

Modern Translation & Composition

हिंदी - English

Part **6**

1. Is, Am, Are (Be Verbs)

Test Your Learning

- I.
1. The owl is a nocturnal bird.
 2. The heart is to the left of the body.
 3. She is a promising girl.
 4. Your brother is not punctual.
 5. Are your parents at home?
 6. We are very obedient and faithful.
 7. Cows, buffaloes and oxen are cattle.
 8. Are these toys not yours?
 9. It is very dark outside.
 10. Where is your new shirt?
- II.
1. आज आप कहाँ जा रहे हैं?
 2. मेरी कार अत्यधिक पुरानी है।
 3. वे अपनी दुकान पर है।
 4. हमारे प्रधानाध्यापक एक ईमानदार व्यक्ति हैं।
 5. यह घर बिक्री के लिए है।
 6. क्या आप सत्यवादी हैं?
 7. क्या वह आज अनुपस्थित नहीं है?
 8. आपका गीत मधुर नहीं है।
 9. वे मूर्ख नहीं है।
 10. इसकी क्या आवश्यकता है?

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. What is your notion about this?
2. I am not twelve years old.
3. They are my classmates.
4. Are they in the park?
5. Yash's sister is not slim now.
6. They are altogether.
7. Is Kathmandu the capital of Nepal?
8. They are in the lawn.
9. Is his friend not an honest boy?
10. Is the Earth not round?



2. Was and Were (Be Verbs)

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. Were the monkeys not on the tree?
 2. I was very troubled yesterday.
 3. The farmers were in their fields at that time.
 4. The moon was behind the thick clouds.
 5. Where were you on Monday?
 6. Whose toys were they?
 7. Was the pigeon in its nest at that time?
 8. Why was he angry with you?
 9. The shopkeeper was not a gentle person.
 10. She was seventy years old.
- II.
1. क्या पुलिस आपके लिए मददगार नहीं थी?
 2. वह बहरा नहीं था।
 3. मानसिंह एक डाकू था।
 4. शरारती छात्रों को दंडित किया गया।
 5. क्या आप बैठक में उपस्थित नहीं थे।
 6. वह मेरी सौतेली माँ थी।
 7. क्या आप कल उपस्थित नहीं थे?
 8. नदी गहरी नहीं थी।
 9. मैं आपकी सहायता करने की स्थिति में नहीं था।
 10. वह कुत्ता पागल नहीं था।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. The vase was not on the table.
2. I was in the market with brother.
3. The Sun was behind the clouds at that time.
4. Why were the students not in the class?
5. The grapevine was in a corner of the orchard.
6. They were truthful and honest.
7. Gandhiji was a great man.

8. I was not in the school on Wednesday.
9. Were all the birds in search of food?
10. Who was in my room at that time?



3. Have, Has Had

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. Do these pitchers have water?
 2. Our teacher has an expensive pen.
 3. The farmer had some buffaloes.
 4. What have you done till now?
 5. The poor child had no doll.
 6. The peacock has a beautiful crest on its head.
 7. They had not cycles.
 8. I have my own cycle.
 9. Does Nisha not have three frocks?
 10. Our village has three temples.

- II.
1. मेरे पास एक लाल गुब्बारा है।
 2. आपके पास दो गेंद थीं।
 3. किसान के पास अब कोई गाय नहीं है।
 4. क्या आपके पास कोई जानकारी है?
 5. क्या आपके पास सोने की अँगूठी है?
 6. किसान के पास दो सेहतमंद बैल है।
 7. पायल के पास महँगे गहने थे।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. How many books has the box?
2. We have some pet dogs.
3. I do not have sugar for tea.
4. Had that pitcher no water?
5. Has the patient no honey?
6. The animals do not have wings.
7. Has Mitali some toys?
8. The peacock has beautiful plumes.



Model Paper-I

1. 1. Rohit is so strong that he can lift a table with one hand.
2. Mamta is a slim girl.
3. I am glad that you remembered to invite me to your birthday party.
4. Smoking is bad for health.
5. It is impossible to go to the moon in a helicopter.
2. allow permit error mistake
beautiful pleasant foe enemy
battle war foolish stupid
conquer capture vacant empty
discovery find out wise intelligent
3. 1. Our **principal** is disciplinarian.
2. Are you **right** or left handed?
3. The patient feels himself too **weak** to leave the bed.
4. Please **lend** me some money for a month.
5. The **cattle** were grazing in the field.
4. 1. Autobiography 2. Hunter 3. Widower 4. Dawn 5. Teacher 6. Eatable
5. 1. The owl is a nocturnal bird.
2. Whose book is it?
3. The teacher is not angry with you.
4. The pigeon was not in its nest.
5. That student is not punctual.
6. Is your sister ill?
7. The donkeys have not horns.
8. Where are your woollen clothes?
9. Is the Earth not round?
10. Where was his mother then?
6. 1. आम हमारा राष्ट्रीय फल है।
2. वह कुत्ता हमारा पालतू नहीं था।
3. क्या बिल्ली मेज के नीचे है?
4. बकरियों के दो नुकीले सींग होते हैं।
5. वे घर पर क्यों नहीं थे?
6. गाँधी जी के पास एक बकरी थी।
7. यह दुकान बिकाऊ है।
8. क्या चिकित्सक स्वयं बीमार था?



4. Present Indefinite Tense

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. What do they play in the evening?
 2. Do they want to play in the park?
 3. She does not like tea.
 4. Where do you come from?
 5. When does your sister go to school?
 6. What do you do in the afternoon?
 7. Which book do you like the most?
 8. Which toy attracts you?
 9. Do you go for walk daily in the morning?
 10. What does your father do?
- II.
1. रिकी मधुर गीत गाता है।
 2. बच्चे कभी झूठ नहीं बोलते हैं।
 3. डाकिया पत्र वितरित करता है।
 4. क्या तुम प्रतिदिन टी०वी० पर धारावाहिक देखते हो?
 5. वह अपनी फीस नियमित रूप से देता है।
 6. पक्षी आकाश में उड़ते हैं।
 7. क्या गाय घास नहीं खाती हैं?
 8. क्या आप यहाँ पर किसी की प्रतीक्षा करते हैं?
 9. वह अब इस घर में नहीं रहता है।
 10. आपका भाई क्या करता है?

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Do you eat fruit daily?
2. I read the newspaper every morning.
3. The Earth revolves around the Sun.
4. In which office does he work?
5. Who teaches you Hindi?
6. That miser person never helps the poor.
7. I do not know how to swim.
8. Do you know how to skip rope?

9. We all play in the park.
10. The Sun rises in the east.



5. Past Indefinite Tense

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. Why did you not do your homework?
2. Tanvi wrote two poems and a story.
3. We met your father on Sunday.
4. Did you not sell your old scooter?
5. They went to the park in the afternoon.
6. Did the gardener put fertilizer in the plants?
7. When did those guests leave from here?
8. I did not see anyone there.
9. The students enjoyed the picnic.
10. I ate a banana and two apples.
- II. 1. रखवाले ने चक्कर नहीं लगाये।
2. मेरी माँ ने स्वेटर नहीं बुना।
3. अध्यापक ने मुझसे कविता पढ़ने को कहा।
4. उसने अपने दादा-दादी की सेवा की।
5. मैंने कभी कोई फिल्म नहीं देखी।
6. क्या आप प्रतिदिन टहलने जाते हैं?
7. वह यहाँ कल आया था।
8. उन्होंने फूलों की एक माला बनाई।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Why did you not come on my birthday?
2. We did not buy anything there.
3. The gardener did not water all the plants.
4. Why did the boys make a noise in the class?
5. Did your friends meet you yesterday?
6. He did not invite me.
7. Whom did you give my pen to?
8. The teacher taught a new lesson.



6. Future Indefinite Tense

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. What will you do here?
 2. Will the pedestrian work for some time?
 3. My parents shall come back day after tomorrows.
 4. We shall not go to school today.
 5. They will never make a noise in the class.
 6. What will she do on the roof?
 7. I shall recite a poem on the stage.
 8. The gardener will give fertilizer to plants in the afternoon.
 9. We shall not make fun of him.
 10. Will you eat sweets?

- II.
1. हम अपना कमरा साफ करेगे।
 2. अनंत अँधेरे में बाहर नहीं जाएगा।
 3. क्या बच्चा फिर से रोएगा।
 4. मैं जल्दी उठूँगा।
 5. क्या आप पतंग उड़ाएँगे?
 6. क्या वह ताजी सब्जियाँ खरीदेगा?
 7. वे सदा कड़ा परिश्रम करेगे।
 8. क्या मैं आपकी सहायता नहीं करूँगा?
 9. हम रेलगाड़ी से नहीं जाएँगे।
 10. सोनम एक केक बनाएगी।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Your attempt will be successful.
2. When will you do your homework?
3. He will not read any magazine.
4. Will she make some picture?
5. Kanak will not listen to radio.
6. The boys will present a programme.
7. Where will he celebrate his birthday this time?

8. I shall watch T.V. serial for some time.
9. How many songs will she sing at the party?
10. Will you follow my advice?



7. Present Continuous Tense

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. The stars are twinkling in the sky.
 2. Is he drinking tea?
 3. Some children are swimming in the river.
 4. Where are you going at this time?
 5. Why is the gardener not watering the plants?
 6. The birds are chirping in the orchard.
 7. My aunt is not knitting a sweater for me.
 8. The horse is galloping.
 9. Where is he playing at this time?
 10. We are studying attentively?

- II.
1. पक्षी आकाश में उड़ रहे हैं।
 2. हिरण दौड़ नहीं रहा है।
 3. मछुआरे मछली पकड़ रहे हैं।
 4. मैं दरवाजे पर ताला लगा रहा हूँ।
 5. क्या वे एक गीत गा रहे हैं?
 6. क्या चील वृक्ष के ऊपर से उड़ रही है?
 7. रोनित गाड़ी चला रहा है।
 8. क्या वह पत्र नहीं लिख रहा है?
 9. वे एक कहानी सुना रहे हैं।
 10. मैं संगीत सुन रहा हूँ।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Papa is scolding Monu.
2. Ruchika is skipping rope in the park.
3. She is decorating a doll.
4. I am writing a letter.
5. Why are they pushing that car?
6. The dog is not barking on the stranger.

7. The bear is climbing the tree.
8. Are you not laughing at him?
9. When is your father coming back from Delhi?
10. They are not participating in the race.



8. Past Continuous Tense

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. It was raining heavily.
2. Was Rohan washing his hands?
3. Who was making tea in the kitchen?
4. Were the children not playing with toys?
5. Was the mother making beds for children?
6. The boys were riding cycles.
7. The barber was sharpening his razor.
8. Was the dog barking on the stranger?
9. The Sun was setting in the west.
10. The farmers were digging out potatoes in their fields.
- II. 1. मेरा मित्र मैच खेल रहा था।
2. अध्यापिका हमें व्याकरण पढ़ा रही थीं।
3. मैं टी०वी० पर एक फिल्म नहीं देख रहा था।
4. क्या आप उस समय शतरंज खेल रहे थे?
5. रूबी अपने कॉलेज पैदल जा रही थीं।
6. हम एक कविता याद कर रहे थे।
7. सूर्य पश्चिम में अस्त हो रहा था।
8. क्या धोबी आपके कपड़े धो रहा था?
9. क्या आप नाश्ता कर रहे थे?
10. क्या लोमड़ी अंगूर पकड़ने का प्रयास कर रही थी?

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. The fountain was playing in the park.
2. Some women were drawing water from the well.
3. Which boy was making a noise?
4. Why was the traveller walking fast?

5. Mina was making coffee?
6. The sun was shining brightly in the sky.
7. The lion was having a nap under the tree.
8. Was the tap running?
9. Was mother washing clothes?
10. They were not telling lies.



9. Future Continuous Tense

Text Your Learning

- I.
1. Mohini will be eating a banana.
 2. How will they be helping you?
 3. Will the servant be shutting the windows?
 4. She will not be making a noise.
 5. Will the peon not be ringing the bell?
 6. Will someone be knocking on the door?
 7. You will be playing the flute.
 8. Will the dog be chasing the cat?
 9. She will be lighting the fire to cook food.
 10. Why will she not be taking part in the dance?
- II.
1. बेचने वाला क्या बेच रहा होगा?
 2. सूर्य शाम को नहीं चमक रहा होगा।
 3. लड़के व्यायाम कर रहे होंगे।
 4. कल हम एक परीक्षा दे रहे होंगे।
 5. अध्यापिका सूचनापट्ट पर लिख रही होंगी।
 6. क्या पुलिसवाले बसों को जाँच रहे होंगे?
 7. लोग मेले से लौट रहे होंगे।
 8. तैराक नदी में तैर रहे होंगे।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Aman and Tarun will be swimming in the lake.
2. The farmer will be reaping the crop.
3. The beggar will be shivering with cold.
4. Will the thirsty dog be going towards the river?

5. Now the players will be coming back.
6. Will they not be taking part in the competition?
7. That rich man will be feeding the poor.
8. Will Atul be playing the bongo?
9. Where will children be playing at this time?
10. How many girls will be skipping rope in the park?



10. Present Perfect Tense

- I.**
1. Father has read the newspaper.
 2. They have not won any match.
 3. The child has not drunk the milk.
 4. Has Ruchi broomed the floor?
 5. How have you solved this question?
 6. Why has the visitor taken off his shoes?
 7. Has the peon not rung the bell so far?
 8. We have put on our new clothes.
 9. The bear has escaped from its cage.
 10. Why have you done your work till now?
- II.**
1. क्या उसने आपका उचित प्रकार से भुगतान कर दिया है?
 2. पुलिस ने बदमाश को गिरफ्तार कर लिया है।
 3. हमने यह घर नहीं खरीदा है।
 4. वे वृक्ष के ऊपर चढ़ चुके हैं।
 5. क्या आपने अधिक धन बचा लिया है?
 6. क्या लड़कियों ने नये वस्त्र पहन लिए हैं?
 7. आपके गंदे वस्त्र किसने धोये हैं?
 8. हमने अभी तक चिड़ियाघर नहीं देखा है।
 9. मैंने कभी भी बास्केटबॉल नहीं खेला है।
 10. माँ ने हमारे लिए भोजन पकाया है।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. All the children have come back from the fair.
2. Has that dog bitten you?
3. Priya has not ironed her washed clothes.

4. How has that child cut his finger?
5. I have bought a pair of black shoes.
6. Have you seen the Meena Bazaar of Red Fort?
7. Why has the gardener not weeded cut the field?
8. They have not visited the zoo.
9. Why have you broken these tumblers?
10. Have you cleaned your room?



11. Past Perfect Tense

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. Had you ever sung a song on the stage?
2. The cat had hidden somewhere before Tanvi had closed the kitchen door.
3. He had never seen the Red Fort earlier.
4. The patient recovered after the doctor arrived.
5. Had the patient not recovered before the doctor arrived?
6. The thieves had escaped before the police arrived.
7. Why had the doctor not been called before the patient's condition deteriorated?
8. The labourers had come back home before sunset.
- II. 1. वन अधिकारियों ने अवैध शिकारियों को पकड़ लिया था।
2. क्या आपने उसकी पुस्तक नहीं लौटायी है?
3. क्या अमित ने सारे प्रश्न हल कर लिए हैं?
4. क्या चपरासी ने घंटी देर से बजाई है?
5. मनु ने नृत्य में भाग नहीं लिया था।
6. सर्कस तब तक आरंभ नहीं हुआ था।
7. सारे पौधों को जल नहीं दिया गया था।
8. हमारे घर पहुँचने से पूर्व सूर्य अस्त हो चुका था।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. They had never passed by that path before.
2. We had never seen such a scene before.
3. Had you finished your homework before my arrival?

4. Had you finished your homework before went to the market?
5. Why had she not kept her clothes in the box before left for Delhi.
6. I had bought the ticket before the train arrived.
7. Had Ronit not seen mountain peaks earlier?
8. They had left for school earlier.
9. The gardener had not watered all the plants before sunset.
10. Their team had not scored any run till then.



12. Future Perfect Tense

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. Why shall we have not reached the school before the guard closes the gate?
2. That young man will have spent all his money by next week.
3. She will not have finished her homework by 5 o'clock.
4. Will the watchmaker not have repaired your watch by day after tomorrow?
5. I shall have left for walk before you get up.
6. Will those travellers have reached the station before the train arrives?
7. Will the peon not have rung the bell before you reach the school?
8. The shopkeeper will have sold lots of goods.
- II. 1. मैं आठ बजे तक घर पहुँच चुका होऊँगा।
2. रात होने से पूर्व तेजस गुरुग्राम नहीं पहुँच चुका होगा।
3. मैं तब तक अपना कार्य समाप्त नहीं कर चुका होगा।
4. रेलगाड़ी तब तक स्टेशन से रवाना हो चुकी होगी।
5. डॉक्टर के आने से पूर्व रोगी थोड़ा सा अच्छा हो चुका होगा।
6. क्या विद्या आठ बजे तक सोने जा चुकी होगी?
7. न्यायाधीश ने तब तक निर्णय की घोषणा नहीं की होगी।
8. सोने जाने से पूर्व मैंने अपना गृहकार्य नहीं किया होगा।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Shall we not have reached before father arrives?
2. Had Rinkle not made all the preparations by now?
3. I shall have put on my clothes before you come.

4. The orchard owner will have plucked all the ripe mangoes by tomorrow.
5. I shall have ironed all the clothes before you come home.
6. Will the farmer have sown seeds in his fields by 5 o'clock?
7. Why would the workmen not have whitewashed the whole house till day after tomorrow?
8. All the guests would have come by tomorrow.

□

13. Present Perfect Continuous Tense

- I.**
1. What have been the children doing in the playground for so long?
 2. The flutist has been playing the flute for an hour.
 3. Has the conversation been going on for half an hour?
 4. The mail train has been running continuously for an hour.
 5. Has their computer not been working since morning?
 6. The gardener has not plucking flowers since 6 o'clock.
 7. The girls have been playing with dolls since 2 o'clock.
 8. I have been working here since January, 2015.
- II.**
1. हम यहाँ सारे समय से नहीं खेल रहे हैं।
 2. आधे घंटे से वर्षा हो रही है।
 3. क्या वे सवेरे से क्रिकेट नहीं खेल रहे हैं?
 4. वह तीन दिनों से बुखार से पीड़ित है।
 5. हम चार दिनों के लिए कहीं भी बाहर नहीं जा रहे हैं।
 6. चित्रकार सवेरे से चित्र बना रहा है।
 7. वे दो बजे से पतंग उड़ा रहे हैं।
 8. नंदू दो बजे से कंप्यूटर पर कार्य कर रहा है।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Mukul has been preparing for the party since yesterday.
2. Has he not been helping you since March?
3. Has the function been going on for two hours?
4. For how long have you been knocking on the door?

5. Rita has been helping her mother since 3 o'clock.
6. Rima has been setting her books for half an hour.
7. Have they not been flying kites for an hour?
8. Since when have they been living in this house?
9. Has the child not been crying for half an hour?
10. They are thinking of eating pizza for an hour.



14. Past Perfect Continuous Tense

Text Your Learning

- I.**
1. Vidisha had been learning singing for one month.
 2. Had those tenants been living in this house for fifteen years?
 3. Why had the gardener not been moving the grass since morning?
 4. Amit had been learning swimming for many days.
 5. Why had you not been going to the school for one week?
 6. What had you been doing for the past four days?
 7. Rehana had not been ironing your clothes for one hour.
 8. He had been writing a novel since March, 2015.
 9. I was revising important questions since 8 o'clock.
 10. The labourers had been working for four hours.
- II.**
1. कमल पक्षियों को एक घंटे से खिला रहा था।
 2. लीसा बच्चों को तीन घंटे से पढ़ा रही थी।
 3. आप सवेरे से खेल रहे थे।
 4. हम लंबे समय से इस घर में रहे रहे थे।
 5. वे दो घंटे से पढ़ रहे थे।
 6. आप सवेरे से क्या कर रहे थे?
 7. वर्षा कब से हो रही थी?
 8. आप कई दिनों से अपनी पढ़ाई पर ध्यान नहीं दे रहे थे।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Nisha had been studying for two and half an hour.
2. Had the farmer been irrigating his field for four days?
3. The labourers had been digging that canal for two months.

4. Why had the tap been running for half an hour?
5. I had been learning to play chess for one month.
6. For how long had you been waiting for the guest?
7. Had the horses not been neighing in the stable since 8 o'clock.
8. The dogs had not been barking for half an hour.



15. Future Perfect Continuous Tense

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. They will not have been going to school since Monday.
2. Nikita will have been knitting a sweater for a fortnight.
3. Tinu will not have studying since morning.
4. He will have been travelling since ten in the evening.
5. In which school will she have been studying for two years?
6. Will she have been drawing water from the well for an hour?
7. Will the authorities have been solving their problem for two hours?
8. Will their team not have been practicing for five hours?
- II. 1. रोमा एक घंटे से उसके लिए प्रयास कर रही होगी।
2. वर्षा बारह बजे से हो रही होगी।
3. वे चार बजे से फिल्म देख रहे होंगे।
4. क्या बच्चा तीसरे पहर से सो रहा होगा?
5. वे तीन बजे से क्रीड़ा स्थल क्यों जा रहे होंगे?
6. हम परसों से अतिरिक्त कक्षाओं में भाग ले रहे होंगे।
7. क्या लड़के तीन घंटे से व्याकरण के नियम याद नहीं कर रहे होंगे?
8. वे तीन घंटे से शतरंज खेल रहे होंगे।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. We shall have been travelling for a fortnight.
2. Will the maidservant have been sweeping the room for five minutes.
3. The farmers will have been ploughing their fields for two weeks.

4. Will your brother not have been studying in that school for two years?
5. Will the police not have been pursuing the thieves since morning?
6. Will the goats not have been bleating for an hour?
7. The labourers will not have been whitewashing our house for one week.
8. Will the monkeys be doing mischief on our roof since noon?
9. Which medicine will the patient be taking for one week?
10. Will Nitesh have been learning his lesson since 7 o'clock?

□

16. 'Some' and 'Any'

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. Also get some sweets in lunch.
2. Some boys are playing in the park.
3. He bought some bananas but not any mangoes.
4. Does he have some tops?
5. I shall not have any more tea.
6. I do not have any wheat.
7. Mother, please give me some hot water.
8. He had some money.
9. I have some milk but I have not any sugar.
10. Do you have some old books?
- II. 1. क्या मैं कुछ चीनी ले सकता हूँ?
2. मैंने अपने लिए कुछ बीस मिनट प्रतीक्षा की।
3. रोहित ने कुछ चुटकुले सुनाये।
4. क्या आपके पास कुछ जल है?
5. मेरी माँ ने मुझे कुछ सेब दिये।
6. क्या उनके पास कोई छाते हैं?
7. कोई भी पुस्तक जो आपको पसंद हो ले लो।
8. सुमित को कुछ समय चाहिए था।

Practice For Learning

1. We saw some tigers in the zoo but no any giraffe.
2. They had not any money.

3. Do you have some honey?
4. Buy some sugar from the grocer.
5. Do the children have some toys?
6. I have some ten shirts.
7. Some visitor wants to meet you.
8. The beggar had not any slippers.
9. I do not have any extra pen.
10. We shall buy some more sweets.



17. 'There' (Introductory)

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. There were two boys and three girls in a family.
2. Once there were four schools in our village.
3. Once upon a time there was a wise king.
4. There was no water in the pitcher.
5. There was large rush at the fair.
6. There was a group of mischievous elephants in the forest.
7. There is no map in the class.
8. Once upon a time, there was a landlord.
9. Are there not twelve months in a year?
10. Is there not enough time with you?
- II. 1. पेड़ पर हरी पत्तियाँ हैं।
2. एक समय एक सुंदर रानी थी।
3. एक महीने में तीस दिन होते हैं।
4. छत पर कोई बंदर नहीं है।
5. मैदान में कई खिलाड़ी हैं।
6. सड़क पर बहुत शोर था।
7. यहाँ पर एक बगीचा होता था।
8. टोकरी में केवल छः अमरूद हैं।
9. क्या घर में कोई चोर है?
10. क्या उनके घर में कोई हाथी का बच्चा था?

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. Are there seven days in a week?
2. There was a large number of women in the hall.

3. Is there some water in the glass?
4. There are six hundred boys in the school.
5. There is not any milk in the house.
6. There were five peacocks on the branch.
7. Are there not fifteen days in a fortnight?
8. There were one dozen bananas in my basket.
9. Did it rain heavily yesterday?
10. There were many fish in the lake.



18.

Use of 'It'

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. It was full of happiness to meet her.
 2. It is of no point of go there now.
 3. It is hoped that he will come here tomorrow.
 4. Was it not Saturday day before yesterday?
 5. It is he who should have got the credit.
 6. How much time did it take for you to read this poem?
 7. Is it ten minutes to 9 O'clock?
 8. Will it rain day after tomorrow?
 9. Is it possible to live without air?
 10. It is sin to steal.
- II. 1. मेरी घड़ी में साढ़े सात बजे हैं।
 2. आज बहुत ठंड है।
 3. आज मंगलवार नहीं है।
 4. आज मेरा ग्यारहवाँ जन्मदिन है।
 5. क्या अभी भी शाम है?
 6. कल बहुत गर्मी थी।
 7. किसी को भी प्रसन्न करना बहुत मुश्किल है।
 8. कल अवकाश होगा।
 9. आपकी बहुत उदारता है।
 10. क्या अँधेरा हो रहा है?

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

1. It is raining since morning.
2. It is very important to reach there.
3. It looks as if he is ill.
4. It takes me half an hour to reach the school.
5. Will it be Monday tomorrow?
6. It is easy for you to help him.
7. It was Rohan only who ate the mango.
8. It was a mistake to buy that car.
9. It became dark before we reached home.
10. It was so kind of you to help me.



19. The Passive Voice

Text Your Learning

- I. 1. A 2. P 3. A 4. A 5. P 6. P 7. P 8. A 9. A 10. P
- II. 1. A 2. A 3. P 4. A 5. A 6. A 7. A 8. P
- III. A. 1. The guests will be welcomed by Jaya.
2. The sweets are liked by children.
3. Two songs will not be sung by the singer.
4. The lamp was lit by Sheenu.
5. Is English not learnt by Mani?
6. Was a feast not given by them to the guests?
- B. 1. Why are the windows being closed?
2. No book is being read by Raman.
3. Was a story not being told by the grandmother?
4. Where were the prisoners being sent?
5. A new house was being made there.
6. The host was being thanked by me.
- C. 1. Have four goals been scored by them?
2. All the lights had not been switched on by me.
3. All the buffaloes have been milked by the milkman?
4. Will the gate have been opened before the bell had been rung?
5. A new house will have been bought by my uncle.
6. Lights will have been switched off before you go to sleep.

- IV. A.** 1. अनुज को एक अच्छी कम्पनी द्वारा बुलाया गया।
 2. क्या उसके द्वारा दो पत्र डाक से नहीं भेजे गये?
 3. लड़कों द्वारा आज फुटबॉल नहीं खेला जाती है।
 4. उसके द्वारा एक पत्र लिखा जा रहा है।
 5. उसके द्वारा फल क्यों नहीं परोसे जाएँगे?
 6. रेनु द्वारा एक मधुर गीत गाया गया।
- B.** 1. वस्त्र खरीदे जा रहे थे।
 2. दीवार अच्छी तरह रंगी जा रही है।
 3. पुलिस द्वारा चोरों का पीछा किया जा रहा था।
 4. हमें गणित नहीं पढ़ाया जा रहा है।
 5. आपके द्वारा धन क्यों दिया जा रहा था?
 6. क्या कमरा साफ नहीं किया जा रहा है?
- C.** 1. यह पाठ कल पढ़ाया जा चुका था।
 2. वह साइकिल बेची जा चुकी है।
 3. सूर्योदय से पहले बत्तियाँ बुझाई जा चुकी होंगी।
 4. क्या अतिथियों का स्वागत नहीं किया जा चुका है?
 5. क्या प्रधानाध्यापक द्वारा इनाम दिया जा चुके थे?
 6. क्या उसके द्वारा सारी पुस्तकें खरीदी जा चुकी थीं?

Practice For Learning

- A.** 1. No bird was caught by the fowler.
 2. Is chess not played by you?
 3. The hunter was arrested by the police.
 4. Will all the plants be watered by the gardener?
 5. They shall not be allowed to come inside.
 6. The poor are helped by this institution.
- B.** 1. Goods are being bought by us.
 2. Is the inspection work being completed by you?
 3. Were the dacoits not being chased?
 4. I was not being helped by you.
 5. The house is being whitewashed by us.
 6. My watch was being repaired.
- C.** 1. Have the dacoits been arrested?
 2. Were some kites bought by them before sunset?
 3. My work has been finished by me.
 4. Will the windows had been painted by then?

5. The gate had been opened by the gatekeeper before the peon had rung the bell.
6. That car had been bought by them.



20. The Passive Voice (Contd.)

Text Your Learning

- I. A.** 1. Why was I not called for the meeting?
2. Why are these flood affected people not being helped?
3. How much work was done before sunset?
4. Where has that criminal been taken?
5. By whom will that helpless man be helped?
6. When will the lock be put on the gate?
- B.** 1. Let them do their work.
2. Let the children never play on the roof.
3. Let the tap be closed.
4. Let the lamp be switched on.
5. Let me go outside.
6. Let your homework be always done on time.
- II. A.** 1. अब आशुतोष के द्वारा कौन-सी त्रुटि की गई है?
2. आपके द्वारा कितनी पुस्तकें पढ़ी गई हैं?
3. आपके द्वारा किसकी सहायता की गई है?
4. आपके द्वारा आज सवेरे से क्या किया जा रहा था?
5. आपको किसके द्वारा पिछले वर्ष अंग्रेजी पढ़ाई गई?
- B.** 1. वर्षा को धीमे होने दिया जाए।
2. आपसे प्रार्थना की जाती है कि अपना स्थान ग्रहण करें।
3. एक पानी का गिलास ले आया जाए।
4. बिजली जला दी जाए।
5. इस पत्र को डाक में तुरन्त डाला जाए।

Practice For Learning

Translate into English :

- A.** 1. Where is pineapple not grown?
2. How many students were punished yesterday?

3. How many players will be given prizes?
 4. How many bananas have been bought?
 5. How many windows will have been painted by noon?
 6. By whom was this mirror broken?
 7. Why were you called there?
 8. When will your homework be done?
- B.**
1. Always finish your work on time.
 2. Let not these boys make a noise here.
 3. Help the poor people.
 4. Learn this lesson.
 5. Never make fun of others.
 6. Do not tease helpless animals.



Model Test Paper-II

1. Column A

Ancient
Regular
Vacant
Allow
Beautiful
Honour
Blunder
Harm
Discovery
Journey

Column B

Old
Punctual
Empty
Permit
Handsome
Respect
Mistake
Loss
Invention
Travel

- | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|
| 2. | Begin | End | Absence | Presence |
| | Direct | Indirect | Near | Far |
| | Early | Late | Poor | Rich |
| | Light | Dark | Short | Tall |
| | Permanent | Temporary | Life | Death |

- 3.**
1. You are right, Soleiman is a doctor.
 2. Can you count the hair on your head?
 3. Something is written on the window pane.
 4. The teacher ordered icecream for the whole class.
 5. Let's pray for peace in the world.
 6. This bridge is made of steel.

4. 1. Will Radhika not take anything?
2. He was throwing the ball.
3. They went to Delhi last week.
4. We shall be watching them.
5. We played four matches last week.
6. Have the police not caught any thief?
7. What is the teacher doing?
8. Children reached school after the gate was closed.
9. We shall eat a little icecream.
10. When does Meenakshi go to the office?
5. 1. मैं इस कमरे को साफ करूँगा।
2. वह अपनी फीस नियमित रूप से देता है।
3. हम कल चिड़ियाघर जाएँगे।
4. पक्षी आकाश में उड़ते हैं।
5. वह अपना खेत जोत रहा है।
6. आप कुतुब मीनार देखेंगे।
7. लड़कियाँ वहाँ क्या कर रही थीं?
8. क्या वह पुस्तक नहीं पढ़ रहा होगा?
9. क्या आप किसी की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे हैं?
10. क्या वह अच्छा कर रहा होगा?



Composition

1. Conversation

Do it yourself.



2. Picture Composition

Text Your Learning

Read the following description given in Hindi. Translate it into English with the help of the hints given below :

Solution :

One day, a farmer was ploughing his field. He was sitting on the tractor and driving it himself. Smoke was coming out of the silencer. It was 12 noon. His wife came with the younger son. She had brought his lunch, water and buttermilk. There were many shady trees in the field. The farmer and his family members had their lunch under the trees and the farmer rested for some time. After resting, he used to work again. He ploughed his field till 5 o'clock and then go home.



3. Controlled Composition

Read the following paragraph carefully and understand its meaning. Rewrite the paragraph replacing 'I' by Jitesh or He. Change the Pronouns and Verbs accordingly :

He lives in a village with his wife. He gets up very early in the morning. He goes to the village well to have a wash. He does not use a toothbrush to clean his teeth. He uses a twig from a neem tree instead. After taking bath, he has his breakfast.

After breakfast, he goes to his field. He goes with his bullocks and his woollen plough. After ploughing the field for the whole day, he goes back home with his bullocks.

He does not buy food for his family. He grows it in his field. He also grows some vegetables like potatoes, onions, carrots and radishes. He does not buy clothes with money. He gives some of his wheat and rice to the shopkeeper, and he gives him cloth in exchange there of.



4. Story Completion

See the given pictures carefully and on the basis of these pictures put the sentences in correct order :

1. In a certain forest, there lived a lion.
2. He was very cruel.

3. Everyday, he killed many animals and ate them up.
4. One day the animals held a meeting.
5. The hare decided to teach him a lesson.
6. The old hare had a plan.
7. He went to the lion and told him that another lion had come in the forest.
8. The lion wanted to see him.
9. The clever hare took him to a well and showed him his reflection.
10. The foolish lion thinking him to be another lion jumped into water and got drowned.

Now, translate the story into Hindi in correct order :

1. किसी जंगल में एक शेर रहता था।
2. वह बहुत क्रूर था।
3. प्रतिदिन वह अनेक जानवरों को मार कर खा जाता था।
4. एक दिन जानवरों ने सभा की।
5. खरगोश ने उसे सबक सिखाने की सोची।
6. बूढ़े खरगोश के पास एक योजना थी।
7. वह शेर के पास गया और बोला की जंगल में एक और शेर आ गया है।
8. शेर उसे देखना चाहता था।
9. चालाक खरगोश उसे एक कुएँ पर ले गया और उसकी छाया दिखाई।
10. मूर्ख शेर ने उसे दूसरा शेर समझ कर जल में छलांग लगा दी और डूब गया।

Fill in the blanks with proper English translation of Hindi words which are given in the brackets.

Once two **women** (स्त्रियाँ) came to King Solomon's **court** (दरबार). One of them had a baby in her **lap** (गोद). Each of them **claimed** (दावा करती थीं) that the baby belonged to her. Each said that the other was a **liar** (झूठी) and not the **real** (असली) mother of the baby. King Solomon **thought** (सोचा) for a while and, then, said to his minister, "**Cut** (काट दो) the baby into two and **divide** (बाँट दो) it between the ladies." At this the real mother wept **bitterly** (फूट-फूटकर) and requested, "O King, please don't **kill** (मारो) the baby. Let the other lady have it."

King Solomon's **smiled** (मुस्कराया) and said to that lady, "You are the real mother because only a mother cannot see her child being killed."

Thus, the real mother got her baby. The other woman was sent to **prison** (कारागार).

Now, write some sentences in simple language using the following words :

Once there was a thirsty crow. He flew here and there in search of water. Then he saw a pitcher. But the water was at its bottom. The crow saw some pebbles. He thought of a plan. He dropped the pebbles into the water. The water came up. The crow quenched its thirst. Then it flew away.

Look at the pictures given below and write a paragraph on each of them using the hints given below the picture :

Solution : Once there was an old farmer. He had three lazy sons. The farmer was on his death bed. He called his sons and told them, "There is a treasure hidden in the orchard." The sons asked, "Where is it hidden?" The farmer said, "I don't know the exact place. Dig all over the orchard and get it." The farmer soon died. The sons dug all over the orchard. There was no treasure. The sons rebuked their father. They repented that their labour had gone waste. The next year, they got a very fine crop of apples. They sold it at a high rate and earned a lot of money. They became very rich. They learnt a lesson. Hard work brings much money.



5. Applications and Letters

1. Complete the application to the principal of your school requesting him/her to grant you sick leave for three days.

सेवा में

प्रधानाचार्य जी/प्रधानाचार्या जी

आर०एन० स्कूल

रूड़की

महोदय/महोदया

निवेदन यह है कि मैं कल रात से ज्वर से पीड़ित हूँ। इसलिए मैं विद्यालय आने में असमर्थ हूँ। कृपया मुझे तीन दिन का अवकाश प्रदान करें। आपकी अति कृपा होगी।
धन्यवाद

आपका/आपकी आज्ञाकारी शिष्य/शिष्या

X X X

कक्षा : 6 'स'

दिनांक : XX फरवरी, 20XX

Now, translate it into English :

Solution :

To

The Principal

R.N. School

Roorkee

Sir/Madam

This is to inform you that I have been suffering from fever since last night. So I am unable to come to school.

Kindly grant me leave of absence for three days and oblige me.

Yours,

X X X

Class : 6 'C'

Dated : XX February, 20XX

- 2. Complete the application to the principal of your school requesting him/her to allow you to offer Russian Language in place of German Language.**

To

The Principal

Blooming Buds School

Meerut

Sir/Madam

This is to bring to your notice that I chose German Language as a foreign language at the time of admission. But I am not interested in it any more.

Kindly allow me to choose Russian Language in place of German Language.

Thanking, you,

Yours,

X X X

Class : 8 'B'

Dated : XX March, 20XX

Now, translate into Hindi :

सेवा में

प्रधानाचार्य जी/प्रधानाचार्या जी

ब्लूमिंग बड्स स्कूल

मेरठ

महोदय/महोदया

सविनय निवेदन यह है कि मैंने कक्षा में प्रवेश के समय जर्मन भाषा को विदेशी भाषा के रूप में अध्ययन के लिए चुना था। लेकिन मुझे इसमें रुचि नहीं हो पा रही है।

कृपया मुझे जर्मन भाषा के स्थान पर रूसी भाषा चुनने की स्वीकृति प्रदान करें।

सधन्यवाद!

आपका/आपकी,

X X X

कक्षा : 8 'ब'

दिनांक : XX March, 20XX

Text Your Learning

Complete the application to the Principal of your school requesting him/her for making arrangements for extra-coaching in Maths :

सेवा में

प्रधानाचार्य जी/प्रधानाचार्या जी

सनशाइन स्कूल

खुर्जा

महोदय/महोदया

आपसे प्रार्थना है कि मैं गणित विषय में कमजोर हूँ। यही कारण है कि त्रैमासिक परीक्षा में गणित में अच्छे अंक नहीं पा सका हूँ। मेरी कक्षा के कुछ अन्य विद्यार्थी भी गणित विषय में अतिरिक्त कोचिंग चाहते हैं। हमने अपने माता-पिता से भी अनुमति ले ली है।

कृपया गणित में हमारे लिए अतिरिक्त कोचिंग की व्यवस्था करा दीजिए। हम इसके लिए उपयुक्त शुल्क देने के लिए भी तैयार हैं। हमें इससे निश्चित रूप से सुधार लाने में तथा आगामी परीक्षा में अच्छे अंक प्राप्त करने में सहायता मिलेगी।

सधन्यवाद!

आपका/आपकी आज्ञाकारी शिष्य/शिष्या

X X X

कक्षा : 6 'स'

दिनांक : XX अप्रैल, 20XX

Letters

1. Write a letter in Hindi to your father requesting him to allow to go on a historical tour arranged by your school. Then translate it into English.

कमरा नं० 12

सुभाष हॉस्टल

दिनांक : XX अप्रैल 20XX

प्रिय पिताजी

दिनांक XX अप्रैल 20XX का लिखा आपका पत्र जिसकी मुझे बहुत प्रतीक्षा थी, पाकर अत्यधिक खुशी हुई। हमारे विद्यालय में गर्मियों की छुट्टियों में एक ऐतिहासिक भ्रमण का आयोजन किया जा रहा है। हम दिल्ली जाएँगे। हम कुतुबमीनार और अन्य ऐतिहासिक भवन देखेंगे। कृपया आप मुझे इस भ्रमण में सम्मिलित होने की अनुमति प्रदान करें और मुझे इसकी आवश्यक व्यवस्था हेतु ₹ 2000/- भेज दें।

कृपया मम्मी को मेरा सादर प्रणाम और सोनी को प्यार पहुँचा दें।

आपकी विनम्र अनुमति के लिए उत्साहपूर्वक प्रतीक्षा में।

आपका पुत्र,

X X X

Solution :

Room No. : 12

Subhash Hostel

Dated : XX April, 20XX

My dear Father,

I am glad to receive your much awaited letter of XX April, 20XX.

Our school is organising a historical tour during summer vacation. We'll go to Delhi. We will see the Qutub Minar and other historical buildings. Please allow me to attend this tour and send me ₹ 2000/- to make necessary arrangements for it.

Please convey my best regards to Mummy and love to Soni.
Anxiously waiting for your kind permission.
Your son,
X X X

2. Write a letter to your friend congratulating him on his success in the examination :

मकान नं० 153/2
अकबर रोड, नई दिल्ली
दिनांक : XX सितम्बर, 20XX
मेरे प्रिय शिखर
मैं यहाँ पर अच्छा हूँ और आपके अच्छा ही होने की कामना करता हूँ। मैं यह सुखद समाचार सुनकर बहुत खुश हुआ कि आप वार्षिक परीक्षा में प्रथम श्रेणी से उत्तीर्ण हो गये हो।
आपका आने वाला भविष्य उज्ज्वल हो! मैं आपको इस अपार सफलता के लिए बधाई देता हूँ।
शुभकामनाओं सहित
तुम्हारा शुभचिन्तक
X X X

Solution :

House No : 153/2
Akbar Road
New Delhi
Dated : XX September, 20XX
My dear Shikhar
I'm well here and hope you to be the same.
I am extremely pleased to hear the happy news that you have passed the Annual Examination in first division. You have a bright future ahead. I congratulate you on this grand success.
With best wishes
Yours
X X X

3. Write a letter to your father telling him about your progress in studies (or how you hope to fare in your examination).

Boys Hostel
Room No. 15

Nainital

Dated : XX November, 20XX

Dear Papa

You will be glad to know that I have now been making good progress at my studies. A few months back, I was a little weak in English. But my English teacher is so good that he helps me a lot whenever I feel any difficulty. Now he is taking an extra period to teach us English. Thus, I have made up my deficiency considerably in the subject. As regards other subjects too, I am getting on very well. I got very good marks in these subjects in the Half Yearly Examination. I am working very hard these days. Now I hope will fare well in the Annual Examination. I can even stand first in the class.

Papa, you may now be rest assured that my performance in the examination will be excellent.

With kind regards to Mummy and love to Sachin.

Yours

X X X

Now, translate it into Hindi :

छात्रावास

कमरा नं० 15

नैनीताल

दिनांक : XX नवम्बर, 20XX

प्रिय पिताजी,

आप यह जानकर प्रसन्न होंगे कि मैं पढ़ाई में अच्छी उन्नति कर रहा हूँ। कुछ माह पूर्व तक मैं अंग्रेजी में थोड़ा कमजोर था। किन्तु मेरी अंग्रेजी अध्यापिका इतनी अच्छी है कि वह जब भी मुझे कोई समस्या होती है तो वह मेरी बहुत सहायता करती हैं। अब वह हमें अंग्रेजी पढ़ाने के लिए एक अतिरिक्त घंटा ले रही हैं। इसलिए मैंने इस विषय में अपनी कमी बहुत हद तक पूरी कर ली है। बाकी दूसरे विषयों में अच्छा कर रहा हूँ। अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा में मेरे इन विषयों में बहुत अच्छे अंक आये हैं। अब मैं आशा कर रहा हूँ कि मैं वार्षिक परीक्षा में अच्छा करूँगा। मैं कक्षा में प्रथम भी आ सकता हूँ।

पापा, अब आप निश्चित रहें कि परीक्षा में मेरा प्रदर्शन बढ़िया रहेगा।

माँ को नमस्कार व सचिन को मेरा प्रेम।

आपका

XXX



6.

Essays

Translate into English :

My School OR My College OR an Ideal School

Its Name and Location : The name of my school is Navodaya Vidyalaya, Sardhana. It is an ideal college of Meerut District. It is located at a quiet place.

Its Building : Our school's building is grand and double storeyed. It has fifty rooms and a large hall. It has a large ground. There are beautiful flower beds all around. The college has a large library which has thousands of books on every subject.

Its Principal and Staff Members : Its principal is Mr./Mrs. _____ who is a gentle man/lady. He/she has made the college as it is today. All the teachers of the college are qualified and experienced. They teach us with love and care.

Its Students : There are around two thousand five hundred students in the college. They are honest, hard-working and obedient. They are disciplined.

Discipline and Result : Our college is known for good exam result. The results of High School and Intermediate exams are always around 80 to 90 percent.

Translate into English :

My Favourite Hobby or Gardening

Introduction : Hobby is that work which is done as per one's interest in free time. Hobbies are of many types but I am interested in gardening.

What do I get from this hobby? There are many beds for growing vegetables and some fruit trees in my garden. Green trees and chirping of birds in the mornings and evening give me immense joy.

Why do I like gardening? I like gardening for many reasons. First, I get beautiful flowers, green vegetables and fresh fruits from my garden. Second, it provides me happiness. Third, it provides good exercise to my body and it becomes fit.

What do I do in the garden? There is a small garden around the lawn in my home. I make flower beds in it with a little spade. I also water the plants and weeding.

Epilogue : This way, gardening has become my hobby. It gives me boundless delight.

Translate into English :

An Indian Festival Diwali OR My Favourite Festival

Introduction : Diwali is a very important festival of the Hindus. It is celebrated with great pomp and show in the whole country. This festival is known as the Festival of Lights.

When and why is it celebrated? It is celebrated on Amavasya (New Moon) day in the month of Kartik. Some people believe that on this day, Sri Ramchandra Ji returned to Ayodhya after killing wicked Ravana. Some people believe that on this day, Sri Ramchandra Ji returned to Avodhya after killing wicked Ravana. Some people believe that on this day, Lord Krishna killed the demon Narakasur. Jain people believe that Lord Mahavira attained salvation on this day.

How did I celebrate Diwali this year? This year, I celebrated Diwali with great joy. I helped to clean the house and then got it whitewashed. I decorated it with balloons, beautiful pictures and paper flowers. Around 8 in the night, we worshipped Lakshmi, I lighted some fire-crackers also.

Epilogue : Diwali is a very good festival. On this days, some people drink alcohol and gamble. We should remove these evils.

Translate into Hindi :

क्रिकेट मैच अथवा आपका देखा हुआ कोई मैच

परिचय—क्रिकेट भारत का सबसे लोकप्रिय खेल है। पिछले वर्ष हमारे कॉलेज की टीम ने बी०ए०वी० इण्टर कॉलेज की टीम के विरुद्ध क्रिकेट मैच खेला।

विवरण—मैच समय पर आरंभ हुआ। श्रीमान श्याम व श्रीमान आजाद अंपायर थे। हमारे कप्तान सौरभ ने टॉस जीता। उसने बल्लेबाजी का निर्णय लिया। वह स्वयं सलामी बल्लेबाज की तरह गया। दूसरा सलामी बल्लेबाज राजू था। दोनों खिलाड़ी अच्छा खेले। उन्होंने पचास रन बनाये। कप्तान सौरभ को अंपायर द्वारा रन आउट दे दिया गया। उसके पवैलियन आने के बाद राजू भी अधिक देर तक न टिक पाया। वह विकेट के पीछे लपका गया। विपक्षी टीम के गेंदबाजों ने इतनी अच्छी गेंदबाजी की कि पूरी टीम केवल दो सौ रनों पर आउट हो गई।

अब हमारी टीम क्षेत्ररक्षण को उतरी। विपक्षी टीम बल्लेबाजी करने आई। हमारे गेंदबाजों ने इतनी तेज गेंदबाजी की कि विपक्षी टीम के बल्लेबाज एक के बाद एक आउट होते गये। विपक्षी टीम के कप्तान ने हार टालने के लिए अपना सर्वोत्तम किया लेकिन असफल रहा। वे निराश लग रहे थे।

उपसंहार—इस प्रकार हमारी टीम ने मैच जीत लिया। सबने हमारे कप्तान की प्रशंसा की जिसने इतनी अच्छी बल्लेबाजी व गेंदबाजी की।

रेल द्वारा एक यात्रा

परिचय—पिछले वर्ष गर्मियों की छुट्टियों में मैं अपने परिवार के साथ आगरा गया। 15 जून को हमने रेल द्वारा यात्रा की।

प्लेटफॉर्म का दृश्य—प्लेटफॉर्म पर यात्रियों की भारी भीड़ थी। कुली यात्रियों का सामान ला रहे थे। फेरीवाले फल, मिठाइयाँ व अन्य वस्तुएँ बेच रहे थे। रेल चलने को तैयार थी। हम बड़ी मुश्किल से एक डिब्बे में घुस गये।

डिब्बे के भीतर दृश्य—डिब्बे के अंदर का दृश्य बड़ा रोचक था। कुछ वृद्ध लोग गहरी नींद का आनंद ले रहे थे। कुछ फेरीवाले विभिन्न वस्तुएँ बेच रहे थे। एक भिखारी भीख माँग रहा था।

विभिन्न स्टेशनों पर दृश्य—यात्रा के दौरान रेल मार्ग में पड़ने वाले अनेक स्टेशनों पर रूकी। हमारे डिब्बे में से कुछ यात्री उतरे तथा कुछ नये चढ़े। प्रत्येक स्टेशन पर फेरीवाले फल, मिठाइयाँ आदि बेच रहे थे।

उपसंहार—आगरा पहुँचने में रेल ने पाँच घंटे लिये। हम अपने गंतव्य सुरक्षित पहुँचे तथा ताज को जल्दी-से-जल्दी देखने को उत्सुक थे।



Model Paper-III

1. 1. She has not been studying since last week.
2. We shall be swimming in the river for an hour.
3. Was that fountain not running for an hour?
4. A mouse will be caught by the cat.
5. She is reading a book since two hours.
6. That family did not have a car.
7. Rohan said I will give my book to Anant.
8. Father will not be reading the newspaper since morning.
2. 1. पिछले आधे घंटे से वर्षा हो रही है।
2. सर्कस का शो आरम्भ नहीं हुआ है।
3. कुछ चोर भाग गये हैं।
4. सारे वृक्ष नहीं गिरे हैं।

5. रोगी मर जाता।
 6. मेरे द्वारा दूध नहीं पिया गया।
 7. मैंने कहा, “मैं अपनी पुस्तक पढ़ रहा हूँ।
 8. क्या लड़कियों ने नृत्य प्रस्तुत किया है?
3. Do it yourself.
 4. He lives in a village with his wife. He gets up very early in the morning. He goes to the village well to have a wash. He does not use a toothbrush to clean his teeth. He uses a twig from a neem tree instead. After taking bath, he has his breakfast.
 5.
 1. In a certain forest, there lived a lion.
 2. He was very cruel.
 3. Everyday, he killed many animals and ate them up.
 4. One day the animals held a meeting.
 5. The hare decided to teach him a lesson.
 6. The old hare had a plan.
 7. He went to the lion and told him that another lion had come in the forest.
 8. The lion wanted to see him.
 9. The clever hare took him to a well and showed him his reflection.
 10. The foolish lion thinking him to be another lion jumped into water and got drowned.
 6. Once there was an old farmer. He had three lazy sons. The farmer was on his death bed. He called his sons and told them, “There is a treasure hidden in the orchard.” The sons asked, “Where is it hidden?” The farmer said, “I don’t know the exact place. Dig all over the orchard and get it.” The farmer soon died. The sons dug all over the orchard. There was no treasure. The sons rebuked their father. They repented that their labour had gone waste. The next year, they got a very fine crop of apples. They sold it at a high rate and earned a lot of money. They became very rich. They learnt a lesson. Hard work brings much money.
 7. To,
 The Principal,
 Sun Valley Public School, Vaishali (Ghaziabad)
 Respected Sir/Madam
 It is to respectfully inform you that I am weak in Mathematics. This is the reason why I could not get good marks in maths in quarterly exams. Some

other classmates of mine too need extra coaching in maths. We have also taken permission from our parents.

Please arrange extra coaching in maths for us. We are also ready to give a suitable fees for it. It will certainly help us to improve and get good marks in the coming exams.

Thanking you,

Yours obediently

XXX

Class : III A

Dated : XX January, 20XX

8. 'एक अध्यापक राष्ट्र का निर्माता होता है। वह छात्रों के चरित्र का निर्माण करता है। वह उन्हें अच्छा नागरिक तथा भविष्य का नेता बनाता है। मेरे विद्यालय में अनेक अध्यापक हैं। किन्तु मैं कह सकता हूँ कि मिस आरती एक आदर्श शिक्षक हैं। वह हमें अंग्रेजी पढ़ाती हैं। वह सदा नियमित और समयनिष्ठ होती हैं। वह किसी भी घंटे को छोड़ती नहीं हैं। वह सिद्धान्तों वाली महिला हैं। उनकी अपने विषय पर पकड़ है। वह बड़े ही रोचक तरीके से पढ़ाती हैं। उन्हें अनुशासन प्रिय है अतः वह कठोर हैं। उनके घंटे में सदा पूर्ण शान्ति रहती है।

वे मधुर स्वभाव और अच्छे बर्ताव वाली महिला हैं। वे किसी से नाराज नहीं होती हैं। वह सदा मुस्कराती रहती हैं। वह छात्रों की सहायता करती और उनकी समस्याओं को दूर करती हैं। वह सब छात्रों से मैत्रीपूर्ण हैं। इसलिए सब छात्र उनका सम्मान करते हैं।