



Orchid English Grammar

4

Class-4 Orchid English Grammar

GRAMMAR

1. The Sentence (Kinds)

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
1. (b) Sentence, 2. (a) gives a command, 3. (a) question mark
- II. Rearrange these words to make meaningful sentences. Remember to start with a capital letter and end with a full stop :**
1. The Mohan Nagar Market is closed on Tuesday.
 2. Please walk on the footpath.
 3. Today Sanya finished the essay.
 4. My father found a diamond ring.
 5. The tea is hot.
- III. Read the following sentences and write against each sentence its kind :**
1. Assertive, 2. Assertive, 3. Interrogative, 4. Assertive, 5. Imperative,
 6. Assertive, 7. Imperative, 8. Assertive, 9. Assertive, 10. Assertive,
 11. Interrogative, 12. Assertive, 13. Imperative, 14. Interrogative,
 15. Assertive.
- IV. Change the following questions into statements :**
2. John can climb tall tree.
 3. Those dogs are mad.
 4. You have bought a new car.
 5. That is Mohan's book.
 6. The sun is shining now.
 7. The glass is full of water.
 8. These students are bad.
 9. Hockey is a good game.
 10. It was very hot yesterday.

2. Parts of a Sentence

(Subject and Predicate)

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
1. (b) Noun, 2. (a) a large number of children, 3. (c) the Subject and the Predicate both.
- II. Complete the following sentences by filling in the blanks with the Subject/Predicate parts given in the brackets. You have to put the words in the right order.**
1. **Some white birds** are flying in the sky.
 2. A student **respects his elders**.
 3. **One is his children** is very intelligent.

4. The sun **sets in the west.**
5. **My younger brother** lives in Allahabad.
6. Brave people **fight for their country.**
7. **An old beggar** came to me.
8. My father **bought a new scooter.**

III. Underline the Subject once and the Predicate twice :

1. This tree was planted by my grandfather
P S
2. Ripe mangoes are juicy and sweet.
S P
3. The rain was falling heavily.
S P
4. The rising sun shone brightly.
S P
5. The cat caught a mouse
S P
6. The judge found him guilty.
S P
7. The wind blew very hard.
S P
8. The brown deer ran swiftly.
S P

IV. Add the Subject parts to the Predicate parts given below :

1. **The dog** chased the cat out.
2. **Virat and Hardik** have gone camping to Manali.
3. **They** live near our house.
4. **Saffron, white and green** are the three colours of our national flag.
5. **Varun** found the treasure buried under a tree.

V. Add the Predicate parts to the Subject parts :

1. Computer **is widely used today.**
2. An elephant **is a very big animal.**
3. The student of this class **came first in school games.**
4. Karate and judo **are martial arts.**
5. Honesty and kindness **are two qualities of a good person.**
6. My mother's birthday **is on January 27.**
7. The zip of my jacket **is not working properly.**
8. Mr. Rajnish's sons **were quarrelling with each other.**

VI. Match the Subject with the Predicate :

Subject	Predicate
1. You	(a) eat grass.
2. She	(b) are friends.
3. The parrot	(c) am your friend.
4. The dog	(d) are an intelligent boy.
5. The goats	(e) is a girl.
6. I	(f) delivers the letter.
7. The postman	(g) is green.
8. Mohan and Sohan	(h) is faithful.

3. Use of A, An, The

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (b) Indefinite, 2. (a) Only 'a', 3. (b) 'an', 3. (c) 'the'.

II. Speak the following words and try to understand the sound of the first letter. Then use a or an before these words whichever is correct :

a bag, a banana, an inkpot, a box, an apple,
a month, a mango, a pencil, an ox, an eye,
a fish, a fruit, an elephant, a fox, a dog,
an year, an egg, a hospital, a shirt, a cup,
an ant, a hand, an arrow, a rock, an orange.

III. Fill in the blanks with a or an :

1. an, a, 2. a, 3. a, an, 4. a, 5. a, 6. a, a, 7. an, a, 8. a, an.

IV. Fill in the blanks with a, an or the :

1. The, the, the, 2. a, 3. the, 4. a, an, 5. a, The, 6. a, the, 7. a, the,
8. the, 9. an, The, 16. The, the, the.

4. Parts of Speech

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (a) a Noun, 2. (c) verbs, 3. (b) a Preposition, 4. (b) Conjunctions.

II. Match the column A with Column B :

A	B
1. Adverb	(a) Honest
2. Preposition	(b) She
3. Conjunction	(c) Daily
4. Interjection	(d) In
5. Noun	(e) Because
6. Pronoun	(f) Play
7. Adjective	(g) Girl
8. Verb	(h) Oh!

5. The Noun (Naming Words)

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
1. (a) Capital letter, 2. (b) soldiers, 3. (a) a Material Noun
- II. Complete the following sentences with the correct Nouns from the box :**
1. watchman, 2. hanger, 3. animal, 4. coffee, 5. camel, desert, 6. kid, 7. tree, 8. lamp
- III. Pick out the Proper and Common Nouns in the following sentences and put them against each sentence :**
- | Proper | Common Nouns |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. Vivekanand | saint |
| 2. Sonia | ankle |
| 3. John | toffees |
| 4. Surdas | poet |
| 5. Parker | father |
| 6. the Ramayana | Hindus |
| 7. Cricket | Girls |
| 8. Anita | child |
| 9. Newton | Scientist |
| 10. Delhi | mother |
- IV. Pick out the Abstract Nouns in the following sentences and write them in the space given against each sentence :**
1. recovery, 2. darkness, 3. Death, 4. Greed, 5. joy, 6. honesty, poverty, 8. Success, 9. strength.
- V. Look at the following Collective Nouns. Are they real? Discuss and find out. Put a tick mark (✓) against the ones that are real :**
- | | |
|---|---|
| ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ | ✓ |
- VI. Pick out Material Nouns in the following sentences and write them in the space given against each sentence :**
1. Steel, 2. Milk, 3. silk, 4. Gold, 5. Silver, 6. Iron, 7. flour, 8. milk, 9. steel, 10. nickel.

6. The Pronoun

(Kinds)

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
1. (b) I, 2. (c) his, 3. (b) Demonstrative

II. Pick out the Personal Pronouns in the following sentences and write their Persons :

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. I : First Person | 2. He : Third Person |
| He : Third Person | Our : First Person |
| 3. Its : Third Person | 4. them : Third Person |
| It, its : Third Person | me : First Person |
| 5. He : Third Person | 6. You : Second Person |
| his : Third Person | You, Your : Second Person |
| 7. She : Third Person | 8. They : Third Person |
| She, her : Third Person | They : Third Person |
| | Us : First Person |

III. Read this conversation between Jack and his mother about how he got the magic beans.

Tick (✓) the correct Pronouns :

you, I, It, them, he, me, them, us, them

IV. Fill in the blanks with the proper form of Reflexive Pronouns :

1. himself, 2. myself, 3. yourself, 4. herself, 5. themselves,
6. myself, 7. themselves, 8. yourself.

V. Fill in the blanks with Demonstrative Pronouns :

1. this, 2. This, 3. these, 4. These, 5. This, 6. Those, 7. These, 8. This

VI. Joe has won the Inter-school Drawing and Painting Competition. Nupur is interviewing Joe for the school newspaper. We can hear Joe's answers very well but we cannot hear all the words in Nupur's questions :

What, Who, Who, Whom

VII. Tick (✓) the Pronoun that can replace the word/words within the brackets :

1. (a) He, 2. (a) It, 3. (b) They, 4. (a) her, 5. (a) They

7. Number

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (c) Sheep, 2. (a) one thing, 3. (b) Trousers, 4. (b) deer

II. Write the Singular form of the following Plural Nouns :

Book	Leaf	Foot
Bench	Tomato	Valley
Factory	Piano	Calf

III. Give the Plural form of the following Singular Nouns :

Cocks	Mangoes	Men
Thieves	Monkeys	Watches
Babies	Deer	Photos

IV. Tick (✓) the correct word from the following brackets :

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. locality, flies, | 2. scissors, cloth |
| 3. plates | 4. camels, teeth |
| 5. wolves | 6. books, shelves |
| 7. prizes | 8. ponies, journey |

V. Complete the sentences by writing the Plural of the Nouns in the brackets :

1. watches, 2. foxes, 3. feet, 4. buses, 5. wives, 6. brothers-in-law

8. Gender

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (b) Neuter, 2. (a) Doctor, 3. (c) They

II. Choose the right word from the following brackets :

1. brother, him, 2. landlord, his, 3. woman, She, 4. girl, her,
5. father, his

III. Fill in the blanks with Nouns of the opposite Gender. Choose Noun from the box :

1. actress, 2. cow, 3. goddess, 4. tigress, 5. sister, 6. hero,
7. grandmother, 8. wife, 9. shepherd, 10. waiter, 11. widower,
12. princess

IV. Match the Masculine Gender with the Feminine Gender :

- | A | B |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. Gander | (a) Hen |
| 2. Horse | (b) Goose |
| 3. Cock | (c) Duck |
| 4. Drake | (d) Mare |
| 5. King | (e) Washerwoman |
| 6. Master | (f) Heroine |
| 7. Washerman | (g) Aunt |
| 8. Uncle | (h) Actress |
| 9. Hero | (i) Queen |
| 10. Actor | (j) Mistress |

V. Change the underlined words into the opposite Gender and rewrite the sentences :

1. My neighbour's nephew is a well known actor.
2. The bride is a poetess who writes poems for children.
3. My uncle has a drake, a horse, and a gander on his farm.
4. My brother was asked to play the role of a famous prince.
5. The empress's son is a widower.

9. The Verb

Exercise

I. Fill in the blanks with the correct Verbs from the brackets :

1. is, 2. have, has, 3. was, 4. has, is, 5. knows, 6. like, have, 7. lives,
8. have, 9. is, 10. have, 11. has, 12. am, 13. were

Kinds of Verbs

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (a) a Verb, 2. (b) feed, 3. (b)(a) Transitive Verb.

II. Pick out the Transitive, Intransitive Verbs and the objects in the following sentences :

Transitive Verb	Intransitive Verb	Object
1. writing	—	an essay
2. has		three wheels
3.	has risen	the sun
4. met		me
5. died		beggar
6. bought		a pen, a pencil
7. burnt		shops
8. laughing		girls

III. Fill in the blanks with the correct Verbs from the box :

1. celebrating, 2. caught, 3. stitch, 4. whisper, 5. peeped

IV. Fill the blanks in the following sentences with a suitable Transitive or Intransitive Verb :

1. gives, 2. fought, 3. is, 4. are playing, 5. caught, 6. teaches, 7. run,
8. love, 9. rises, 10. shine, 11. gives, 12. go, 13. sleep, 14. reached,
15. fly, 16. learn

10. Forms of Verb

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (c) four, 2. (a) Go, 3. (b) getting

II. Fill in the blanks and complete the missing forms of the following Verbs :

Put	Put	Put	Putting
Run	Ran	Ran	Running
Sleep	Slept	Slept	Sleeping
Allow	Allowed	Allowed	Allowing
Arise	Arose	Arisen	Arising
Blow	Blew	Blown	Blowing
Buy	Bought	Bought	Buying
Do	Did	Done	Doing

11. Tenses of Verb

(Continuous Tense)

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (a) happening right now, 2. (c) Future Continuous,
3. (a) He is not painting.

II. Change the following sentences into the form as indicated in the brackets :

1. We are **not** living in this house.
2. They **are** teasing the poor.
3. The goat **was** grazing in the field.
4. My sister **will be** cooking food.
5. He **will be** playing chess.
6. They **are** coming tomorrow.
7. It **will be** raining heavily.
8. The sun **is** shining brightly.
9. Were you helping the poor?
10. They **will be** writing a letter.
11. I **was not** laughing.
12. The deer **was** running in the park.
13. They **will be** talking with you.
14. The stars **are** shining.
15. The baby **will be** sleeping in the bed.

12. Tenses of Verb

(Indefinite Tense)

Exercise

1. Present Indefinite Tense

I. Fill in the blanks with the Present Indefinite Tense form of the Verbs given in the brackets :

1. watch, 2. obeys, 3. polishes, 4. speak, 5. swims, 6. rises, 7. play,
8. play, 9. sings, 10. crows, 11. looks, 12. lives.

II. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. Does she love her brothers?
2. You do not play cricket daily.
3. We run a race.
4. Does Raman open his shop at nine?
5. The children do not tease the old man.
6. Does he take wine daily?
7. I do not walk in the open air.
8. He buys apples.

9. Does he catch cold in winter?
10. The baby drinks milk.
11. Suman does not read a novel.
12. The postman comes daily.

2. Past Indefinite Tense

Exercise

I. Fill in the blanks with the Past Indefinite Tense form of the Verbs given in the brackets :

1. ploughed, 2. called, 3. spoke, 4. invited, 5. left, 6. arrested,
7. fought, 8. ended, 9. lived, 10. travelled.

II. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. We **did not** see a good film.
2. **Did** you win the match?
3. The match **started** again.
4. The monkey **did not** run away.
5. **Did** the Doctor examine the patient?
6. **Did** the gardener water the plants?
7. They **remembered** my address.
8. I did not **pluck** these flowers.
9. I **talked** to him yesterday.
10. Did I **see** Red Fort?

3. Future Indefinite Tense

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (a) Simple Future, 2. (c) Simple Past Tense, 3. (a) He did not run fast,
4. (c) is done regularly at present.

II. Fill in the blanks with the Future Indefinite Tense form of the Verbs given in brackets :

1. You **will lose** the match.
2. Mahi **will play** badminton.
3. Meera **will sing** a song.
4. They **will go** for a walk.
5. We **shall clean** our teeth daily.
6. The students **will pay** their fee.
7. The deer **will run** fast.
8. I **shall tell** you a story.
9. She **will stand** near me.
10. The sun **will set** in the west.

III. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets:

1. I **shall not** leave for England.
2. Tomorrow it **will be** Monday.

3. I **shall not** take rest for long.
4. The pigeons **will not** fly in the air.
5. **Will** he get the first prize?
6. **Will** my sister become a captain?
7. They **will not** lose a good chance.
8. **Will** she not consult the doctor?
9. You **will be** late.
10. **Shall we not** bathe in the river?

13. The Adjective

(Kinds)

Kinds of Adjectives

Demonstrative Adjectives

II. Now, find out the Demonstrative Adjectives in the following sentences by asking the question and write them in the blank space :

Question	Demonstrative
1. Who will go on a picnic ?	Those
2. Who make furniture ?	These
3. Whose book is this ?	This
4. Who is a beggar ?	That
5. Who are hungry ?	These
6. Who made this mistake ?	This
7. How will you learn this poem ?	This
8. Whom do I don't talk with ?	This
9. Which dresses are black ?	Those
10. Which pen are mine ?	These

Interrogative Adjectives

III. Pick out the Interrogative Adjective in the following sentences and also write the Noun about which these adjectives ask a questions :

Interrogative Adjective	Noun
1. Which	mountain
2. Which	village
3. What	son
4. Which	town
5. What	colour
6. Which	game
7. Which	pen
8. Whose	brother
9. What	girl
10. Which	house

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (b) Adjectives, 2. (c) Interrogative Adjective, 3. (a) Adjective of Quality

II. Pick out the Adjectives in the following sentences and write the Noun to which it adds something and its kind in the columns of the table given below :

S.No.	Adjective	Its Kind	Noun (to which it adds something)
1.	seven	Number	Week
2.	cold	Quality	nights
3.	little	Quantity	water
4.	these	Demonstrative	hens
5.	Which	Interrogative	book
6.	These	Demonstrative	pens
7.	no	Quantity	friend
8.	Some	Quantity	Jaya
9.	That	Demonstrative	man
10.	Which	Interrogative	book

III. There are Adjectives in Column A and Nouns in Column B. Match the Nouns with their Adjectives and write :

A	B
Adjectives	Nouns
1. Blue	(a) Voice
2. Dark	(b) Shopkeeper
3. Sweet	(c) Sky
4. Sharp	(d) Knife
5. Fresh	(e) Boy
6. Easy	(f) Grass
7. Rich	(g) Rope
8. Long	(h) Night
9. Green	(i) Exercise
10. Clever	(j) Vegetables

IV. Fill in the blanks with the correct Possessive Adjectives. Choose from within the brackets :

1. Its, 2. His, 3. your, 4. Their, 5. my, 6. its, 7. its, 8. Its, 9. Its, 10. Her.

How to Form Degrees of Comparison

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (b) Positive Degree, 2. (b) Superlative Degree, 3. (c) longer.

II. Write the Comparative and Superlative degrees of the following Adjectives :

	Positive	Comparative	Superlative
1.	Bold	Bolder	Boldest
2.	Able	Abler	Ablest
3.	Brave	Braver	Bravest
4.	Useful	More useful	Most useful
5.	Easy	Easier	Easiest
6.	Small	Smaller	Smallest
7.	Many	More	Most
8.	Good	Better	Best
9.	Hot	Hotter	Hottest
10.	Pretty	Prettier	Prettiest

III. Fill in the blanks with the correct Degree of the Adjectives given in the brackets :

1. highest, 2. worse, 3. longest, 4. better, 5. sharper, 6. wiser,
7. biggest, 8. older, 9. taller, 10. cleverest

14. The Adverb

(Kinds)

Exercise

1. Adverbs of Manner

I. Fill in the blanks with appropriate Adverbs of Manner from the box :

1. enthusiastically, 2. frugally, 3. softly, 4. brightly, 5. bravely,
6. constantly, 7. easily, 8. quickly, 9. regularly, 10. fiercely

II. Pick out the Adverbs of Manner in the following sentences and name the Verbs to which they add some meanings :

	Adverb	Verb
2.	truly	spoke
3.	well	done
4.	idly	passes
5.	badly	write
6.	gracefully	danced
7.	painfully	cried
8.	quietly	stood
9.	secretly	came
10.	foolishly	talks

2. Adverbs of Time

Exercise

I. Answer the questions given below using the given proper Adverbs of Time :

1. soon; 2. never; 3. daily; 4. early; 5. tomorrow; 6. late; 7. daily;
8. then; 9. now; 10. today

II. Pick out the Adverbs of Time in the following sentences and name the Verb to which they add something :

	Adverb	Verb
2.	soon	reach
3.	late	arrived
4.	daily	goes
5.	yesterday	went
6.	now	speak
7.	early	gets up
8.	never	tells
9.	now	help
10.	once	saw

3. Adverbs of Place

Exercise

I. There are 11 Adverbs of Place hidden in the grid given below. Circle as many as you can find. One is done for you.

1. UPSTAIRS; 2. HERE; 3. AWAY; 4. OUT; 5. NEARBY; 6. BEHIND; 7. NEAR; 8. DOWN; 9. OFF; 10. OUTSIDE.

II. Pick out the Adverbs of Place in the following sentences and name the Verbs to which they add something. One has been done for you.

	Adverb	Verb
2.	away	Go
3.	down	comes
4.	ahead	went
5.	down	looked
6.	everywhere	looked
7.	everywhere	is
8.	inside	sleeping
9.	here	stops
10.	upstairs	going

4. Adverbs of Degree

Exercise

I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. (b) Adverbs, 2. (a) Manner, 3. (b) Place, 4. (b) Degree

II. Pick out the Adverbs of Degree in the following sentences and name the word which they modify :

	Adverb	Verb/Adverb/Adjective
2.	prepared	fully
3.	angry	almost
4.	busy	rather
5.	fast	too
6.	beautiful	very

7.	glad	so
8.	pretty	well
9.	foolish	quite
10.	quickly	very

15. The Preposition

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
 1. (a) Prepositions, 2. (b) up, 3. (c) on, 4. (b) a Preposition
- II. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with correct Prepositions from those given in the brackets :**
 1. to, 2. under, 3. into, 4. into, 5. out of, 6. to, 7. on, 8. in, 9. with, 10. with
- III. Complete these sentences using the correct Prepositions within the brackets :**
 1. behind, 2. on, 3. between, 4. for, with, 5. under, 6. down, 7. in, 8. across, 9. into, 10. to
- IV. Fill in the blanks using in, on or at. One has been done for you.**
 2. in, 3. on, 4. in, 5. at, 6. in, 7. on, 8. in, 9. at, 10. in, 11. in, 12. in, 13. at, 14. in, 15. in.

16. The Conjunction

(Joining Words)

Exercise

- I. Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
 1. (b) Conjunctions, 2. (c) because, 3. (a) so, 4. (b) and, 5. (c) but
- II. Fill in the blanks with the Conjunctions from the box :**
 1. so, 2. because, 3. but, 4. and, 5. or, 6. since, 7. if, 8. while, 9. as, 10. because
- III. Tick (✓) the correct word to complete the following sentences :**
 1. because, 2. and, 3. because, 4. and, 5. but, 6. so, 7. because, 8. or
- IV. Join each pair of sentences using 'and, but, so, or, because'. Rewrite the new sentence in the space given. When you join the sentences, remember to remove extra full stops and capital letters :**
 2. They wanted to buy some mangoes but there weren't any in the market.
 3. Fresh juicy mangoes are not available in January because they don't grow in winter.

4. I can have some juice or I can have some milkshake.
5. There is no milk in the refrigerator so I am making some lemonade for you.
6. The food was delicious but I couldn't eat much.
7. Amina ate a mango and an apple.
8. We can play chess or we can play carrom board.
9. I had fever so I took the day off.

17. The Interjection

Exercise

- I. **Pick out the Interjections in the following sentences and write them in the blank spaces :**
 1. Hurrah!, 2. Alas!, 3. Bravo!, 4. Alas!, 5. Ah!
- II. **Use the Interjections given below to begin each of the following sentences :**
 1. Alas!, 2. Oh!, 3. Bravo!, 4. Hurrah!, 5. Hello!

18. Capital Letters and Punctuation

Exercise

- I. **Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
 1. (a) Comma, 2. (b) Punctuation, 3. (b) Full Stop, 4. (c) Inverted Commas
- II. **Rewrite the following sentences after using Capital letters and marks of Punctuation where necessary :**
 1. He said, "I am ill."
 2. What game do you play?
 3. I can read English and Urdu.
 4. Many saints live in Haridwar.
 5. Lucknow is the capital of Uttar Pradesh.
 6. What is your father?
 7. I bought notebook, pencil and eraser.
 8. They shall go to Manali in June.
 9. Is your brother a teacher?
 10. I saw the Qutub Minar in Delhi.

19. Active and Passive Voice

Exercise

- I. **Tick (✓) the correct answer : (Multiple Choice Questions)**
 1. (c) sung, 2. (b) An egg is being eaten by Nitin, 3. (b) is being painted, 4. (c) Past Participle

II. Change the following sentences into Passive Voice :

1. A gift was sent by them.
2. A match will be played by me.
3. The earthen lamps were being lighted by them.
4. Chess is played by us daily.
5. An egg is being eaten by him.
6. A letter was written by Mayank.
7. A table will be made by Raman.
8. An orange shall be eaten by me.
9. A tiger was killed by the hunter.
10. A song was sung by Joya.
11. He was called by you.
12. A bicycle was being bought by me.
13. Tomatoes will be eaten by her.
14. A picture is being seen by Mona.
15. Maths is taught by him.

III. Change the following sentences into Active Voice :

1. I am washing the clothes.
2. The boys will do this exercise.
3. The peon was cleaning the chairs.
4. My mother loves me.
5. Great men do great things.
6. The teacher teaches English.
7. The police does not search the thieves.
8. He plays a match.
9. Ved Vyas wrote the Mahabharata.
10. Swati sang a song.
11. Sohan eats cakes.
12. The father beat the boy.
13. The teacher will praise Mona.
14. The mechanic repaired the car.
15. The servant is painting the wall.
16. I was learning the new lesson.
17. He is locking the door.
18. My father is writing many books.
19. The goat eats the grass.
20. He lighted a candle.

COMPOSITION

1. Greetings, Farewells and Congratulations

Things to Remember

2. Conversation

Exercise

Answer the following questions :

1. My name is
2. My father's name is
3. teaches us English.
4. is my best friend.
5. I live in
6. The sun set in the west.
7. I get up at o'clock in the morning.
8. I go to sleep at 9 o'clock.
9. I come to school by bus.
10. I have books.
11. I read in Class IV.
12. The T.V. programme I like are
13. I am son.
14. I was absent yesterday because it was raining.
15. I play with my friends in the evening.

3. Picture Composition

Exercise for Practice

2. The Taj Mahal



Look at the picture given below and answer the question in three paragraphs A, B and C. Few hints for your answers are given below :

- A. I see a monument in this picture.
The name of this building is the Taj Mahal.
Shahjahan built this building for his wife Mumtaz Mahal.
This building is in Agra. It stands on the banks of Yamuna.
- B. This building stands on high platform. I see four minarets in it.
These minarets are located on the corners. The Taj Mahal is built of white marble. It looks most beautiful in full moon light.
- C. I see two graves inside the building, Mumtaz Mahal and Shahjahan are buried in these graves. Yes, the visitors from other countries also came to see it. Yes, I like this building very much.

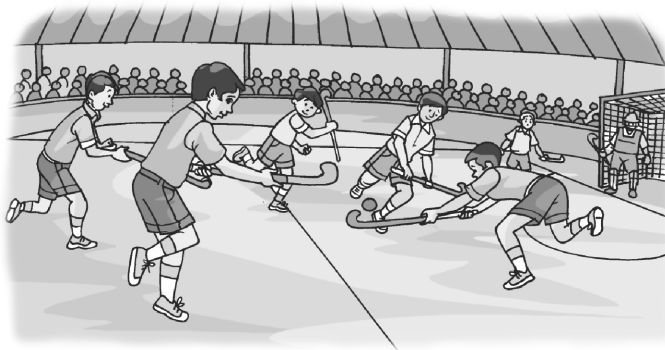
3. Railway Station



Look at the picture given above. Write three short paragraphs with the help of this picture and the questions given below :

- A. This is Agra station. It is platform number 2. We see passengers, coolies and a guard on the platform. I see one hawker on the platform. They are selling different types of food items.
- B. Yes, a train is on the platform. No, it is not moving. A number of passengers are looking out of the windows. The passengers are entering in the compartment. The guard is talking to a passenger.
- C. Coolies are carrying the luggage of passengers. Yes, they charge money from passengers. The coolie is wearing a red *kurta* and white *pyjamas*. After 10 minutes, the train will depart.

4. A Hockey Match

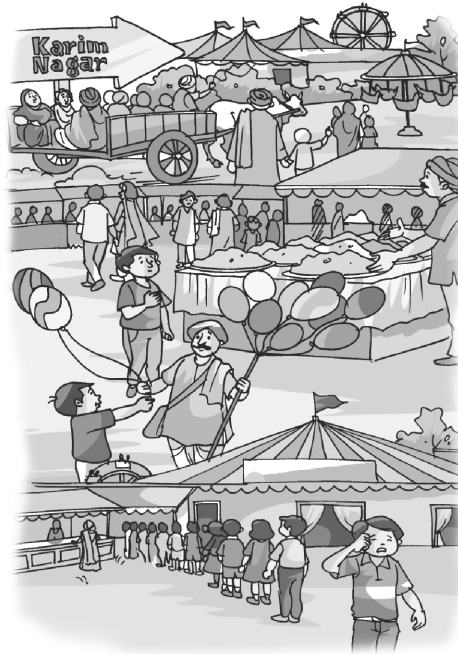


Look at the picture given above and answer the questions in four paragraphs A, B, C and D.

- A. Yes, hockey is my favourite game. I played a hockey match last Sunday. Team A and B played the match. The match was played on school's playground.
- B. Ramesh was the captain of our team. Mr. Rajesh was the referee. Our team's dress was yellow t-shirt and blue shorts. Other team's dress was blue t-shirts and red shorts.
- C. The match started at 5.00 p.m. Both the teams were playing equally well to win the match.
At the interval the score was tied at 1-1. Nearly 150 people enjoyed the match.
- C. Team A played well after interval.
Two goals had been scored by our team. At the end of the second half, the referee blew a long whistle. Our team had won the match by 3-1 margin.

5. A Village Fair

Look at the picture given alongside and answer the questions given about each picture. Thus write four paragraphs on a Village Fair.

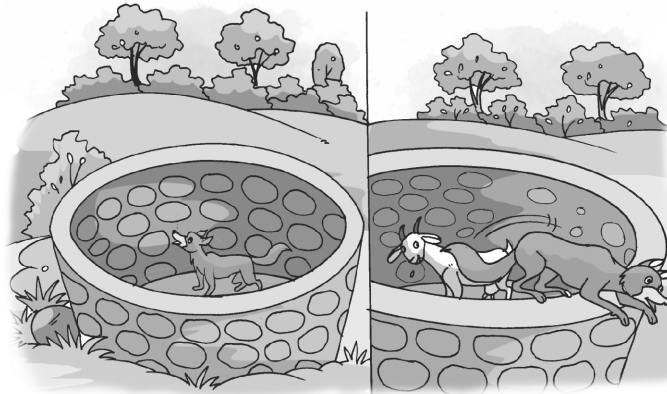


- A. The name of the village is Karim Nagar. The people are going by bullock cart while some are also walking. They are going to see the village fair. The fair is held in Karim Nagar. The children are fond of seeing the fair.
- B. The child is standing near a sweet shop. He is standing there to buy sweets. His parents have gone far because he was busy looking at the sweets. They do not buy sweets for him because the sweets are uncovered.
- C. The picture shows different people, food stalls, sweet -seller and balloon-seller. The man is selling balloons. The man is carrying balloons on the stick. The child is buying balloons from the balloon-seller.
- C. 1. This picture shows a large crowd entering the circus.
It also shows a crying child.
2. The child wants his parents.
3. He is looking behind for his parents.
4. His parents are somewhere on the fair grounds.

4. Story-Completion

I. Look at the pictures and complete the stories with the help of the words given at the end of each story.

1. Clever Fox



Once a fox fell into a **shallow** well. He **tried** again and again to come out but **failed**. Now he was **helpless**. By chance a thirsty **goat** came up there in **search** of water. She **looked** into the well. The goat said to the fox, "What are you doing, friend?" The fox said, "I am here to **drink** cool and sweet water. If you like, you may come down and enjoy the same." The goat **jumped** into the well in order

to **quench** her thirst. The fox took **advantage** of the goat's presence. He jumped on to her **back** and came **out** of the well. The goat could not come out of it. After a few days she **died** there.

2. Kindness Rewarded



Once, there were two soldiers. Each had a fine **horse**. One soldier took great **care** of his horse. He treated it very **kindly**. The second was quite **cruel**. He used to **maltreat** his horse.

Once, the two soldiers were **wounded** badly in a battle. They lay on the battle field **senseless**. The horse of the **kind** soldier caught its master by the belt. It carried him away to his **camp**. But the other horse **kicked** its master. He remained there. The horse **returned** to the camp without its master. The **enemy** came there and **killed** him.

3. A Faithful Dog



There was a little boy. His **name** was Raman. He had a pet **dog**. Its name was Moti. One day Raman and Moti were playing near a **river**. The river was in **spate**. By chance Raman **fell** into the river. Moti **jumped** into the water. It **caught** Raman's shirt with its teeth. It **pulled** him out of the water. Raman was **happy**. He **patted** the dog on its back. The dog had **saved** him.

II. Rearrange the sentences given below to make a meaningful story and give it a suitable title :

1. A farmer had a goose. It laid a golden egg everyday.
2. The farmer used to sell the golden egg everyday to get money.
3. Due to this, the farmer became rich.
4. But, the farmer grew impatient.
5. He wanted to have all the golden eggs at once rather than waiting for one everyday.
6. So, he killed the goose but on opening its stomach, he found no egg.
7. So, the farmer, because of his greed, was left with no golden egg.

5. Essays

2. A Journey By Bus

1. Last year I went to Agra by bus.
2. The bus arrived at the bus stand at 9 a.m.
3. There was great rush in the bus.
4. I got a seat in the bus.
5. The bus stopped at several stops on the way.
6. It was running at the speed of 50 km per hour.
7. On both the sides, there were trees and lush green fields.
8. They looked as if they were running away from us.
9. Our journey was very enjoyable.
10. I reached Agra at 6 p.m. in the evening.



4. Pandit Nehru

1. Pandit Nehru was the first Prime Minister of India.
2. His full name was Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.
3. He was born in a very rich family on 14th November, 1889 in Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.
4. His father Motilal Nehru was a lawyer.



5. At the age of 15 years, he went to England for higher education.
6. He fought for India's freedom.
7. Children lovingly called him 'Chacha Nehru'.
8. Every year, his birthday is celebrated as 'Children Day'.
9. Along with Gandhiji, Pandit Nehru participated in freedom movement.
10. His efforts help India to achieve freedom on 15th August, 1947.

6. Your Father

1. Shri is my father.
2. He is forty years old.
3. He is an engineer in a company.
4. He reaches the office at 10 o'clock.
5. He comes back at 6 o'clock in the evening.
6. He works hard in his office.
7. He does technical work at the office.
8. He treats all his assistants well.
9. His employer is happy with him.
10. He is a thorough gentleman.



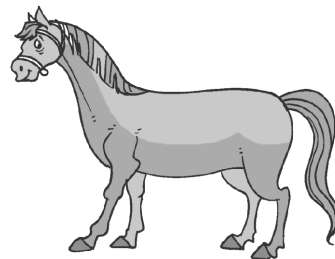
8. The Watchman

1. The watchman is a security guard.
2. He guards homes and shops.
3. He guards usually at night.
4. He wears a khaki uniform.
5. He has a torch and stick.
6. He takes no holidays.
7. He does his duty, whatever the weather may be.
8. He may be armed or unarmed.
9. He is very honest man.
10. He is low paid employee.



10. The Horse

1. The horse is a tame animal.
2. It is very strong and tall animal.
3. It has four legs, two eyes and two ears.
4. It has a hairy tail.
5. It may be black, brown or white in colour.
6. It eats grass, hay and gram.
7. It carries heavy loads.



8. It also pulls carts.
9. It is used in army also.
10. It is a very faithful animal.

6. Applications

Things to remember

7. Letters

Things to remember

8. Comprehension (Unseen Passages)

I. Match these words from the story with their meanings :

- | A | | B |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1. Snug | → | (a) thin |
| 2. Bud | → | (b) opened up |
| 3. Trickled | → | (c) not having enough space |
| 4. Slender | → | (d) warm and comfortable |
| 5. Cramped | → | (e) the part of a plant that grows into a flower |
| 6. Unfolded | → | (f) flowed slowly in a thin line |

II. Answer these questions :

1. A snowdrop is a flower that grows in cold areas.
2. Snowdrop's home was a snow-covered ground.
3. "Come in!" The flower said this to slender sunbeam.
4. The slender sunbeam made it easy for the flower to shoot up from under the snow.
5. The snowdrop bloomed in the spring. When it bloomed, its petals were pure white and had green stripes. The flower stood gracefully as if wearing a white dress.

An Indian Elephant

I. Tick (✓) the correct option to complete these sentences :

1. (b) hard work, 2. (c) behind the elephant's ears, 3. (a) softly.

II. Answer the questions :

1. The owner guides the elephant in his work.
2. The owner speaks to him in a quiet tone so elephant doesn't feel lonely.
3. The elephant goes to water after hard days's work.
4. The elephant goes to the water to wash the mud off.
5. The elephant sprays water by its trunk.

GENERAL VOCABULARY

1. Useful Vocabulary

1. Animals, Birds and Insects

I. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with suitable names of animals :

1. Giraffe, 2. Sheep, 3. Horse, 4. Dog, 5. Camel, 6. Cow, 7. Lion, 8. Fish, 9. Blue whale, 10. Monkey

II. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the names of birds or insects :

1. Hen, 2. Butterfly, 3. Ant, 4. Owl, 5. Parrot, 6. Pigeon, 7. Fish, 8. Peacock

2. Persons and Relations

Exercise

Some questions are given below. Read them and answer who does the given work :

1. The peon rings the bell.
2. The king rules the kingdom.
3. The teacher teaches the students.
4. The thief stole my watch.
5. The queen is the wife of a king.
6. The watchman watches our house or shop.
7. The nurse looks after the patients.
8. The barber trims the hair.
9. The advocate fights the cases in the court.
10. The postman brings our letters and parcels.

3. Fruits and Vegetables

Exercise

I. Complete the names of the vegetables given below :

1. Tomato, 2. Lemon, 3. Garlic, 4. Carrot, 5. Peas, 6. Potato, 7. Turnip, 8. Ginger, 9. Onion, 10. Chilli, 11. Bean, 12. Mint.

II. Complete the names of the fruits given below :

1. Coconut, 2. Mango, 3. Pear, 4. Papaya, 5. Grapes, 6. Fig, 7. Banana, 8. Apple, 9. Cucumber, 10. Guava, 11. Orange, 12. Plum.

4. Miscellaneous

Exercise

Complete the names of things and places given below :

1. Compass, 2. Socks, 3. Biscuit, 4. Handkerchief, 5. Library, 6. Hospital, 7. Needle, 8. Dictionary, 9. Picnic, 10. Stationery, 11. Lunch, 12. Trousers, 13. Kitchen, 14. Scissors, 15. Dinner, 16. Wheat, 17. Gloves, 18. Circus

2. Antonyms

Exercise

Write the antonyms of the following words :

Clean	Foolish	Night	Empty
Direct	Small	Down	Birth
Brave	Unwise	Fat	Early

3. Synonyms

Match the words given under 'A' with their synonyms given under 'B' :

'A'		'B'
1. Catch	→	(a) Present
2. Stupid	→	(b) Hard
3. Difficult	→	(c) Crime
4. Gift	→	(d) Hold
5. Sin	→	(e) Action
6. Deed	→	(f) Inquire
7. Ask	→	(g) Foolish

4. Homonyms

Exercise

I. Some words are given below. Write against each the name of the Parts of Speech. The first one is done for you.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 2. Bad = Adjective | 3. Deer = Noun |
| Bed = Noun | Dear = Adjective |
| 4. Fair = Adjective | 5. Heart = Noun |
| Fare = Noun | Hurt = Adjective |
| 6. Pray = Verb | 7. Weak = Adjective |
| Pray = Noun | Week = Noun |

II. Use the following words in your sentences so as to make their meanings clear :

1. The ship is going to sail next month.
2. The sale of sarees is in this week.
3. There were no brakes in his car.
4. The child will break the toy.
5. Many people die of cancer every year.
6. Don't dye your hair.
7. His hair are black and curly.
8. The hare runs fast.
9. The cattle are grazing in the field.
10. Put the kettle on gas *chulha*.

□