

Modern Translation & Composition

हिंदी - English

Part **7**

2. Some Verbs and Their Forms

Test Your Learning

I. Present Tense	Past Tense	Past Participle
learn	learnt (learned)	learnt (learned)
teach	taught	taught
hit	hit	hit
do	did	done
try	tried	tried
throw	threw	thrown
forget	forgot	forgotten
hang	hung (hanged)	hanged
weave	wove	woven
dwell	dwelt	dwelt
sell	sold	sold
put	put	put
lead	led	led
light	lighted	lighted
lie	lay	lain
make	made	made
hang	hung	hung
lade	laded	laden
rot	rotted	rotted
sow	sowed	sown

- II.** 1. proving
3. knitting
5. blowing
7. cutting
9. fighting
11. driving
13. buying
15. saying
17. taking
19. putting
2. seeing
4. losing
6. transferring
8. tying
10. carrying
12. hopping
14. wedding
16. going
18. forbidding
20. betting



Translation

1. Use of 'Is', 'Am' and 'Are' (Be Verbs)

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. Delhi is the capital of India.
 2. Is there someone on the roof?
 3. Are you not fond of fruits?
 4. Which boys are in a hurry?
 5. I am not a fool.
 6. Ranjit's uncle is a grocer.
 7. How many days are there in a week?
 8. Why is that girl not good at maths?
 9. Your friend is not an honest boy.
 10. Is camel not a useful animal?
- II.
1. आपका गीत अच्छा नहीं है।
 2. क्या आप सत्यवादी व्यक्ति हैं?
 3. वे कॉफी की दुकान पर हैं?
 4. वह हमारे प्रधानाध्यापक हैं।
 5. यह मेरी पुस्तकें हैं।
 6. हमारा घर बहुत पुराना है।
 7. क्या आप अच्छे खिलाड़ी हैं?
 8. क्या आज वह उपस्थित नहीं हैं?

Practice For Learning

1. Nasik is a good city.
2. Is your father not a bookseller?
3. There is no inkpot on the table.
4. Where is your shirt?
5. There are forty boys in our class.
6. Why are they so sad?
7. Are Rohit and Hardik twin brothers?
8. Are these apples not fit to eat?
9. I am not fond of sweets.
10. Are you coming with us?



2. Use of 'Was', 'Were' (Be Verbs)

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. His brother was not an idiot.
 2. He was a dead shot.
 3. Anu's books were in her satchel.
 4. There was no purse in Kamal's pocket.
 5. The manager was in his room.
 6. There were no four chairs in the room.
 7. Was there someone in my field?
 8. Where was Shyama's pencil?
 9. Was there not a vixen under that tree?
 10. How many owls were there on the tree?
- II.
1. श्रेया कल उपस्थित नहीं थी।
 2. क्या वह अच्छा छात्र था?
 3. मान सिंह एक डाकू था।
 4. वे छात्र आज्ञाकारी थे।
 5. नदी गहरी नहीं थी।
 6. वह मेरी सौतेली माँ थीं।
 7. मैं आपकी सहायता नहीं कर पाया।
 8. वह कुत्ता पागल नहीं था।
 9. क्या आप सभा में उपस्थित नहीं थे?
 10. राधिका होनहार लड़की नहीं थी।

Practice For Learning

1. Was Premchand a great novelist?
2. Arjuna was a great archer.
3. The population of that city was more.
4. I was not at home yesterday.
5. Diksha's friend was bright in English.
6. Where was Ravi's uncle on Monday?
7. His father was not a rich farmer.
8. There was no one in the room.

9. Were you at home at ten o'clock yesterday?
10. How many students were present yesterday?



3. Use of 'Have', 'Has', 'Had'

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. That old woman had no son.
 2. The horses have no horns.
 3. He had two brothers and one sister.
 4. The elephant has a short tail.
 5. Had he no maternal uncle.?
 6. Have you some new toys?
 7. I have three fifty rupee notes.
 8. How many brothers have you?
 9. How much milk had he?
 10. Had Kavita some honey?
- II.
 1. किसान के पास दो बैल हैं।
 2. उसके पास स्कूटर नहीं है।
 3. किसान के पास गाय नहीं है।
 4. तुम्हारे पास दो जैकेट थी।
 5. गाँधीजी के पास एक बकरी है।
 6. मेरे पास एक लाल कमीज है।
 7. उनके पास घर नहीं है।
 8. क्या आपके पास सोने की अँगूठी है?
 9. क्या उसके पास नई घड़ी है?
 10. उसके पास मूल्यवान गहने थे।

Practice For Learning

1. Which boy has a twenty rupee note?
2. Which girl had a new doll?
3. Do you have some time?
4. Has he not any money?
5. My grandfather had two horses.
6. Who has a pocket watch?
7. The cow has four udders and two horns.

8. Sheela had a calculator.
9. Usha had not any gold.
10. How many months an year have?



4. Present Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. Shivam takes part in games.
2. I obey my parents.
3. Shreya never takes in breakfast.
4. Do you go for a morning walk everyday?
5. What do you know about him?
6. They do not do their homework regularly?
7. Which boy makes a noise in the class?
8. Do you not get up late on Sunday?
- II. 1. आप दावत कहाँ चाहते हैं?
2. वह अब इस घर में नहीं रहता।
3. महिमा मधुर गाना गाती है।
4. वह अपनी फीस नियमित रूप से देता है।
5. क्या गाय घास नहीं खाती?
6. क्या वह आपके साथ खेलती है?
7. बच्चे कभी झूठ नहीं बोलते हैं।
8. डाकिया हमारे पत्र लाता है।

Practice For Learning

1. Who brings our letters?
2. The Sun rises in the east.
3. Do you not like any cold drink?
4. They always wear clean clothes.
5. Which boy sits on that bench?
6. Trees provide us fresh air.
7. When does he do his homework?
8. Does anyone tolerate wrong talks?



5. Past Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. Our teacher did not call the roll yesterday.
 2. The watchman closed the gate.
 3. He requested for some help.
 4. Did Seema not buy some postal stamps?
 5. Why did you not wash your hands?
 6. Did the police chase the thieves?
 7. Mahatma Gandhi lived and died for our country.
 8. Who opened the door?
 9. How many boys won the scholarship?
 10. Our grandmother did not tell us two stories day before yesterday.
- II.
1. क्या उन्होंने मैच नहीं खेला?
 2. यह कुत्ता रात में नहीं भौका।
 3. क्या उसने आपको गाली दी?
 4. क्या आप प्रतिदिन टहलते थे?
 5. मैंने कभी कोई फिल्म नहीं देखी।
 6. उसने मुझे निमंत्रित नहीं किया।
 7. बच्चों ने फूल तोड़े।
 8. मनीषा ने मेरा स्वेटर नहीं बना।

Practice For Learning

1. Munshi Premchand wrote more than one hundred stories.
2. How many girls participated in the play?
3. They sold their old house last year.
4. Did you buy anything there?
5. I did not commit any mistake.
6. When did the doctor see the patient?
7. The people did not accept his useless suggestion.
8. Did you stand by him?
9. Who tore your book?
10. Why did he not come on time?



6. Future Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. We shall learn music from tomorrow.
 2. I shall not put on your coat.
 3. We shall catch the first bus.
 4. Father will not go to Delhi tomorrow.
 5. They will never make fun of you.
 6. The children will go for picnic the day after tomorrow.
 7. When will the last bus come here?
 8. Will they go to Mumbai by air?
 9. What will they do there?
 10. When will you reach Shimla?
- II.
1. हम जयपुर रेलगाड़ी से नहीं जाएँगे।
 2. मैं जल्दी उठूँगा।
 3. मैं पलंग पर सोऊँगा।
 4. वह अण्डे नहीं छुएँगा।
 5. क्या मैं आपकी सहायता करूँ?
 6. क्या वह ताजी सब्जियाँ खरीदेगा?
 7. वह अँधेरे में नहीं पढ़ेगा।
 8. हमारे माता-पिता कल आएँगे।

Practice For Learning

1. My aunt will get a gift for me.
2. I shall not shake hands with your uncle.
3. I shall drink a glass of milk.
4. We shall not pluck flowers.
5. His classmates will go for fishing tomorrow.
6. Will the train come on time?
7. Which book will your brother borrow?
8. Will you not iron your clothes?
9. When will the gardener water the plants?
10. Will no one misbehave?



7. Present Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. The fountains are not running.
2. Vikas is flying a kite.
3. Is the tap not running?
4. They are swimming in the pond.
5. Why are the children running about?
- II. 1. क्या मुर्गियाँ इधर-उधर दौड़ रही हैं?
2. कुत्ते भौंक नहीं रहे हैं।
3. मैं दरवाजे पर ताला लगा रहा हूँ।
4. क्या आप गाना गा रहे हैं?
5. वह कार चला रहा है।

Practice For Learning

1. Mr. Lal is writing a novel.
2. Are the labourers resting?
3. I am folding my clothes.
4. The farmers are digging onions.
5. We are not wasting our time.



8. Past Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. Vikash was taking a bath.
2. The horses were galloping.
3. Why were you sneezing in the morning?
4. They were not making noise in the class.
5. Grandmother was telling a long story.
6. Was the mother cooking food?
- II. 1. हम पार्क में धीमी गति से दौड़ रहे थे।
2. शिक्षिका मुझे हिंदी पढ़ा रही थी।
3. ग्रामीण पैदल जा रहा था।

4. क्या आप भोजन कर रहे थे?
5. मैं फिल्म नहीं देख रहा था।
6. क्या लोमड़ी अँगूर खाने के लिए कूद रही थी?

Practice For Learning

1. Were the children not watching television?
2. Was the fowler not laying the trap?
3. They were making a new plan.
4. Which book were you reading yesterday?
5. Water was boiling in the vessel.



9. Future Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.**
1. She will taking a hot bath at this time.
 2. All will be eating in the afternoon.
 3. The servant will be sweeping the room well.
 4. The teacher will not be teaching a new poem at 10 o'clock tomorrow.
 5. Which book will you be reading tomorrow evening?
 6. The mother will not be boiling milk in the kitchen.
 7. I shall be taking a music test next Monday.
 8. Will you not be writing your diary at in the night now?
 9. Why will he not be working in that office?
 10. Will Satish be taking a nap at this time tomorrow?
- II.**
1. रेनु मैदान का दूसरा चक्कर पूरा कर रही होगी।
 2. सूर्य चमक नहीं रहा होगा।
 3. हम सत्य बोल रहे होंगे।
 4. लड़के व्यायाम कर रहे होंगे।
 5. क्या बस जल्दी आ रही होगी?
 6. क्या वह समाचारपत्र बेच रहा होगा?
 7. हम प्लेटफॉर्म पर बैठ कर रेलगाड़ी की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे होंगे।
 8. क्या पुलिसवाले बसों की जाँच-पड़ताल कर रहे होंगे?

Practice For Learning

1. I shall be taking an examination at this time tomorrow.
2. She will not be doing her homework now.

3. The labourers will be sowing potatoes.
4. We shall be roaming in Nainital day after tomorrow.
5. He will not be having a nap in the afternoon today.
6. Will the naughty children not be plucking flowers in the park?
7. They will be living in this house in March.
8. Shall we be going to the fair tomorrow morning?
9. We shall not be going to the lake with our friends in the evening today.
10. When shall we be going to grandfather?



10. Present Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. They have not sent our material till now.
2. Have the children not plucked raw mangoes?
3. Who has broken my pencil?
4. I have revised my lesson.
5. Has she done her homework?
6. How many goals has that team's captain scored?
7. You have not winded your watch.
8. Why have you closed all the doors?
9. He has been ill for the past two days.
- II. 1. क्या आपने अपना गृहकार्य कर लिया है?
2. क्या उसने अपना पाठ याद कर लिया है?
3. पुलिस ने चोर को पकड़ लिया है।
4. माँ ने हमारे लिए भोजन पकाया है।
5. मैंने यह मोटरसाइकिल नहीं खरीदी है।
6. क्या लड़कियों ने कार्यक्रम में अच्छा नृत्य किया है?
7. हमने अभी तक चिड़ियाघर नहीं देखा है।
8. हमने चूहे को फँसा लिया है।

Practice For Learning

1. I have finished my project.
2. Has the sun risen?
3. I have lent him one hundred rupees.

4. Have you switched on the lights?
5. Where have the children gone?
6. Has kumar not replied to your letter?
7. The police have not arrested the thieves.
8. Has Ananya not combed her hair?
9. How much money have you borrowed?
10. Have you not got any assignment?



Model Paper-I

- | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|--------|-------|--------------|
| 1. book, hill | fleet | Diksha | gold | heat |
| carrot, cycle | class | Nehru | glass | friendship |
| chair, cat | herd | Canada | | freedom |
| farmer | | | | truth, death |
| electricity | | | | |
2. 1. Her refusal to accept in **means** that she is still annoyed with us.
 2. Sharda **is** three years younger than her brother.
 3. Mother and Aunt Lily **have** gone for shopping.
 4. Tom and Jerry **are** also good friends and often **help** each other.
 5. I **take** care of my belongings.
 6. I **like** to listen when the cuckoo **is** singing.
 7. All the students in my **love** skating.
 8. Tom **is** always chasing Jerry but never **manages** to catch him.
 9. This pen **writes** very smoothly.
 3. 1. Is the camel not a domestic animal?
 2. No one talks to him.
 3. How tall was the tree?
 4. The gardener is not in the orchard.
 5. The children will not make noise now.
 6. Did not your freind take part in the match?
 7. The train will not be running at full speed.
 8. How much milk did he have?
 9. Was the mother not making the bed?
 10. Monika is not skipping rope in the lane.
 4. 1. मेरी अलमारी में कुछ खिलौने हैं।
 2. उन्होंने परसों एक मैत्रीपूर्ण मैच खेला।

3. सभागार में कोई छात्र नहीं था।
4. वह इतना कठिन परिश्रम क्यों करता है?
5. एक सप्ताह में सात दिन होते हैं।
6. वे निर्देशानुसार काम नहीं कर रहे हैं।
7. क्या अब आपका भाई खेल रहा होगा?
8. बत्तियाँ कौन जलाएगा?
9. मैं उसे तीन वर्षों से जानता हूँ।
10. बच्चे आइस-पाइस नहीं खेल रहे थे।

5. Present Tense	Past Tense	Past Participle
Arise	Arose	Arisen
Begin	Began	Begun
Break	Broke	Broken
Go	Went	Gone
Eat	Ate	Eaten
Fight	Fought	Fought
Sing	Sang	Sung
Sleep	Slept	Slept
Cut	Cut	Cut



11. Past Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. Had they seen the zoo by sunset?
 2. The patient had taken the last breath before the doctor had arrived.
 3. I had never seen so beautiful a sight before.
 4. We had not scored three goals by midtime.
 5. Why had the train not reached the station by ten o'clock in the morning?
 6. He had left the bed after sunrise.
- II.
 1. क्या अपने अपना टिफिन समाप्त कर लिया था?
 2. शिकारी ने शेर को मार दिया था।
 3. चपरासी ने घंटी बजा दी थी।
 4. क्या आप अपने स्कूल समय पर पहुँच गए थे?
 5. सर्कस का शो आरंभ नहीं हुआ था।
 6. क्या उसने सारे प्रश्न हल किए थे?

Practice For Learning

1. Tanu had worn her clothes before Anu had combed her hair.
2. Mother had already laid the food on the table.
3. Vinayak had never seen the zoo before.
4. Why had you gone out after the sun had set?
5. The thieves had run away before the people awoke.
6. The teacher had not called the roll before I had entered the class.



12. Future Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. They will have seen the museum by tomorrow evening.
 2. Will they have come back by day after tomorrow?
 3. They will have taken the house on rent by now.
 4. Vikash would not have bought a new cycle by the end of February.
 5. Where will they have reached by next Monday?
- II.
1. शिक्षिका अब तक स्कूल छोड़ चुकी होगी।
 2. अनामिका अभी तक स्टेडियम नहीं गई होगी।
 3. क्या मीरा 5 बजे तक सोने जा चुकी होगी?
 4. मैं अपने कार्यालय 10 बजे से पहले पहुँच चुका होऊँगा।
 5. डॉक्टर के वार्ड पहुँचने से पहले रोगी मर चुका होगा।

Practice For Learning

1. Father will have gone to sleep by 11 o'clock.
2. The police will not have reached there before the thief ran away.
3. Vikram will have finished his work by now.
4. Neeraj will not have posted your letters till now.
5. How many questions will you have solved by six in the evening?
6. The train will not have departure before the guard waved the flag.



13. Present Perfect Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. The artisan has been doing our work for one month.
2. Neeru has been studying since morning.
3. The sitar player has not been playing the sitar since 5 o'clock.
4. His uncle has been running this shop since 2000.
5. Has Anju been continuously standing first in her class since 2012?
6. Has your father not been doing business for the last ten years?
- II. 1. क्या मैं लंबे समय से आपका इंतजार नहीं कर रहा हूँ?
2. क्या आप इस गोदाम में पाँच घंटे से काम कर रहे हैं?
3. क्या रोगी पिछली रात से दवाई नहीं ले रहा?
4. चित्रकार पिछली रात से चित्र बना रहा है।
5. टीनू सवेरे से नहीं रो रहा है।
6. दो घंटे से वर्षा हो रही है।

Practice For Learning

1. Why has Rahul been crying since 2 o'clock?
2. They have been studying since morning.
3. The fountain has been running for half an hour.
4. This sewing machine has been working since last year.
5. Jatin has not been going to his office since last Friday.
6. Have they been swimming for one hour?
7. The children have not been doing their homework for the past three and a half hours.
8. The fans have not been running since quarter past eleven.
9. Has the farmer not been weeding in his field since last week?
10. Since when has mother been taking this medicine?



14. Past Perfect Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. He had been doing business for the last two years.
 2. Had your uncle been helping you for the past five years?
 3. The donkeys had been grazing grass since noon.
 4. The nurse had been looking after the baby since 1 o'clock.
 5. The mechanic had not been repairing my scooter for the last half an hour.
 6. Had Kripal not been working there as an assistant for the last four years?
 7. They had not been touring India since last month.
 8. Who had been teaching them English since last year?
- II.
1. निशांत तीस मिनट से गाने गा रहा था।
 2. क्या अनु एक घंटे से पत्र लिख रही थी?
 3. एक अजनबी एक घंटे से दरवाजा खटखटा रहा था।
 4. क्या वर्षा कल से हो रही थी?
 5. यहाँ आठ बजे से कौन सो रहा था?
 6. मरीज एक सप्ताह से कोई इलाज नहीं करा रहा था।

Practice For Learning

1. They had been spending their summer vacations in Mussoorie since the past two years.
2. He had not been drinking tea since his childhood.
3. The children had been playing hide-and-seek for an hour.
4. Arun had been walking in the garden for three-quarters of an hour.
5. Who had been captaining our team till last year?
6. Manmeet had not been paying attention to his studies for the last two days.
7. Had the fountain been playing since seven in the evening?



15. Future Perfect Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. The police will have been searching for the hunter since 1 o'clock.
 2. How many boys will not have been swimming in the river for half an hour?
 3. Mahesh will not have been sowing grams in his field since Friday.
 4. Will they have been preparing for his marriage for three months when their son reaches home?
 5. The patients health will have been recovering for the last four days.
 6. Will the doctor have been examining the patient to since the last ten minutes.
 7. The king will have been having made a new palace three years before his death.
 8. What will you have been selling the coming (next) Monday?
- II.
1. वे पत्रिका को पाँच बजे से पढ़ रहे होंगे।
 2. क्या शिशु सवेरे से सो रहा होगा?
 3. पूजा यहाँ एक महीने से योग कर रही होगी।
 4. लंबे समय से विपिन की सहायता कौन कर रहा होगा?
 5. अपने बीमार पड़ने के बाद से शिक्षक स्कूल नहीं आ रहे होंगे।
 6. डॉक्टर एक घंटे से मरीजों को देख रहे होंगे।

Practice For Learning

1. They will have been touring Europe by this time next year.
2. He will have been exercising for two hours at 7 o'clock in the morning.
3. Varun will not have been playing the guitar since 4 o'clock.
4. I will not have been sleeping for three hours when he wakes me.
5. The farmer will have been levelling the field for a week.
6. Will his son not have been weeping for an hour when he comes back home?
7. The children will not have been playing in the park half an hour at this time tomorrow.

8. She will have been knitting a sweater for fifteen days next Wednesday.
9. For how much time will you have been studying English at the end of September?
10. Will he have been staying in Mumbai for ten years by the end of this year?



16. Imperative Sentences of Commands

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. Please give me your pen for some time.
 2. Reena, do not tear paper in the room.
 3. Switch off the fans.
 4. We should not play in the dark.
 5. Stay away from bad company.
 6. Always wear neat and clean clothes.
 7. Keep off from bad company.
- II.
 1. आग से मत खेलो।
 2. सदा बड़ों का सम्मान करो।
 3. इसे अब निमन्त्रित मत करो।
 4. कृपया डॉक्टर को बुलाइए।
 5. अपने मित्रों की प्रतीक्षा करो।
 6. सदा सत्य बोलिए।

Practice For Learning

1. Children, always speak the truth.
2. Please sit on this chair.
3. Never play on the road.
4. Come, let us go for a walk in the afternoon.
5. Vikas, switch on the light.
6. Reshma, do not make noise here.
7. Always respect the elders.
8. Please help me.

9. Come, let us go for a walk.
10. Put a stamp on this envelope.



17. Optative Sentences of Wishes

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. If only you were with me!
 2. May God bless you!
 3. O that I was not uneducated!
 4. May God never let you fall ill!
 5. Oh that they got a medal!
 6. May God let you get a high post, my son!
 7. May God give our teacher a long life!
 8. Oh God, let us not lose the way!
- II.
 1. यदि बस मुझे थोड़ा समय मिल पाता!
 2. परमात्मा करे कि आप सुखी जीवन व्यतीत करें!
 3. यदि बस उसे इसके बारे में पता होता!
 4. काश मैं एक सैनिक होता!
 5. काश मैं एक धनी व्यक्ति होता!
 6. मेरे लड़के, ईश्वर करे आपको सफलता मिले!

Practice For Learning

1. Oh God, if only this wounded person had got timely help!
2. Would that I were rich!
3. If only we had caught the first bus!
4. God forbid that he forgets you!
5. Would that I had learnt to speak English!
6. May God let you not encounter decoits again!
7. May God fulfill your wish!
8. If only he could come here on time!
9. May you get a lot of money!
10. May God let you come first in class, son!



18. Exclamatory Sentences of Exclamations

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. How beautiful are the children!
 2. Oh! What was happened to your?
 3. Bravo! How beautiful goal you scored.
 4. Hurray! We have won the first prize.
 5. Fie, a young man and afraid of the darkness.
 6. How tasty was the meal!
 7. Alas! His father has died.
 8. Aha! He got the scholarship.
- II.
1. शोक! मैं बर्बाद हो गया।
 2. कितना विचित्र व्यक्ति है!
 3. आह! आप देरी से हो।
 4. शाबाश! अच्छा किया, अशोक!
 5. वे कितना तेज भागे!
 6. हुर्रे! हमने मैच जीत लिया।
 7. ओहो! मैं कक्षा में प्रथम आया।
 8. कितनी सुंदर पोशाक है!

Practice For Learning

1. How sad the story was!
2. How beautiful building is the Dayalbagh temple!
3. How beautiful bird the peacock is!
4. Alas! His mother has died.
5. How beautiful a city Pune is!
6. Hurray! We have scored a goal.
7. O God! Where were you?
8. How good she dances!



19. Interrogative Words

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. What plan was made by Nina?
2. What is done by Reshma's maternal uncle?
3. Why has your friend come here?
4. Which class does she study in?
5. Where does this road go to?
6. What time will they reach tomorrow?
7. Who are you and why have you come here?
8. How is Namit's father now?
- II. 1. निशा स्कूल से वापिस कब आएगी?
2. आपने किसकी साइकिल उधार ली?
3. उसके दादाजी का देहांत कहाँ हुआ?
4. वह यहाँ क्या करेगा?
5. हम कौन-सी पुस्तक पढ़ेंगे?
6. आपको अंग्रेजी कौन पढ़ाता है?

Practice For Learning

1. Which subject do you like the most?
2. Where have Tina's parents gone?
3. What time does your mother get up in the morning?
4. Whom did Salil meet outside the house?
5. Whose house is this?
6. For how long will Mister Shyam stay here?
7. What does Nitesh want?
8. Who was making noise in the class?



20. Use of 'It'

- I. 1. It is Sunday today.
2. It looks like they will not win the match.
3. It was very cold yesterday.
4. Is it easy to learn English?

5. Is it quarter past eight?
 6. It was Shagun who scored the first goal.
 7. Is it profitable to go there?
 8. I feel it that your friend will not come today.
- II.
1. आज मेरा जन्मदिवस है।
 2. सब को खुश रखना कठिन है।
 3. आज अवकाश नहीं है।
 4. क्या आज वर्षा होगी?
 5. चिंता करने का कोई फायदा नहीं है।
 6. आज बहुत गर्मी है।
 7. बारह बज कर दस मिनट हुए हैं।

Practice For Learning

1. It is impossible.
2. How dark it is!
3. Is it possible that he will come first in class?
4. It was likely to rain.
5. It will take three hours to go to Delhi.
6. It will be foolish for me to buy a car.
7. It is useless to worry.
8. Is it not that you were guilty.
9. It was Mohan himself who opened the door.
10. It was of no use for you to go there.



21. Use of 'There'

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. Are there not one dozen bananas in this basket?
 2. Once there was a brave princess.
 3. How many boys are there on the roof?
 4. There are no pictures in that book.
 5. There comes the teacher.
 6. There was a herd of cattle in our field.
 7. Was there no one at that time?
 8. Once upon a time, there was a drought in a country.

9. There was a temple in those days.
 10. In the ancient times, there ruled a cruel king in Mathura.
- II.**
1. वहाँ 110 वर्ष से अधिक आयु का व्यक्ति रहता था।
 2. दरवाजे पर कोई है।
 3. विद्यालय में कोई चपरासी क्यों नहीं था?
 4. रेलगाड़ी में अधिक भीड़ नहीं थी।
 5. कमरे में दो बिल्लियाँ थीं।
 6. क्या रसोईघर में कोई है?
 7. बहुत जोरों का धमाका हुआ।
 8. क्या डब्बे में कोई पेंसिल नहीं है?
 9. मेरे साथ खड़े होने को कोई नहीं था।
 10. वे आ रहे हैं।

Practice For Learning

1. There is no need to worry.
2. There is not even one careless student in our class.
3. There used to be a hospital in your village.
4. Why is garbage there on the floor?
5. There are five horses in the stable.
6. Once upon a time, there lived an old hermit in a forest.
7. There was not any water in the pitcher.
8. There was a bad accident yesterday.
9. There seems to be no difficulty in going there.
10. There was a lot of water on the road.



22. The Passive Voice

Present Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.**
1. Truth is not accepted by you.
 2. Do I have the permission to come into the room?
 3. The poor are helped by me.
 4. Is wooden furniture not made here?
 5. Where is their homework done by them?
 6. Why are magazines not read by Sheela?
 7. Houses are whitewashed by them.
 8. All the shopping is done by our mother.

9. Detective novels are not liked by us.
 10. Strangers are not welcomed in their house.
- II.**
1. किराना नितेश द्वारा खरीदा जाता है।
 2. मेरी कभी भी उसके द्वारा सहायता नहीं की जाती है।
 3. मेरे द्वारा खेल पसंद किए जाते हैं।
 4. उन्हें अध्यापक द्वारा पीटा जाता है।
 5. इनके द्वारा पतंगें उड़ाई जाती हैं।
 6. उसके द्वारा एक पत्र नहीं लिखा जाता।
 7. क्या कक्षा के प्रधानाध्यापक द्वारा दंडित किया जाता है?
 8. आपको उनके द्वारा कब पढ़ाया गया?
 9. उसके द्वारा फुटबाल नहीं खेली जाती।
 10. क्या वह कार आपके द्वारा चलाई जाती है?

Practice For Learning

1. Study is not done by this boy.
2. By whom are these plants watered?
3. Old books are not sold here.
4. A glass of milk is drunk by me everyday.
5. Garlic is not eaten by her.
6. My clothes are ironed by my mother.
7. Is this newspaper read by Amar's friends?
8. Dogs are not allowed to enter this house.
9. When are your clothes washed by mother?
10. Which work is not done by you?

Past Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.**
1. The enemies were driven away by the soldiers.
 2. How many poems were composed Nisha last year.
 3. His cycle was not oiled by Vishnu.
 4. The bushes were pruned last week.
 5. That cow was not milked yesterday.
 6. His watch was winded by Sunil.
 7. Were all the letters posted by you yesterday.
 8. Their nails were not filed by the children.
 9. Were not all the lights switched off by Kapil yesterday?
 10. When was this dress worn by you?

- II. 1. उन्हें मेरे द्वारा पीटा गया।
2. क्या दूध बालक द्वारा पी लिया गया था?
3. यह दर्पण मेरे द्वारा नहीं तोड़ा गया था।
4. उसे कौन-सा कार्य दिया गया?
5. आपके द्वारा एक गीत नहीं गाया गया था।
6. उनके द्वारा पिछले वर्ष दो घर बनाए गए थे।
7. उसे मेरे द्वारा पुकारा गया।
8. मेरी घड़ी की मरम्मत नहीं की गई।
9. क्या मेरा पैना आपके द्वारा बेकार नहीं किया गया?
10. चित्रकार द्वारा कल क्या चित्र बनाया गया?

Practice For Learning

1. Homework was not done by the students.
2. Yesterday Sunil was snubbed by the teacher.
3. All the questions were not solved by her.
4. How many thieves were arrested last year?
5. No one was praised by the principal.
6. Our buffaloes were milked by the milkman.
7. Were her hands not washed by that girl?
8. Four mangoes were eaten by Hari?
9. By whom was this poem taught?
10. Some luggage was left by the guests.

Future Indefinite Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. The gate will be closed by the Peon.
2. By whom will this door be painted?
3. Not even one candle be lighted by Seema.
4. Some mangoes will be plucked by his brother.
5. Nothing will be borrowed by me.
6. Will his shoes not be worn by your brother?
7. That house will never be bought by them.
8. Four fours will be hit by that batter.
9. Will a six be hit by the captain?
10. By whom will this watch be repaired?
- II. 1. अब चोर को कैद किया जाएगा।
2. कार्यक्रम को नहीं चलाया जाएगा।

3. उसे कहाँ भेजा जाएगा?
4. हमें हमारा वेतन दिया जाएगा।
5. अब आपके द्वारा फल नहीं दिए जाएंगे।
6. क्या आपके मित्र द्वारा सत्य बोला जाएगा?
7. इनके द्वारा अगले माह ताजमहल नहीं देखा जाएगा।
8. क्या यह पुस्तक पढ़ी जाएगी?
9. मुझे रास्ता किसके द्वारा दिखाया जाएगा?
10. मेरे चाचा द्वारा मेरी सहायता की जाएगी।

Practice For Learning

1. My letter would be read by my mother.
2. Today the breakfast would be prepared by sister.
3. No fruit would be eaten by her.
4. Tomorrow the train would be run by the officers.
5. Noise will not be made by them.
6. Will you not be congratulate by your friends?
7. This song will not be sung by Radha.
8. Will our team be captained by Sunil?
9. By how many players will this match be played?
10. Which book will be borrowed by you tomorrow?

Present Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. Work at home is being getting done by Rahul.
 2. No progress is being done by him.
 3. Is the child being put to sleep by its mother?
 4. A new plan is not being thought of by us.
 5. Poor people are being fed here.
 6. The car is being driven carefully.
 7. Time is being wasted by your son.
 8. Why is noise being made here?
 9. By whom is this shop being run?
 10. Is a fairy tale not being read by you?
- II.
 1. हमें कोच द्वारा सिखाया जा रहा था।
 2. क्या उनके द्वारा एक कहानी सुनाई जा रही है?
 3. उसके द्वारा एक पत्र लिखा जा रहा है।

4. आपको कहाँ भेजा जा रहा है?
5. सुनीता द्वारा एक स्वेटर नहीं बुना जा रहा है।
6. मुझे प्लेटफार्म पर ले जाया जा रहा है।
7. मुझे पीटा नहीं जा रहा है।
8. भारी सामान उठाने वाली मशीन (क्रेन) द्वारा डिब्बे को नहीं उठाया जा रहा है।
9. दीवारें किसके द्वारा खराब की जा रही हैं?
10. बगिया (लॉन) की सफाईकर्मों द्वारा तराशा जा रहा है।

Practice For Learning

1. The poor people are being fed by us.
2. Fresh vegetables are being sold by the green grocer.
3. His razor is being sharpened by the barber.
4. Wet clothes are not being wrung by the washerman.
5. The newspaper is not being read by the father.
6. Is the gate being closed by the peon?
7. Lies are not being spoken by us.
8. Are these chairs not being repaired?
9. Why is this play not being broadcaste today?
10. Where are the artists being taken?

Past Continuous Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. The train was being stopped by the guard.
 2. The bus was not being repaired.
 3. The guests were being taken into the drawing room.
 4. The match was not being played at that time.
 5. Sweets were being served there.
 6. Was his field being irrigated by the farmer?
 7. Some toys were not being bought by my uncle.
 8. Who was being praised by you?
 9. Where were the awards being distributed?
 10. Were the children not being served lunch?
- II.
 1. विद्यालय के प्रत्येक बालक को अंग्रेजी पढ़ाई जा रही थी।
 2. रेखा द्वारा एक गाना नहीं गाया जा रहा था।
 3. आपको धन क्यों नहीं दिया जा रहा था?
 4. बत्तियाँ बुझाई नहीं जा रही थीं।

5. वस्त्र धोए जा रहे थे।
6. दुकानदार द्वारा नोट गिने जा रहे थे।
7. क्या मेरे वस्त्रों पर इस्तरी की जा रही थी?
8. नीतू द्वारा फर्श पर झाड़ू नहीं लगाई जा रही थी।
9. कितनी भेड़ों की ऊन काटी जा रही थी?
10. क्या पौधों को ठीक से जल दिया जा रहा था?

Practice For Learning

1. Rewards were being distributed in the school.
2. What was being cooked in the kitchen?
3. Sweets were not being distributed among the children.
4. The letters were being given away by the postman.
5. Magazines and newspapers were not being read, there.
6. The dinner was being enjoyed by the guests.
7. Onions were not being dug by the farmers.
8. Were the horses not being taken to the stable.
9. By whom were the beds being made?
10. Was the luggage bring brought by you.

Present Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. The chief guest has been garlanded.
2. Your money has not been spent by you.
3. Two letters have been written by me.
4. No time has been wasted by the children.
5. To whom has your old scooter been sold?
6. Three thousand rupees have been earned by her.
7. Have the carrots not been dug?
8. Her saree has not been washed by mother.
9. Have all the mangoes been eaten?
10. How many birds have been to the nest?
- II. 1. उन्हें जाने दिया गया है।
2. क्या बालक द्वारा दूध ले लिया गया है?
3. क्या यह समाचारपत्र अनुष्का द्वारा पढ़ लिया गया है?
4. चपरासी को कहाँ भेजा गया है?
5. उसे मेरे द्वारा बुलाया गया है?

6. अंतिम घंटी बजा दी गई है।
7. क्या पौधों की काट-छांट नहीं की गई है?
8. जूतों की मरम्मत नहीं की गई है।
9. उसे मेरे द्वारा पाँच वर्ष से नहीं जाना गया है।
10. हमें कोई फल नहीं दिए गए हैं।

Practice For Learning

1. Has the breakfast been prepared?
2. Your daughter has been admitted to seventh class.
3. Her new suit has not been worn by Jaya.
4. All the mangoes have not ripened till now.
5. All the land has been dug by the farmer.
6. Have all the preparations been made?
7. Their old house has been whitewashed by them.
8. From when have you been known by him?
9. Why has the cow not been fed?
10. Has her hair not been combed by my friend?

Past Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. A distance of four kilometers had been covered by them before sunrise.
2. The train had moved after the guard had waved the flag.
3. We had not bought the Ford car by day before yesterday.
4. Were all the guests seen off before sunset?
5. The tickets were not bought by you before the train departed.
6. Tanuja had combed her hair before leaving for school.
7. We had never gone to that park before.
8. How many pickpockets had been arrested till yesterday?
9. Who had read this book before being borrowed by me?
10. Had any new exploit been done by them earlier?
- II. 1. उन्हें खेलने के लिए भेज दिया गया।
2. क्या सूर्य ढलने तक वृक्ष काट दिया गया था?
3. तब तक आलू नहीं छीले गए थे।
4. मरीज को दवा दे दी गई थी।
5. क्या दुश्मन को हरा दिया गया था?
6. पुलिस पार्टी को कमिश्नर द्वारा पुरस्कृत किया गया था।

7. हमारे द्वारा कभी पहले ताजमहल नहीं देखा गया था।
8. नौकर को कहाँ भेजा गया था?
9. चोर को पहले क्यों गिरफ्तार नहीं किया गया था?
10. पौधों को छाँटने से पहले जल नहीं दिया गया था।

Practice For Learning

1. Windows had been closed by me before the smoke came in.
2. Your shoes had not been repaired by the cobbler before I reached there.
3. He had already been bitten by a mad dog.
4. Such a toy had not seen by us earlier.
5. Four plants had been planted by the gardener before sunrise.
6. Had his shoes not been polished by Naresh till then?
7. Rita's scooter had not been mended by the mechanic by sunset.
8. When had such a fruit been eaten by you earlier?
9. Why had lights not been lighted till 8 o'clock?
10. Had you stopped mischief before the teacher entered the class?

Future Perfect Tense

Test Your Learning

- I.
 1. All the guests will have arrived before the cake was cut.
 2. Will the batter have scored a century before 4 o'clock in the evening?
 3. The gates would have been closed by the peon before 5 o'clock in the evening.
 4. Truth would have been spoken by the accused by tomorrow.
 5. Nothing would have been eaten by them till now.
 6. Two novels would have been written by me before the end of next year.
 7. Your books would not have been returned by me till tomorrow.
 8. Why had their work not been completed by the children till now?
 9. How many books would have been read by Ruchi till now?
 10. Will all the books have been printed by 6 o'clock in the evening?
- II.
 1. तितलियों पर प्रोजेक्ट समाप्त किया जा चुका होगा।
 2. क्या रोगी द्वारा दवा ली जा चुकी होगी?
 3. परीक्षा से पहले सारे पाठ पढ़ाए जा चुके होंगे।
 4. क्या अब तक हमारी टीम स्टेडियम के भीतर प्रवेश कर चुकी होगी?

5. डॉक्टर को वहाँ नहीं भेजा जा चुका होगा।
6. क्या सारे तरीके हमारे द्वारा दिसंबर के अंत तक सीखे जा चुके होंगे?
7. वह कल शाम तक जा चुका होगा।
8. कल मेरे द्वारा पहली बस पकड़ी जा चुकी होगी।
9. कल दोपहर तक धोबी द्वारा सारे वस्त्र धोए नहीं जा चुके होंगे।
10. परसों शाम तक आपकी कार की मरम्मत की जा चुकी होगी।

Practice For Learning

1. Neera will have finished stitching by this day next week.
2. All the ripe mangoes will have been collected by the gardener by sunset.
3. The peon will not have rung the bell till the time you reach the school.
4. Father would have come home by the time we reach it.
5. Your work will have been done by me by 10 o'clock.
6. Will three matches not have been played by our team till day after tomorrow?
7. Their homework had not been completed by the children before going to the park.
8. How many horses will have been bought by them till tomorrow?
9. Why had the thieves not been caught by now?
10. Will the preparations for the function have been completed by now?

Commands or Imperative Sentences

Test Your Learning

- I. 1. You are requested not to go there.
2. Let poor people be always helped.
3. You are requested to sit here.
4. The animals should never be teased.
5. Let the lights be switched on.
6. Let him be told not to play here.
7. Opportunity should never be wasted.
8. Let me be allowed to do my work.
9. Satish should be permitted to buy this toy.
10. Let the fan be switched off when going out.

- II.** 1. अपना कार्य समाप्त करने के पश्चात् वीर को खेलने दिया जाए।
2. आपसे प्रार्थना की जाती है कि मेरी सहायता करें।
3. सदा सत्य बोला जाना चाहिए।
4. कभी झूठ नहीं बोला जाना चाहिए।
5. दरवाजा खोल दिया जाए।
6. उसे कमरे से बाहर निकल जाने के लिए कहा जाए।
7. मेरे कमरे में बलपूर्वक न घुसा जाए।
8. बत्तियाँ बंद कर दी जाए।
9. आपकी जैकेट के बटन बंद किये जाने चाहिए।
10. उन्हें खेलने के पश्चात् आराम करने दिया जाए।

Practice For Learning

1. You are requested to have food.
2. The candle should not be blown out.
3. You are requested to read this letter.
4. Let others not be cheated.
5. Let the outside bulb be switched on.
6. Let them play football.
7. Let your friends be always helped by you.
8. Let this shirt be worn.
9. Let that girl be told not to skip rope.
10. The dog should be tied near the gate.

Miscellaneous Sentences

Test Your Learning

- I.** 1. Are you considered a liar by the teacher?
2. No one was made fun of by Pari.
3. Children should be allowed to play.
4. By whom has this sapling been planted?
5. By whom are you taught English?
6. Vishwas was made the investigator.
7. He could not be proved wrong.
8. Fruits are considered to be good in the whole world.
9. It is believed that this poem has been written by Ghanshyam.
10. It is believed that Sudhanshu was not a criminal.
- II.** 1. मुझसे अंग्रेजी में महारत हासिल की जा सकती है।
2. मुझे उसके द्वारा केक का एक टुकड़ा दिया गया।

3. उसके द्वारा मेरी प्रतीक्षा की जा रही है।
4. आपके द्वारा उससे अनावश्यक प्रश्न क्यों पूछे जा रहे हैं?
5. हमारे द्वारा फुटबॉल खेली जाती थी।
6. इस वृक्ष को दूसरे स्थान पर ले जाना चाहिए।
7. एक वृद्ध व्यक्ति कार द्वारा कुचला गया।
8. इस चक्की में गेहूँ पीसा जाता है।
9. उसे राजा घोषित कर दिया गया।
10. शिक्षक उससे प्रसन्न थे।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. The poor should always be helped.
2. By whom was this letter posted?
3. He cannot be defeated by you.
4. His uncle is considered to be a rich person.
5. Alok's cycle needs to be repaired.
6. It is said that Shraddha is a promising girl.
7. He was helped by us.
8. Lights have not been switched off.
9. He was narrated a story by us.
10. He was found playing in the playground.



Model Test Paper-II

1. 1. Declarative 2. Declarative 3. Interrogative 4. Interrogative
5. Imperative 6. Declarative 7. Exclamatory
2. 1. while 2. though 3. because 4. till
5. but 6. and 7. lest 8. or
9. so 10. wheather
3. 1. **Whose** car is parked in the centre off the road?
2. **When** did you come back from work?
3. **Where** are you going for the vacations this year?
4. **When** are the examinations scheduled for?
5. **What** is your sun sign?
6. **Which** is the best fabric for summer clothing?
7. I miss Nirmal Sir **when** is he coming back?
8. **Which** country does the foreign student belong to?

4. 1. The train had already reached the station.
2. When are the plants watered by the gardner?
3. Please let me go to the orchard.
4. Why have the children not come back from school till now?
5. Never make fun of the poor.
6. At what time will they reach their school?
7. Would that I were a bird!
8. Umesh would not have come back from Meerut by 3 o'clock tomorrow.
9. What have you been doing since morning?
10. It was easy for you to solve this question.
5. 1. वह जब स्टेशन पहुँचेंगे, रेलगाड़ी जा चुकी होगी।
2. फालतु बातों में अपना समय व्यर्थ मत करो।
3. आधे-समय तक उन्होंने कोई गोल नहीं किया था।
4. भगवान करे कि आप सुखी जीवन जिँएँ।
5. उसके छोटे भाई द्वारा बत्ती नहीं बुझाई गई थी।
6. आप दिन में कितनी बार चाय पीते हैं?
7. बच्चा कब से सो रहा है?
8. यह विचित्र है कि आप अभी तक यही हैं।
9. मेरे द्वारा हवा महल पहले ही देख लिया गया था।
10. क्या बाहर अँधेरा हो गया है?



1. Conversation

Do it yourself.



Composition

2. Picture Composition

Test Your Learning

वार्षिक क्रिकेट टूर्नामेंट (प्रतियोगिता)

दिए गए चित्र में दो टीमों के बीच एक क्रिकेट मैच खेला जा रहा है। स्टेडियम दर्शकों से खचाखच भरा है। विकेट के पीछे विकेटकीपर खड़ा है। दो बल्लेबाज क्रीज पर हैं। अंपायर की

ओर से आते हुए गेंदबाज ने गेंद फेंकी है जिस पर बल्लेबाज ने शॉट लगा दिया है। फील्डर गेंद को पकड़ने के लिए दौड़े पड़े हैं।

Annual Cricket Tournament (Competition)

In the given picture, a cricket is being played by two teams. The stadium is crowded with spectators. The wicketkeeper is standing behind the wickets. Two batters are at the crease. Coming from the side of the umpire, the bowler has bowled the ball which has been hit for a shot by the batter. The fielders have run to catch the ball.

Holi Festival

Holi is the festival of colours. It is celebrated with great joy in India. After burning the Holika bonfire, people gather and throw colours at each other. They also sing and enjoy home made sweets. Everybody has fun. But some people spoil the fun by drinking alcohol and fighting.



3. Story Completion

I. A Sage and a mouse

1. One day a sage was praying when a mouse dropped into his lap. The sage took the mouse to his hut and fed him everyday. One day, the mouse came running to the sage.
2. The sage saw that it was running from a cat.
3. So, the sage with his powers, changed the mouse into a cat.
4. After some days the cat came running to the sage as it was afraid of a dog.
5. So, the sage changed it into a dog. Then, one day the dog came running to the sage.
6. Now, the lion was free to move about in the jungle.
7. It wasn't afraid of anybody.
8. One day the lion thought of eating up the sage.
9. He pounced upon the sage while he was praying but the sage noticed him.
10. He changed the lion back into a mouse with his magical powers.

II. Haste Makes Waste

Once there was a hunter. He had a dog who was very faithful. Whenever the hunter used to go away, he left the dog behind as a guard. Once he and his wife, leaving their sleeping child

behind, went to the market. The dog, in order to save the child from any danger, sat by him. Suddenly, on seeing a wolf enter the house, it became alert. Before the wolf could attack and kill the child, that faithful dog pounced on the wolf. Finally, it succeeded in killing the wolf. In the evening, when the hunter came back home with his wife, he found the dog sitting outside the house. But when the owner saw its mouth smeared with blood, he became suspicious; he thought that the dog had killed his child and without thinking, he took out his gun and killed the dog. When he found his child safe in the house and the dead wolf, he understood what would have happened. He realised his folly and cried bitterly.



4. Applications and Letters

1. To inform about loss of books

To

The Librarian,

St. Thomas School

Sardhana

Sir/Madam

This is to inform you that last week, I had got two books issued from the library. The names of the books are :

(i) Livign Grammer Part VII (Author : S.S. Gupta);

(ii) व्याकरण मंजूषा भाग 7 (लेखक : डॉ० शरद जोशी)

The index numbers of the books are Ed/577 and Ed/630.

It is to regrettably inform you that I have lost these books. Even after searching for them, I have not been able to find them.

Please inform me if any student has come forward to submit them.

Thanking you,

Yours obediently

Rahul Kumar

Class : VII C

Dated : XX April, 20XX

2. Letter of Regret

House No : 153/2

Shivam Vihar

Agra

Dated : XX May, 20XX

Dear Kamna

I am very well here and pray to God to grant you the same. Accept my heartiest congratulations for your birthday. I pray that you get lots of happiness on this day. I am sorry to have missed the enjoyment of your birthday function. That day I had high fever and was unable to even walk. I remembered you every moment.

I hope that you did not miss my absence. I promise to visit you as soon as I get well. Please write to me about the function. I am sorry once again and pray for your happy life.

Your well wisher.

Manisha

3. Letter of Advise

मकान संख्या 102/8

सरस्वती विहार, आगरा

दिनांक : XX अगस्त, 20XX

मेरी प्रिय रागिनी,

पिछले माह तुम्हारा प्रेमपूर्ण पत्र प्राप्त हुआ। मैं छात्र संघ के चुनाव में वयस्त थी। मुझे साहित्यिक सचिव चुना गया है और मैं कॉलेज में कवि सम्मेलन, अर्न्तकक्षा वाद-विवाद जैसे अच्छे कार्यक्रम कराना चाहती हूँ।

मेरे पिछले पत्र में मैंने तुम्हें विज्ञान और तकनीक में प्रगति एवं कंप्यूटर शिक्षा के महत्त्व के बारे में बताया था। आज मैं तुम्हें वर्तमान संसार में समाचारपत्र पढ़ने के मूल्य के बारे में बताना चाहती और तुम्हें प्रतिदिन एक-दो समाचारपत्र पढ़ने की सलाह देना चाहती हूँ। वर्तमान समय में प्रत्येक नागरिक, विशेषकर, युवा लड़के-लड़कियों के लिए समाचारपत्र पढ़ना अत्यंत आवश्यक है। हमारा देश प्रजातांत्रिक है जहाँ लोग तथा वोटर वास्तविक शासक हैं। समाचारपत्र हमें शिक्षित करते हैं। वे लोगों की आवाज हैं। वे हमारी राय बनाते हैं तथा सरकार का मार्गदर्शन करते हैं। वे प्रजातंत्र के अभिभावक, स्वतंत्रता व संप्रभुता के प्रहरी तथा लोगों के अधिकारों के लड़ाके होते हैं। उनके समाचार हमें सूचना देते तथा उनके मत हमें प्रबुद्ध करते हैं। इससे इतर, उनके पत्रिका अनुभाग मनोरंजन तथा आनंद के लिए हैं।

मैं चाहती हूँ कि तुम बिना किसी विलंब के, किसी समाचारपत्र लगा कर अपने अगले पत्र में मुझे सूचित करो। तुम्हें मेरी शुभकामनाएँ तथा आस-पास वालों को अभिवादन।

तुम्हारी स्नेहिल,

सुहासिनी



5.

Essays

Test Your Learning

Translate into English :

1. Prize Distribution Function in Your College

Introduction : This year, the prize distribution function in our college was celebrated in a grand manner on 25 February.

Preparation for the programme : The whole building was whitewashed and it was decorated with balloons and beautiful, colourful pictures. A tent and a decorated stage were put up at the prayer ground.

Welcome : Our principal welcomed the chief guest and the other guests.

Programme : Everyone like many programmes such as play, poetry, fancy dress show etc. Our principal read out the annual progress report of the college. Then the chief guest distribution awards to the winners.

Conclusion : After the prize distribution, the chief guest thanked the principal, teachers and the students for honouring him. In the end, our principal thanked the chief guest and all the teacher. They were given a party and sweets were given to us.

2. An Indian Farmer

Introduction : India is an agricultural country. Most of its people live in villages. Their main occupation is agriculture. Indian farmer is generally a simple man.

Clothes and house : Farmers wear *dhoti* and *kurta* of khadi. To do away with the cold in winters, they wrap a blanket around their bodies.

Before independence, they lived in huts or kachcha houses but now they live in pakka houses. Some rich farmers have also made grand buildings.

Education : Old farmers are uneducated by they have complete knowledge of modern agricultural techniques. They know about manures, fertilisers and pesticides and also use them.

Entertainment : In the field of entertainment and recreation too, Indian farmer has moved ahead. In most houses in villages, we can find television and other means of entertainment, just like cities.

Life and improvement : Indian farmers are very hard working. They work in their fields from morning till evening. Farmers are the backbone of our society.

3. The Independence Day Celebration

Introduction : 15 August is called Independence Day. On this day, our country became independent. It is very important day for us. This day is celebrated in our college every year.

Flag-hoisting ceremony : This year, we celebrated Independence Day with great pomp and show. All teachers and students gathered at the prayer-ground. First of all, our college's principal hoisted the national flag. Immediately after it, national anthem was organised and everyone stood at attention.

Speech and song : Then the principal read out a message by Educational Director. He also gave a impressive and powerful speech. Some students also sang patriotic speech. Our English teacher Mr Omveer Gupta threw light on India's freedom struggle.

Conclusion : After the cultural programme, sweets were distributed among the students. On this holy day, we were all happy and gay.

4. Inventions of Science or Wonders of Science

Introduction : This is the age of science. Scientific inventions have made our life easy and comfortable. It serves us as a good servant.

Electricity : Electricity is a boon for humanity. It has changed our life by giving energy to our bulbs, fans, ACs, heaters, microwaves etc. We do not feel extra cold or extra heat. A lot of time is also saved.

Other Services : Science has given us easy and more fast means of transport like train, metro, AC buses, aeroplane, helicopter etc. We finish a journey of many days in some hours. Science has also done surprising work in the fields of entertainment and medicine.

A bad master : We have become a slave to science. We have become so dependent on it that we become inactive in its absence. This way, it works as a bad master.

Conclusion : This way, we see that scientific inventions have become our master rather than serving us. That is why, it is true that science is a good servant but a bad master.

Translate into Hindi :

5. बस द्वारा एक यात्रा

परिचय—मुझे रेलगाड़ी से अधिक बस से यात्रा करना ज्यादा पसंद है। पिछले महीने, गर्मियों के अवकाश में मेरे परिवार ने लखनऊ की यात्रा बस से करने का निर्णय लिया। हमने मेरठ से लखनऊ के लिए डीलक्स बस पकड़ी। बस 5 बजे चल पड़ी।

विवरण—वह गर्मी का प्रातःकाल था। बस के बाहर का दृश्य बहुत सुहावना था। कोयल और अन्य पक्षियों की मधुर ध्वनियाँ सुबह का स्वागत कर रही थीं। बस ड्राइवर बहुत कुशल था। हालांकि बस तेज गति में चल रही थी, यात्रा सुरक्षित थी। हम लगभग तीन घंटे में मुरादाबाद पहुँच गए।

बस स्टैंड पर बस लगभग आधा घंटा रुकी। यात्रियों, ड्राइवर तथा कंडक्टर ने चाय पी। कुछ यात्री बस स्टैंड पर उतर गए तथा कुछ नए यात्री बस में चढ़े। मगर अब बस पूरी तरह नहीं भरी थी। इसलिए सारे यात्री आराम से थे।

उपसंहार—अब गर्मी बढ़ती गई। सूर्य की झुलसाने वाली गर्मी से कोई राहत नहीं थी। हम लगभग चार बजे लखनऊ पहुँचे। मैंने इस बस यात्रा का भरपूर आनंद लिया।

6. चिड़ियाघर की सैर

परिचय—पिछले वर्ष मैं अपने कुछ मित्रों के साथ इंदौर गया। हमने वहाँ चिड़ियाघर देखने का सोचा। चिड़ियाघर वास्तव में एक रोचक और आश्चर्यजनक स्थान है जहाँ हम विभिन्न जंगली जंतु व चिड़ियाघर देख सकते हैं।

विवरण—हम दस बजे के आसपास चिड़ियाघर पहुँचे। इसे विभिन्न भागों में बाँटा गया है। सबसे पहले हमने कुछ हिरण देखे। वहाँ पर एक बारहसिंगा था जिसके छह शाखाओं वाले दो सींग थे। फिर हमने एक सफेद बाघ देखा। वह बहुत शक्तिशाली व हृष्ट-पुष्ट था। हमने वहाँ कुछ बाघ, भालू, गैंडे तथा भेड़िए देखे। इन भयंकर जंगली जीवों को देख कर हमें डर लग गया।

फिर हमने एक वृक्ष से दूसरे पर झूलते व लटकते अनेक बंदर देखे। वे मजाकिया व शैतान थे। फिर हमने अनेक प्रकार के पक्षी देखे। उन्होंने हमें बहुत आनंद दिया। कुछ पक्षी बहुत बड़े थे। दूसरे काफी छोटे व पतले थे। उनके रंग बहुत आकर्षक व चटकीले थे। उनके चमकीले पंखों ने हमारी आँखों को मोह लिया।

उपसंहार—हम चिड़ियाघर में लगभग 5 घंटे तक रहे। यह बहुत अच्छा अनुभव रहा। चिड़ियाघर में आनंद लेने के पश्चात हम अपने ठहरने के स्थान पर वापस आ गए।



Model Paper-III

1. 1. Who teaches you English?
2. Why is Agra famous?
3. He will not have been getting his house whitewashed since Saturday.
4. He has been helped by me.
5. Never go late to school.
2. 1. मेरे द्वारा अंग्रेजी बोली जाती है।
2. क्या आप पिछले पाँच वर्ष से इस स्कूल में नहीं पढ़ रहे हैं?
3. वह यहाँ क्या करेगा?
4. कृपया दरवाजा खोल दें।
5. आपसे प्रार्थना है कि मेरी सहायता करिए।
3. 2. The sage saw that is was running from a cat.
4. After some days, the cat came running to the sage as it was afraid of a dog.
1. One day a sage was praying when a mouse dropped into his lap. The sage took the mouse to his hut and fed him everyday. One day, the mouse came running to the sage.
5. Now, the lion was free to move about in the jungle.
6. It wasn't afraid of anyone.
3. So, the sage with his powers, changed the mouse into a cat.
7. One day the lion thought of eating up the sage.
8. He pounced upon the sage while he was praying but the sage had noticed him.
9. He changed the lion back into a mouse with his magical powers.
4. So, the sage changed it into a dog. Then, one day the dog came running to the sage. It was afraid of a lion. So, the sage changed it into a lion.
4. Complete the application to your Principal, requesting him to make arrangements for regular evening games.

To

The Principal

P.M. College

Aligarh

Respected Sir/Madam

This is to bring to your notice that there are no proper arrangements for regular evening games in our college. Our games teacher does not come on the grounds daily. So there is

no one to issue to us the bats and balls and other equipments. We wait for a long time and then being tired return home. Thus, our time is wasted. It is due to this neglect of games and sports in our institution that our players fail to win laurels in the inter-school tournaments.

You are requested to pay your personal attention to this problem and see that games and sports are no more neglected in our college. Please make the arrangements for the issue of games kit regularly.

Thanking you

Yours obediently

Shivam Dube

Class VII A

Dated : XX April, 20XX

5. **परिचय**—यह विज्ञान का युग है। वैज्ञानिक आविष्कारों ने हमारे जीवन को आसान और आरामदायक बना दिया है। यह एक अच्छे सेवक के समान हमारी सेवा करता है।

विद्युत—विद्युत मानव जाति के लिए एक वरदान है। इसने हमारे बल्ब, ट्यूब लाइट, पंखे, ए०सी०, हीटर, माइक्रोवेव आदि को ऊर्जा देकर हमारे जीवन को ही बदल दिया है। हमें न तो अधिक ठंड लगती है और न गर्मी। ढेर सारे समय की भी बचत होती है।

अन्य सेवाएँ—विज्ञान ने हमें आसान और अधिक तेज साधन यात्रा करने के लिए दिए हैं; जैसे—ट्रेन, मेट्रो, ए०सी० बसें, हवाई जहाज, हेलिकॉप्टर आदि। हम कई दिनों की यात्रा को कुछ ही घंटों में पूरा कर लेते हैं। मनोरंजन और दवाइयों के क्षेत्र में भी विज्ञान ने आश्चर्यजनक कार्य किए हैं।

एक बुरा स्वामी—हम विज्ञान के दास बन गए हैं। हम इस पर इतना अधिक निर्भर करते हैं कि इसकी अनुपस्थिति में हम बिल्कुल निष्क्रिय हो जाते हैं। इस प्रकार, यह एक बुरे स्वामी के रूप में कार्य करता है।

निष्कर्ष—इस प्रकार हम देखते हैं कि विज्ञान के आविष्कार हमारी सेवा करने के बजाए हमारे स्वामी बन गए हैं। इसलिए यह बात सत्य है कि विज्ञान एक अच्छा सेवक किंतु बुरा स्वामी है।

