक अधिक नहीं सोया था।
  2. क्या तुम्हारे मेरे घर आने से पूर्व मैं स्कूल नहीं गया था?
  3. हमारे दिल्ली जाने से पूर्व सूर्य नहीं उगा था।
  4. क्या बस के जाने से पूर्व धीरज बस स्टैण्ड पहुँच चुका था?
  5. अँधेरा होने से पूर्व हमने कार्य समाप्त नहीं किया था।
  6. वर्षा आरम्भ होने से पूर्व आप स्कूल नहीं गये थे।
  7. बच्चों ने अपना कार्य पहले ही समाप्त कर लिया था।
  8. क्या डॉक्टर के आने से पूर्व मरीज मर चुका था?
  9. हमने घायल व्यक्ति की सहायता पहले ही कर दी थी।
  10. क्या मुख्य अतिथि के आने से पूर्व लड़कियाँ एक गाना गा चुकी थीं?

### Practice For Learning

---

#### Translate into English :

1. The magician had gone before we reached there.
2. Had you ever seen an ostrich before?
3. They had already finished their work.

4. Neena had not gone to Delhi before.
5. She had arrived here after you had left.
6. Had the doctor not arrived before the patient died?
7. The gardner had not watered the plants till them.
8. They had reached here before Monday.
9. Had Anant already put the letters in the post?
10. The fire had already been put out.



## 15. Future Perfect Tense

### Test Your Learning

---

- I.
  1. Will the invigilator not have come by then?
  2. We shall have given (taken) the exam by then.
  3. He will have washed his clothes before.
  4. They will have not reached Paris.
  5. Will Amisha have come back by tomorrow?
  6. I shall have learnt my lesson by 4 o'clock.
  7. He will have gotten up before sunrise.
  8. Will he have received your letter before you reach there?
  9. We shall have opened our books before the teacher's arrival.
  10. He will have received my gift by now.
- II.
  1. वे घर पर आ चुके होंगे।
  2. आपने अपना कार्य समाप्त कर लिया होगा।
  3. लड़कों ने मैच खेल लिया होगा।
  4. मैंने एक गाना नहीं गाया होगा।
  5. अध्यापक ने उन्हें नहीं पढ़ाया होगा।
  6. वे घर नहीं पहुँचे होंगे।
  7. क्या वह आपसे मिल चुका होगा?
  8. क्या हम गाँव पहुँच चुके होंगे?
  9. क्या डॉक्टर ने उसका परिक्षण लिया होगा?
  10. क्या चोर भाग गया होगा?

### Practice For Learning

---

#### Translate into English :

1. He will have reached the house by now.



2. Will you have reached there by Sunday?
3. The peon will have rung the bell before I reached the school.
4. They will have already repaired the T.V.
5. I shall have come back before sunset.
6. Will the police not have caught the thief?
7. You would have read the Gita.
8. We shall have played three matches before sunset.
9. Will she have reached England?
10. I shall have written two letters before brother's arrival.



## Model Paper-II

### 1. A

Aunt  
Blanket  
Niece  
Mason  
Bucket  
Forehead  
Calf  
Bat  
Beggar  
Jasmine  
Cucumber  
Panther  
Ginger  
Dusk

### B

बुआ  
कंबल  
भतीजी  
राजमिस्त्री  
बाल्टी  
माथा, ललाट  
बछड़ा  
चमगादड़  
भिखारी  
चमेली  
खीरा  
तेंदुआ  
अदरक  
गोधूलि

2. 1. You are very nice.
2. The Qutub Minar is in Delhi.
3. The pitcher was filled with water.
4. Bad students make mischief.
5. Will you not help me?
6. We go to school on time.
7. Tanisha was not swinging in the park.
8. They will not be doing their work.

9. Monty had become well before the doctor's arrived.  
10. I will have learnt my lesson by 4 o'clock.
3. 1. क्या आपके पास बस्ता है?  
2. हम बहुत प्रसन्न हैं।  
3. माउण्ट एवरेस्ट विश्व की सबसे ऊँची चोटी है।  
4. क्या गाय के चार थन होते हैं?  
5. क्या सूर्य पृथ्वी के चारों ओर परिक्रमा करता है?  
6. आज हम सुबह जल्दी उठ गए।  
7. वे वहाँ एक दिन आराम करेंगे।  
8. वह एक सुंदर चित्र बना रही थी।  
9. ऋतु ने कितने वस्त्र धोये हैं?  
10. क्या पिता के आने से पूर्व आपने अपना कार्य समाप्त कर लिया था?
4. 1. Niraj is **swimming** now.  
2. The Sun **rises** in the east.  
3. I **bought** a ticket yesterday.  
4. The gardener was **watering** the plants.  
5. My brother **is going** to Delhi the next week.  
6. Had Rohan ever **seen** the Taj Mahal before.  
7. We are not **running** a race.  
8. The moon will be **shining** in the sky.
5. 1. Renu is an amiable girl.  
2. We shall come back in the evening.  
3. Some books are lying on the floor.  
4. The *Ramayana* is a holy book.  
5. Does the Sun set in the west?  
6. You have no ball.  
7. He always tells a lie.  
8. They did not play hockey.



## 16. The Degrees of Adjectives

### Test Your Learning

Give the comparative and the superlative degrees of the following adjectives :

<b>Positive</b>	<b>Comparative</b>	<b>Superlative</b>
tall	taller	tallest
sweet	sweeter	sweetest
white	whiter	whitest
safe	safer	safest
hot	hotter	hottest
dirty	dirtier	dirtiest
honest	more honest	most honest
bad	more bad	most bad
easy	easier	easiest
old	older	oldest

### **Practice For Learning**

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Give the comparative and superlative degrees of the following adjectives :

<b>Positive</b>	<b>Comparative</b>	<b>Superlative</b>
little	less	least
much	more	most
well	better	best
ill	worse	worst
famous	more famous	most famous
busy	busier	busiest
red	redder	reddest
wide	wider	widest
yellow	more yellow (yellower)	most yellow (yellowest)
short	shorter	shortest



## **17. Use of the Degrees of Adjectives**

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### **Test Your Learning**

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- I. 1. The tortoise was more hard working than the hare.

2. Was the dog very greedy?
  3. Vimal was kinder than Kamal.
  4. Is Samriddhi not as intelligent as Mukta?
  5. Is Shahid as honest as Karan?
  6. Mumbai is the wealthiest city of India.
  7. London is the largest city of the world.
  8. My pencil is smaller than your pencil.
  9. Kanchan's frock is smaller than Mitali's frock.
  10. Mumbai is larger than any other city of India.
- II.**
1. मेरा बस्ता आपके बस्ते से साफ है।
  2. रिहाना शबाना से अधिक सुंदर है।
  3. आपके बाल मेरे जितने लंबे हैं।
  4. मेरी छड़ी उसकी जितनी लंबी नहीं है।
  5. रोहित की कार अरूण की जितनी बड़ी नहीं है।
  6. वह सबसे अधिक शक्तिशाली है।
  7. यह पेंसिल किसी भी अन्य पेंसिल से छोटी है।
  8. मुंबई भारत का विशालतम नगर है।

### **Practice For Learning**

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#### **Translate into English :**

1. Was Gandhiji not a great man?
2. My cycle is smaller than your cycle.
3. Shalu is taller than Meenu.
4. Your pencil is longer than Mohini's pencil.
5. Mudit is the fattest boy in the class.
6. Nirmal is more laborious of the two boys.
7. There is no other boy in the school as laborious as Atul.
8. Dinesh is stronger than any other boy in the class.
9. Ria is naughtier than Mukta.
10. Is your pen more beautiful than my pen?



## 18. Some Co-ordinating Conjunctions

### Test Your Learning

---

- I.
1. Are Rina and Mina coming?
  2. He learnt to read and write English.
  3. Sheenu was absent but Meenu was present.
  4. He is poor yet not greedy.
  5. Did she buy a red and white frock?
  6. You may take a mango or a banana.
  7. I have four pen and three pencils.
  8. Virat's brother has a blue and a green shirt.
  9. They are rich but not happy.
  10. Anu and Manu are fast friends.
- II.
1. उसने परिश्रम किया इसलिए वह पास हो गई।
  2. वह असफल हो गया क्योंकि उसने परिश्रम नहीं किया।
  3. आराम करो क्योंकि तुम बीमार हो।
  4. वह धीमा है किन्तु नियमित गति से बढ़ रहा है।
  5. वह चला गया किन्तु वह ठहर गई।
  6. मैं और मेरे मित्र अनुपस्थित थे।
  7. वह और मैं साथ-साथ रहते हैं।
  8. दवाइयाँ लो अन्यथा आप ठीक नहीं होंगे।
  9. वह बुद्धिमान था किन्तु परिश्रमी नहीं था।
  10. मेरे पास एक पेन है किन्तु कोई कॉपी नहीं है।

### Practice For Learning

---

#### Translate into English :

1. We bought a table and four chairs.
2. They have bought a car and a scooter.
3. I saw an elephant and a peacock.
4. You can either take this book or that inkpot.
5. My sister-in-law has a green and white saree.
6. Did your brother not learn to read and write English?
7. My cousin brother is rich but not hard-working.

8. Your cycle is black or red?
9. Virat and Karan did not take part in the match?
10. She is tall but not slim.



## Composition

# 1. Letters and Applications

### I. Write a letter to your friend congratulating him on his birthday.

Address : 3/154, Brahmpuri

Meerut

Dated : XX May, 20XX

My dear Karan,

I am good here and hope the same for you.

I congratulate you on your 10th birthday. Many many happy returns of the day. God bless you with every joy!

Please excuse me for my disability to attend your birthday party.

Your loving friend,

Shivam

### Now translate the letter into Hindi :

पता : 31/154, ब्रह्मपुरी

मेरठ

दिनांक : XX मई, 20XX

प्रिय करण,

मैं यहाँ अच्छा हूँ और तुम्हारे लिए भी यही कामना करता हूँ। मैं तुम्हारे दसवें जन्मदिन पर तुम्हें बधाई देता हूँ। यह दिन बार-बार आये। ईश्वर आपको हर आनंद प्रदान करें।

आपके जन्मदिन की पार्टी में न आ पाने के लिए मुझे क्षमा करें।

आपका प्यारा मित्र,

शिवम

### II. Now translate the letter into Hindi :

पता : फ्लैट नं० 2

शिवालिक बिल्डिंग, गुरुग्राम

दिनांक : XX नवम्बर, 20XX

पूज्य पिताजी,

मैं यहाँ स्वस्थ हूँ। परिवार में सभी की कुशलता की प्रार्थना करता/करती हूँ। मेरी पढ़ाई ठीक प्रकार से चल रही है। मुझे कुछ पुस्तकें खरीदनी हैं। अतः मैं आपसे निवेदन करता/करती हूँ कि मुझे जल्द से जल्द ₹ 1000 भेजने का कष्ट करें।  
आदरणीय माताजी के लिए श्रेष्ठतम अभिवादन।  
आपका प्यारा बेटा/बेटी

.....  
**Now translate the letter into English :**

Address : Flat No. 2

Shivalik Building

Gurugram

Dated : XX November, 20XX

Dear Father,

I am healthy here. I pray for the health of everyone at home. My studies are going well. I have to buy some books. So I request you to send me ₹ 1000 at the earliest.

Give my best wishes to dear mother

Your loving son/daughter

.....

**III. Write an application to the Principal for the claim of your lost bicycle.**

To,

The Principal,

R.N. Public School

Aligarh

Respected Sir

With due regards I wish to state that my bicycle has been stolen from the bicycle stand today. It was brand new Atlas bicycle. I have the token No. ....

Kindly inquiry into the matter and help me recover my bicycle.

Thanking you,

Your obedient pupil,

Raunaq

Class V

Dated : XX September, 20XX

**Now translate the application into Hindi :**

सेवा में,  
श्रीमान प्रधानाचार्य जी,  
आर०एन० पब्लिक स्कूल  
अलीगढ़  
आदरणीय श्रीमान,  
आदर के साथ मेरा यह कथन है कि आज साइकिल स्टैण्ड से मेरी साइकिल चोरी हो गई है। वह एकदम नई एटलस साइकिल थी। मेरे पास टोकन नं० ..... है।  
आप कृपया मामलों की जाँच करवाएँ तथा मेरी साइकिल दिलवाने में मेरी सहायता करें।  
धन्यवाद  
आपका आज्ञाकारी छात्र  
रौनक  
कक्षा V  
XX सितंबर, 20XX

**IV. Complete the application to the Principal for leave of five days for attending your elder brother's marriage.**

सेवा में,  
प्रधानाचार्य/प्रधानाचार्य जी  
ब्लूमिंग बड्स स्कूल  
आगरा  
आदरणीय सर/मैडम  
सविनय निवेदन यह है कि मुझे रमेश को अपने बड़े भाई की शादी में सम्मिलित होना है।  
मुझे इस समारोह में व्यवस्था करने में अपने माता-पिता की मदद करनी होगी।  
कृपया आप मुझे कल से पाँच दिन का अवकाश प्रदान करने की कृपा करें। धन्यवाद!  
आपका आज्ञाकारी शिष्य/शिष्या  
रमेश अरोरा  
कक्षा A 'A'  
दिनांक XX दिसंबर, 20XX

**Now translate the application into English :**

To  
The Principal  
Blooming Buds School  
Meerut  
Respected Sir/Madam



This is to request you that I have to attend my elder brother's wedding. I have to help my parents in arranging for the function.

Kindly provide me leave for five days, starting from tomorrow.

Thank You

Your obedient student

Ramesh Arora

Class- A 'A'

XX December, 20XX



## 2. Conversation

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Do it yourself.



## 3. Picture Composition

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Given below is a story which has some pictures inserted between the sentences. Now write the names in place of the pictures and complete the story :

This is the **house** that jack built. This is the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built. This is the **mouse** that ate the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built. This is the **cat** that chased the **mouse** that ate the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built. This is the **dog** that worried the **cat** that chased the **mouse** that ate the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built. This is the **dog** that worried the **cat** that chased the **mouse** that ate the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built. This is the **cow** that tossed the **dog** that worried the **cat** that chased the **rat** that ate the **rice** that lay in the **house** that Jack built.

Read the following story and fill in the blanks with paper English translation of Hindi words which are given in the brackets. Hints are given below :

Once there was a **bee** (मधुमक्खी). It was **thirsty** (प्यासी). It went to the **river** (नदी). It began to **drink** (पीना) water. The river was in flood (बाढ़). The **bee** (मधुमक्खी) fell into the **water** (पानी). Its **life** (जीवन) was in danger (खतरा). A **pigeon** (कबूतर) saw it. He picked up a dry **leaf** (पत्ती). He dropped it **near** (निकट) the **bee** (मधुमक्खी). The **bee** (मधुमक्खी) got on the **leaf** (पत्ती) and flew away.

One **day** (दिन) the **bee** (मधुमक्खी) saw a **hunter** (शिकारी). He was aiming at the same **pigeon** (कबूतर). The **bee** (मधुमक्खी) flew to him. It stung him on his arm (हाथ). The **gun** (बंदूक) went off. But the **hunter** (शिकारी) missed his **target** (निशाना). The **pigeon** (कबूतर) heard the **sound** (आवाज). He flew away.

**Read the following story in Hindi. Then fill in the blanks with proper English words. Hints are given below :**

There was a little boy. His **name** was Ramu. He had a pet **dog** whose name was Heera. One day Ramu and Heera were playing near a **river**. The river was in **spate** by chance Ramu **fell** into the river. Heera **jumped** into the water. It **caught** Ramu's shirt with its teeth. It **pulled** him out of the water. Ramu was **very happy**. He **patted** the Heera on its back. The Heera had **saved** him.

**Read the following story carefully and complete it with the help of pictures and the clues.**

1. One day a flock of **pigeons** was flying when they saw many **grains** scattered on the **ground**.
2. An old pigeon, who was their leader **warned** them not to eat the grains but the pigeons did not listen to him.
3. The pigeons were hungry and started **eating** the grains.
4. Suddenly, a hunter threw his **net** upon the pigeons and the pigeons were trapped.
5. The old pigeon told the other pigeons to **fly** with the net to a mouse, who was his friend. The pigeons did the same and flew away with the net.
6. The hunter was amazed to see this sight. He tried to **catch** the pigeons, but could not.
7. The pigeons soon reached the **tree** where the mouse the friend of the old pigeon lived.

8. The mouse quickly cut the net with his **teeth** and the pigeons were free. The pigeons thanked the mouse for his help.

**Read the following story in Hindi and translate it into English.**

A crow had a piece of bread. It was sitting on the branch of a tree. A fox came there. She said to the crow, "You are a beautiful cow. You sing very beautifully. Will you not sing a song for me?" The crow became happy. He opened his mouth. The piece of bread fell down. The fox picked it up and ran away.



## 4.

## Essays

Do it yourself.



## Model Paper-III

- I.**
1. We go to school by foot.
  2. He never gets up late.
  3. We shall welcome them.
  4. Will you be going to the village?
  5. Is it not holiday today?
  6. There are clouds in the sky.
  7. Rakesh is as honest as Jatin.
  8. She will buy a mango or an apple.
  9. Salil is the youngest in the class.
  10. You may sing or dance.
- II.**
1. हम अभी पुणे से वापस लौटे हैं।
  2. आज हम आराम करेंगे।
  3. मैंने जंतर मंतर पहले ही देख लिया था।
  4. आज बहुत ठंड है।
  5. कमरे में कोई कबर्ड नहीं है।
  6. आपके बाल मेरे जितने लंबे हैं।
  7. वह निर्धन हैं किन्तु प्रसन्न हैं।

8. क्या कल अवकाश होगा?
9. तुम्हारी घड़ी में क्या बजा है?
10. मेरा बस्ता आपके बस्ते से बड़ा है।

III. Do it yourself.

IV. Write the suitable English words in place of the Hindi ones in the story given below :

There was a little boy. His **name** was Ramu. He had a pet **dog** whose name was Heera. One day Ramu and Heera were playing near a **river**. The river was in **flood**. By chance Ramu **fell** into the river. Heera **jumped** into the water. It **caught** Ramu's shirt with its teeth. It **pulled** him out of the water. Ramu was **very happy**. He **patted** Heera on its back. Heera had **saved** him.

- V. 1. Last year, we went to Jaipur by train.  
2. The train came to the platform at ten in the morning.  
3. The train was very crowded.  
4. Its speed was 80 km per hour.  
5. There were trees and fields on both sides.  
6. It felt as the trees were running behind.  
7. Our journey was very enjoyable.  
8. We reached in nearly 8 hours.

VI. To

The Principal,  
Maharishi School  
Noida  
From,  
(Own address)  
Flat No. 154, Sector Beta  
Noida  
Date : XX October, 20XX

Respected Sir

With due regards I wish to say that my bicycle has been stolen from the bicycle-stand today. It was a brand new Hero bicycle. It bore the token no. 1284.

Kindly enquire into the matter about it and help me recover my bicycle.

Thanking you,

Yours obedient pupil

(Yours full name) Raunaq Sharma

(Student of class) IV 'B'

